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SULTAN MUST COME ACROSS WITH CASH

American Demands Couched in Peremptory Terms.

TIME LIMIT IS NOT FIXED

Demand Has Created Great Impression Upon the Porte.

TURKEY IS SOMEWHAT SURPRISED

United States' Firm Stand Proves a Revelation to the Turkish Government, Which Thought To Buy Off Under Cover.

Constantinople, April 26.—The American note handed to the Turkish minister of foreign affairs, Tewfik Pasha, on Tuesday, is couched in peremptory terms demanding immediate payment of the indemnity several times promised to Minister Straus by the sultan. The note does not fix a time limit for an answer, but its tenor is not far from the character of an ultimatum. It has produced a great impression upon the porte, which, however, shows no disposition to modify the attitude hitherto maintained, namely, repudiating the responsibility and seeking to diminish the importance of the matter. It is presumed that the porte's reply will be in this sense; and hence it is feared the United States government will be obliged to take steps to enforce its demands.

Turkey's decision to send an officer to America to study naval construction is interpreted to be another sop. It is the revival of an old project to buy a cruiser in the United States in the price of which the indemnity shall be included, so that the porte will be able to say it has not paid the indemnity. The American government has already categorically refused such a compromise, which would mean prolonged negotiations and the dragging out of the matter indefinitely, to which the United States will not listen. As regards the indemnity, it is in the nature of a debt of honor. If the porte wants to buy a cruiser, that is a matter in no way connected with the indemnity.

The porte's reply to the last collective note on the subject of duties has not been made; and the embassies are exchanging views in regard to the terms on which to consent an increase of duty. It is thought that before the beginning of negotiations the embassies will invite the porte to abolish ransoms and measures adopted in violation of treaties.

NEEDS NO DIRECT INSTRUCTION

Griscom Has Been Pushing Claims of His Own Volition.

Washington, April 27.—Beyond the statement that Mr. Griscom, the United States charge d'affaires at Constantinople, has been instructed to press vigorously for the payment of the American claims for indemnity, the officials here decline to divulge the nature of his instructions. They say that Mr. Griscom does not need express instructions to forward the claims for he has of his own volition taken a rather advanced attitude in this matter, and the presentations he is now making, though this time by express instructions, are in no respect more peremptory than his own preceding deliveries to the Turkish government.

Novel though the proposition was from a diplomatic standpoint, yet it is learned to be true that the effort was made by the porte to pay this American claim under cover of an order for a warship to be built in the United States for Turkey. The reasons for the failure of the project were several. The United States government has no warships for sale, and is not authorized to build any for foreign order. There is no warrant of law for entering into arrangement with a private ship building concern for the collection of an international obligation in the manner proposed. Lastly, judging by the experience of concerns that have had dealings with the Turkish government, any ship builder accepting an order from Turkey would require a guarantee from the United States government, and the net result of the transaction might be the assumption by the United States of an obligation as much larger than the original claims as the price of a battleship exceeds the $90,000. Even if these obstacles were overcome, the scheme would be an utter failure as far as concerns the accomplishment of the prime object, namely the secret payment to the United States of the indemnity, with a view to avoiding demands from other nations for settlement of their claims, for under our open methods of business, the transaction would have to be a matter of official record.

One effect of this sudden application of pressure upon Turkey is a renewal of the applications from American holders of other claims against Turkey for a presentation of their cases. Save the missionary claims, the $90,000 indemnity contains only one small allotment of about $5,000 for the benefit of the family of the bicyclist Lenz who was killed in Turkey while making a circuit of the globe. But it is believed that however well founded the outstanding claims may be, the present time is not regarded as propitious for urging them upon the attention of the porte, as it is expected that nothing will be done to divert the negotiations from these missionary claims as the main issue.

FINAL REPORT COMES MONDAY.

Grand Jury Has Heard Over 100 Witnesses in Goebel Case.

Frankfort, Ky., April 27.—The Franklin county grand jury completed its labors today, but its final report will not be made till Monday. Over 100 witnesses were examined in connection with the Goebel assassination case. It is unofficially stated that the indictment said to have been found against Taylor will be entered on record then. The hearing on the motion for bail in the cases of Powers, Youtsey, Culton, Davis and other alleged accessories promises to bring out the substance of the evidence in the possession of both the prosecution and the defense. Over 100 witnesses have been summoned and the hearing will take up all of the week. W. H. Culton, one of the defendants, notified his attorneys today that he prefers a trial in this county and will not join in the petition of the other accused parties who have applied for a change of venue on the ground that it is impossible to get a fair trial in this community because of political passion and prejudice.

TAYLOR IS READY TO RETURN.

Republican Wires Commonwealth's Attorney at Frankfort.

Frankfort, Ky., April 27.—Governor Taylor today telegraphed Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin that he is in Washington on business, but will return here and appear in court if officially informed that the report that he has been indicted is true. Franklin replied that the query in Taylor's telegram should have been addressed to Judge Cantrill, without giving an answer as to the correctness of the report concerning the indictment in his telegram. Governor Taylor, it is said, states that if he has not been indicted he will remain in Washington indefinitely.

BANK BURGLARS GET $5,000.

Eight Men Rob a Safe at Strasburg, Virginia.

Richmond, Va., April 27.—The Massanutten bank, at Strasburg, in Shenandoah county, was robbed this morning about 1 o'clock and some $5,000 was secured by the burglars. An entrance into the bank building was effected with a skeleton key. The vault was forced with leavers and the safe wrecked by means of nitroglycerine. There were eight men in the gang, most of whom stood guard in various sections of the town. They fired a number of pistol shots to draw attention from the bank. Several citizens who looked out of their windows were ordered to withdraw on threat of being shot. After the robbery the men collected and took a hand car at the Southern depot and went to Riverton, where all trace of them was lost. The safe and vault are perfect wrecks and it will require about $860 to replace them. The bank is a member of the American Bankers' Association and carried burglar insurance to about cover the loss. Several suspicious characters were seen in the neighborhood of Strasburg last night.

CHASING THE LOWE BANDIT.

Posse Is Trailing the Negro Who Robbed Passenger Train.

Little Rock, Ark., April 27.—Posses are scouring the woods in White county in search of the lone bandit who robbed the south-bound passenger train on the Iron Mountain railroad near Higginson. As the robber left the train with about $500 booty he was fired at by some of the train crew, but he made good his escape. One passenger, E. Riegel, of New York, was robbed of $215. The bandit compelled Conductor Collett to go ahead of him and awaken the passengers. He returned all watches and jewelry, keeping only the money handed him by the passengers. Only the St. Louis sleeper and the Memphis chair car were robbed, after which the robber pulled the air cord, and as the train slowed up jumped off and disappeared.

QUEEN IS BACK AT WINDSOR.

Royal Party Was Given an Enthusiastic Welcome.

London, April 27.—The queen is now back at Windsor castle, where she arrived at 5:25 o'clock this evening. Thousands of spectators watched the royal party's landing at Holy Head this morning. Her special train started at 11 o'clock southward and was greeted at various points by cheering and in some instances the singing of the national anthem.

SPANISH RESIDENTS OF CUBA.

Over 66,000 Persons Retain Their Allegiance to the Crown.

Washington, April 27.—Acting Secretary of War Mickjohn has received a report from the secretary of state of Cuba, through Governor General Wood, showing that 66,869 Spanish residents of the island have preserved their allegiance to the crown of Spain under the terms of article 9, of the Paris treaty of peace. The registration is complete with the exception of the returns from the municipality of Caney, in the province of Santiago, which have not yet been received. The registration of Spaniards, according to provinces, is as follows:

Havana, 21,274; Pinar del Rio, 5,284; Matanzas, 6,249; Santa Clara, 16,045; Puerto Principe, 1,586; Santiago de Cuba, 6,431.

ALL SOLDIERS LEFT CHURCH.

SENSATION DURING FUNERAL SERMON YESTERDAY.

Preacher Denounced Character of the Dead Soldier and Comrades Marched Out.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 27.—(Special.) A sensational incident occurred at the Hill City Methodist church this afternoon and one that has aroused the greatest indignation among local national guardsmen. The body of Private Hugh Ragon, late of the Ninth United States infantry, formerly of the Third Tennessee, and who died in San Francisco a short time ago, while en route home from the Philippines, where he had served for more than a year, arrived here today and the funeral occurred at the Hill City church.

A large detail from company I, Sixth regiment national guard of Tennessee, and from the local camp of the veterans of the Spanish-American war were present in full uniform.

Rev. J. Miles Carter, the pastor, in the course of the funeral sermon, denounced the character of young Ragon in the most outrageous manner, declaring that "he was now in hell and his life and character should be a warning to the soldiers who remain."

At this point of the service the soldier boys, to a man, arose in their seats and left the church in a body.

The sermon created great indignation, the young man having been really very exemplary and having a devoted Christian mother, who was present and compelled to sit through the tirade.

ALLEN REACHES PORTO RICO.

Newly Appointed Civil Governor Is Now at San Juan.

San Juan, P. R., April 27.—The United States steamship Dolphin, bearing Charles Herbert Allen, the newly appointed civil governor of Porto Rico, dropped anchor off San Juan at 10 o'clock this morning, as did also the United States armored cruiser New York, the United States battleship Texas and the United States gunboat Machias. The New York remained outside the harbor, the others entering.

General Davis, military governor, visited Mr. Allen on board the Dolphin at half-past 11 o'clock. A detachment of seventy-five insular police and four companies of the Porto Rico regiment, with a band, were drawn up on the wharf. The Dolphin launch, carrying Mr. Allen and his family, with General Davis and Lieutenant Parker left the Dolphin promptly at noon, the Texas and Dolphin firing a salute of seventeen guns. Meanwhile the band played "Borinquen," the Porto Rico national air, and the steamers lying in the harbor kept up a continuous whistling until the launch reached the landing.

A crowd of 3,000 looked on but was kept at a distance. The police and troops marched past at port arms, Mr. Allen doffing his hat.

Mr. Allen took breakfast with General Davis and with his family will remian as the guest of General Davis indefinitely. He landed in an ordinary costume, straw hat, blue coat and duck trousers. The simplicity of the reception took the Porto Ricans by surprise. Mr. Allen is the first governor of Porto Rico to arrive in anything less conspicuous than a gorgeous uniform covered with gold lace and similar trappings.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE LIKELY.

Telegraph Operators in the West May Help Southern's Men.

Chicago, April 27.—The Chronicle says a committee representing the striking Southern railway operators has been in Chicago several days conferring with prominent members of the Order of Railway Telegraphers regarding sympathetic action to help the southerners to win. A number of secret meetings have been held. At these conferences the question of a sympathetic strike has been received warmly. A large sum probably will be contributed by operators here for the support of the men on the Southern road now out.

According to a Record plan a sympathetic strike may be ordered on all important railroad systems east of the Mississippi river.

The strikers may visit other important railroad centers to work up sympathetic sentiment for the Southern men. Already, it is said, the telegraph operators on the Baltimore and Ohio, Pittsburg and Lake Erie and Pittsburg and Western have made demands for increases in wages from 10 to 20 per cent.

Members of the Order of Railway Telegraphers here say this is the first strike of importance ever authorized by the Order of Railway Telegraphers, and the men are determined that it shall succeed as the life or the death of the organization depends on the result. More than 47,000 railway telegraphers in the United States are members of the order.

CRAZY WORKMAN WITH KNIFE.

He Attempts To Kill a Seven-Year-Old Boy.

Columbia, S. C., April 27.—(Special.)—At noon yesterday, while all others were out of the office of The Yorkville Yoeman, H. H. Gallaher, a printer, supposed to be temporarily crazy, attempted to cut the throat of Miller Drakeford, the seven-year-old son of the editor of the paper. The child was playing in the composing room. His mother heard a scream and ran to the door in time to see an uplifted knife over her boy. She snatched him from the man, and running into an adjoining room fastened the door. The little boy has a gash on his neck that just missed the jugular vein.

Gallaher is in jail. He said if he had known he would be imprisoned he would have cut the boy's head off the first blow.

ATLANTA PRISON CONTRACT.

It Will Probably Be Signed Next Monday in Washington.

Washington, April 27.—(Special.)—A representative of Gilbert & Wells is expected in the city on Monday and at that time the contract for the Atlanta federal prison will probably be signed. It is likely that there will be no appointment of the superintendent of construction until after the contract is let, but it seems to be the general understanding that Walter Harrison is most likely to be the lucky man. The list of applicants contains the name of a number of Atlanta men, some of them with experience and some without, but Harrison seems to have the strongest indorsements and to have made an excellent impression upon the attorney general, who will make the appointment.

ROBERTS IS NOW BEING ROASTED

Criticisms Adverse to Commander Are Now Being Heard.

AN ADVANCE IS DEMANDED

Stay-at-Homes Want the March Upon Pretoria Begun.

BOTHA SHOWS DECIDED ABILITY

General Joubert's Successor Appears To Be a Commander Equal to the Work of Every Situation That Is Presented.

London, April 28.—4:55 a. m.—In Commandant General Louis Botha the Boers appear to have found a capable successor to Joubert. As the result of his insight and quick decision, it may be assumed now that the retreating commandoes have gotten safely away with the transport.

It is true that Lord Roberts's dispatch leaves much unsaid as to the whereabouts of other forces than those of General French and General Rundle. Nothing is said about the troops of General Brabant, Pole-Carew, Hart and Chermside, but the indications from Aliwalnorth show that several commandoes are still hovering in the vicinity of Springfield, causing a certain amount of danger, and the advices from Dewets dorp, outlining the duties of General Chermside, justify the conclusion that it will be still necessary to employ a considerable body of troops to keep the Free State clear of Boers.

The position is that the Boers, who began their raid a month ago by compelling Colonel Broadwood to retire on Bloemfontein, have got safely away to the northward, practically without loss, but with advantage of seven British guns, together with a hundred prisoners captured.

Meanwhile the advance to Pretoria has not begun. Small wonder is it that muffled complaints and criticisms are beginning to be heard here and there against Lord Roberts. Two-thirds of his entire force have been employed in effecting this small satisfaction, and the probability is that the whole force must be again concentrated on Bloemfontein before the main advance begins. As similar raids on the British communications are likely to be repeated, it is evidently still a far cry to Pretoria.

The significance of General Hunter's division going to Kimberley, where mounted troops are also arriving daily, is now said to be a serious attempt to deal with the strong Boer forces on the Vaal river, now threatening to retake Barkly, and then an endeavor to relieve Mafeking. It will be borne in mind that General Hunter paid a hurried visit to Lord Roberts at Bloemfontein.

A temporary railway bridge has just been completed at Bethulie, where hitherto railway trucks had been transferred over the wagon bridge. This will greatly facilitate getting stores up to Bloemfontein.

Mr. Poultney Bigelow, discussing the treatment of South Afrikan rebels, says that the wisdom of the United States government in not punishing the confederates after the war of secession has borne good fruit, and he suggests that a similar result would follow a similarly liberal policy in South Africa.

ADVICES FROM BLOEMFONTEIN.

Correspondents Show Situation in Various Lights.

London, April 28.—The Bloemfontein correspondent of The Morning Post, telegraphing Thursday, says:

"Most satisfactory progress has been made in the accumulation of stores during the present week. Supply park now presents a respectable appearance. The prospects of a general advance are more favorable."

The Bloemfontein correspondent of The Times, telegraphing Thursday, says:

"There appears to be little chance of inflicting effective punishment on the retreating Boers. Commandant General Louis Botha, who arrived at Dewets dorp Monday realized the situation at once and ordered the immediate withdrawal of the Boers both from there and from Wepener."

The Bloemfontein correspondent of The Daily Chronicle, telegraphing Thursday, says:

"The latest reports show that the Boers passed east of Thabanchu when going north. A prisoner reports that a commando which doubled back on the pursuing British is now making its way west in the direction of Leuw kop."

The Bloemfontein correspondent of The Daily Telegraph, under Thursday's date, says:

"The Boers who retreated from Dewets dorp kept well ahead of General French's cavalry. Unless the enemy should make a stand at Kroonstaad, Lord Roberts will rapidly cross the Vaal river."

Other Bloemfontein dispatches throw interesting points of light on the situation. One special says:

"Seven hundred and fifty wagons of a Boer heavy transport train have reached Kroonstaad from the south. Only light wagons have been left behind. The Boers have organized a specially mounted corps for foraging and other work requiring special mobility."

Another dispatch reports that before the Boers were driven from Dewets dorp about 7,000 of them had been slowly retiring toward Ladybrand, where large supplies are stored and immense cornfields are ready for harvesting.

French Reaches Thabanchu.

London, April 27.—11:12 p. m.—The war office has issued the following from Lord Roberts dated Bloemfontein Friday, April 27th:

"General French reached Thabanchu this morning with cavalry. He met General Ian Hamilton and General Smith-Derrien's brigade there. The enemy were still holding the eastern outlet of the town whence General French and General Hamilton were proceeding to turn them out. General Rundle's division was eight miles south of Thabanchu last evening."

CARTER IS IN PRISON GARB.

THE FORMER CAPTAIN WILL BE KNOWN AS NO. 2,094.

Will Be Employed as Bookkeeper in the Shoe Repairing Department of the Prison.

Leavenworth, Kas., April 27.—Oberlin M. Carter, late captain United States army, arrived at the federal prison here tonight under guard of Lieutenant Thomas Harker, Fifteenth infantry, a corporal and three soldiers. By special orders issued from the department of justice, newspaper men were not permitted to interview the prisoner, who was immediately dressed in the prison garb and assigned to a cell. His prison number is 2,094, and he is the occupant of cell No. 425. Carter will be a prison bookkeeper in the harness, broom, shoe repairing and carpet-weaving shops, which are in the third story of the big East building. The work room which the prisoner will occupy commands a magnificent view, taking in a great sweep of the Missouri river, beyond which green hills and fertile farms extend as far as the eye can reach.

KLOPSCH REACHES LONDON.

Distributer of American Relief in India Secures Letters.

London, April 27.—Louis Klopsch, publisher of The Christian Herald of New York, left London today for India, in order to investigate the famine and distribute the American relief. Previous to his departure, Mr. Klopsch and the Rev. Dr. T. DeWitt Talmage lunched at the Mansion house with Lord Mayor Newton, who expressed the most keen appreciation of the American charity. Mr. Klopsch also had a long interview with the secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton, who echoed the lord mayor's sentiments most heartily and gave Mr. Klopsch letters of introduction to the viceroy of India, Lord Curzon, of Kedleston, and other Indian dignitaries.

HAVE ASKED FOR $5,000,000.

Delegation Wants an Appropriation for the St. Louis Fair.

Washington, April 27.—A big delegation representing the states in the Louisiana purchase territory and including Governor Jones, of Arkansas, exGovernor Francis, of Missouri, and other influential men, today formally asked the house special committee on the Louisiana purchase centennial to urge at this session the bills appropriating $5,000,000 for the international exposition at St. Louis in 1903.

HAS NOT CHECKED THE KILLING

Swazi Queen Has Instructed Chiefs To Continue Slaying.

Lourenzo Marquis, April 27.—Swaziland runners report that the recent visit of the queen to Swaziland by Sir Ellis Ashmead-Bartlett has not checked the killing. The Swazi queen has placed the former king's brother on the throne, a boy of eighteen. She argues that as she will have to answer for the death of Sebugua, she may as well continue killing and she has given the chiefs permission to kill whom they please throughout the whole of Swaziland. The commandoes ordered to the front are obeying reluctantly. One burgher who has escaped injury in a number of battles admits that the Boers have fired on the Red Cross frequently. The sending of General Cronje to St. Helena has greatly enraged the Boers, who are said to be more than ever determined to fight to the death.

BOERS HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Rear Guard Skirmishes Are Now Being Waged Warmly.

London, April 28.—The Daily Chronicle has the following from Vaal Bank, dated Wednesday, April 25th:

"For two days the Boers have been fighting a series of rear guard actions. Crossing the Modder here and hotly pursued by General Alderson, they got into the kopjes southeast of the crossing and narrowly missed being captured by General Rundle, who was coming from that direction, but on sighting his advance, they turned eastward and slipped away between General Alderson and General Rundle. A prisoner just captured asserts that President Steyn was present during Monday's fight at Slangfontein, east Leuw kop. He had shaved his beard so that he was not easily recognized."

THEY WILL WINTER AT NATAL

Boers May Compel the Kaffirs To Work for Them.

London, April 29.—The Ladysmith correspondent of The Daily Telegraph says:

"The Boers are preparing to spend the winter at Natal. They are bringing their stock from the high veldt in Natal for winter grazing and they are demanding that the kaffirs pay the hut tax to them instead of to the Natal government. They also declare that unless the kaffirs work for them they (the kaffirs) must move south of Sunday river."

The Ladysmith correspondent of The Standard says:

"The strength of the Boers in the Biggarsberg district is believed to be between 5,000 and 8,000. They are commanded by General Lucas Meyer and are well supplied with artillery."

Warren Is Disposed Of.

London, April 27.—2 p. m.—The following dispatch has been received at the war office from Lord Roberts:

"Bloemfontein, April 26.—At the request of the high commissioner Warren has been appointed military governor of Griqualand West while that part of the country is in a disturbed condition."

Consul Hay Wins Diplomatic Success

Pretoria, April 27.—All advices indicate that the United States consul, Mr. Adelbert S. Hay, has won a diplomatic success. His position is exceedingly difficult, but he is pursuing an impartial, determined policy and has succeeded in considerably ameliorating the condition of the British prisoners at Pretoria, including the colonials.

March in Different Directions.

Dewet's Dorp, Thursday, April 26.—General French and General Rundle's forces left today, going in different directions. General Chermside remains to garrison the town, to search for arms and to restore order.

British Guide Sentenced.

London, April 28.—The Pretoria correspondent of The Daily News says: "On Monday Erastus de Klerk was sentenced to two years' imprisonment at hard labor for guiding the British from Petrusburg to Bloemfontein."

GRANT'S BIRTHDAY AT GALENA

Roosevelt Addresses Thousands at the Home of the General.

Galena, Ill., April 27.—General U. S. Grant's birthday was celebrated here today with Governor Theodore Roosevelt, of New York, as the principal speaker. Special trains brought thousands of people into the quaint little city, which for years was the home of the dead general. The city was ablaze with flags and bunting. Mrs. Nellie Grant Sartoris, her son, Captain Sartoris, her daughter, Vivian Sartoris, and other distinguished visitors were also present.

NO NOISE WITH DEWEY'S NAME

Annual Dinner in Honor of General Grant's Memory.

Boston, April 27.—The annual dinner of the Middlesex Club in honor of the memory of President U. S. Grant was held at the Hotel Brunswick tonight with three western speakers as guests—Governor George K. Nash, of Ohio; Congressman J. P. Olliver, of Iowa; and William Alden Smith, of Michigan. Mr. Smith's first words were a reference to Admiral Dewey, whose name was received in perfect silence.

SCHROETER IS FOUND GUILTY.

Jury Declares Defendant "Uttered" the Virginia Bonds.

New York, April 27.—Julius Schroeter, who has been on trial for some time before Judge Newburger in part 1 of general sessions on the charge of forging the names of the state treasurer and auditor of the state of Virginia to an issue of bonds ordered in 1882 by that state and obtaining $38,000 on them from the firm of Landenburg, Thalmann & Co., of this city, was this afternoon found guilty of "uttering" the bonds. He was remanded to the Tombs, and will be sentenced on Tuesday next. The conviction of uttering the bonds saves the defendant from the punishment of forgery.

NORTHEN BEFORE CONFERENCE

Ex-Governor of Georgia Discusses Relations of Laymen to Missions.

New York, April 27.—The Laymen-s Missionary meeting of the Ecumenical conference, which was held tonight, filled Carnegie hall from platform to the last row of the upper gallery.

President Seth Low, of Columbia university, made the opening address. Ira D. Sankey stirred the audience with several hymns. Hon. Samuel B. Capon, of Boston, president of the American board of foreign missions, traced the growth of foreign missions in a general way.

Judge David G. Barklay, of England, spoke of mission work in India.

Hon. W. J. Northen, former governor of Georgia, and president of the southern Baptist convention, discussed the relation of laymen to missions. He said he was in the city for no purpose but to attend this conference, and had missed only one session. Mr. Northen led the devotional exercises which opened today's session at Carnegie hall.

Former Mayor Schieren, of Brooklyn, and Rev. Dr. George Scholl, of Baltimore, spoke briefly. John H. Converse, of Philadelphia, the locomotive engineer, said the laymen had the privilege of bringing the ammunition from the magazines to the missionaries, who are the men behind the guns.

A large number of sectional meetings were held throughout the various churches, at which the topic under discussion was missionary work in foreign lands.

TO CONTEST VALIDITY OF TITLE

Suit May Be Brought for Land on Which Cathedral Stands.

Chattonaago, April 27.—(Special.)—Heirs of the late J. J. Griffin, formerly a resident of this city, have taken preliminary steps to contest the validity of the title of the Catholic church in this city to the land on which the handsome cathedral of that denomination, one of the most costly church edifices in the south, is situated. It is claimed by these heirs that the ground was given to the Catholic church before the civil war for a specific purpose, which it is charged has not been complied with. The pastor, Rev. Father Tobin, has not been made acquainted with the merits of the suit as yet, but he is confident there is nothing in it. The title has been examined by expert conveyances and attorneys for insurance companies who placed large loans on the property when the church was erected. These experts pronounced the title good and the congregation has no fear of an adverse judicial decision.

WANT EXTRADITION PAPERS.

American Steel and Wire Company Case Takes Sensational Turn.

New York, April 27.—The Times will publish the following:

"Developments in the affairs of the American Steel and Wire Company likely to cause a sensation were made known yesterday (Friday). Summonses are now in the hands of the law firm of Lamb & Voss, for Chairman John W. Gates, of the company's board of directors, and John Lambert, the president, both of whom left this city for Chicago last Wednesday, and it is the intention of the attorneys to take further legal proceedings, which will include efforts to get extradition papers if Messrs. Gates and Lambert show no intention of coming back to this city. Magistrate Zeller, who granted the summonses at a private hearing, has issued them in blank, so that the attorneys can fill in the dates at which they may be made returnable.

READS LIKE DARE TO AMERICA

Paris Paper Suggests United States Won't Enter Mediterranean.

Paris, April 28.—The Figaro, referring to the reported intention of the United States to make a naval demonstration in the Mediterranean in connection with the indemnity claims, says:

It would be interesting to know if a foreign power has the right to take executive measures against Hurkey without a previous accord with the European powers which signed the treaty of Paris. If Russia has really advised Washington to use more moderation, she has acted quite within her rights. But why Russia, rather than other powers?"

President Reaches Washington.

Washington, April 27.—President and Mrs. McKinley arrived in Washington at 8 o'clock this morning from Canton.

EIGHT LIVES LOST IN A TEXAS STORM

Cloudburst Accompanied by High Wind Visits Waco.

RAIN INCESSANT FOR HOURS

Property Valued at Several Hundred Thousand Dollars Lost.

PERSONS DROWN NEAR CITY HALL

High Water Divides the Towns Into Sections and the Actual Loss of Life and Damage to Property Is Now Unknown.

Waco, Tex., April 27.—A cloudburst, accompanied by a high wind, descended upon the city of Waco at noon today and the net result is that eight people are known to have perished in the city limits, and property valued at several thousand dollars has been destroyed or injured. The known dead are:

MRS. NANCY CAUDLE.
MISS CLARA CAUDLE.
ROSA CHAPMAN.
EMMA DECKER.
THOMAS CAPPS.
FRANK WALKER.
TWO NEGRO MEN, names unknown.

The downpour of rain commenced about noon today and was incessant until dark. It was in the shape of a waterspout and the rise in the creeks and branches was so rapid that it did not give the inhabitants time to flee. Three persons, two women and a man, all colored, were drowned within a hundred yards of the city hall. Their bodies were washed into the Brazos river and have not been recovered. There were several people, mostly negroes, standing on a bridge watching the rapid rise of Barron's branch, when the bridge, a thick structure, gave way without warning, precipitating them into the water. The number positively known to have been drowned in the city limits tonight is eight. Numerous reports of other losses come in, but owing to the high water they cannot be verified tonight. It is almost certain, however, that several more lives were lost. Searching parties are out looking for the drowned and helping to move those who are in danger or distress. Chief Prescott, of the fire department, with his entire force, is extending all the aid possible. In the southern part of the city, where the two white women, Mrs. Caudle and her daughter, lost their lives, the rise was the highest ever known, exceeding by several feet the high water mark of 1885. It is impossible to estimate the damage done by the storm, but it will be in the hundreds of thousand of dollars.

Incoming reports indicate that one of the heaviest rainfalls experienced in years visited many sections of the state and rivers and smaller streams are again rising rapidly. All points along the Brazos and Colorado rivers have been notified and while much damage may result from another rise, yet it is believed that the timely warning will enable those who live in the valleys to fully protect themselves.

Reports from Belton and Rockport state that the storm was especially severe in those sections, but no loss of life is reported tonight.

STREAMS ARE OUT OF BANKS.

Rainfall About Houston Has Been Most Terrific.

Houston, Tex., April 27.—Today there was an even heavier rainfall over Texas than during the past ten days and as a consequence small streams are out of banks and rivers are again rising fast. An overflow of the Brazos is expected tonight at Hempstead, as the Navasota will pour an immense quantity of water into the Brazos above that town. At Columbus on the Colorado river, the Southern Pacific bridge has again been washed away and there will be no trains for several days. The Houston and Texas Central, the Missouri, Kansas and Texas and the San Antonio and Aransas Pass have decided to run no trains tonight, which is a matter of precaution. At Navasota there was a cloudburst today, four inches of rain falling in forty minutes. Great damage was done to farm lands by washing. All stock had been taken from the bottoms and there was consequently no less in that direction. At Belton a dozen houses were washed away by a sudden rise in a creek, but their occupants managed to escape. The lower part of the town is flooded. The damage done all over the state to crops is enormous.

Storm Signals on Gulf Coast.

Washington, April 27.—There is evidence of a storm developing of considerable strength in the Rio Grande valley. This storm will probably cause heavy rains in Texas and the southwest during the next two days. Storm signals are displayed on the gulf coast from Bronsville to New Orleans.

ACCIDENT NEAR FORT VALLEY.

Freight Train Wrecked—Ten Cars Turn Over.

Macon, Ga., April 28.—(Special.)—A freight wreck occurred on the Southwestern railway near Fort Valley shortly after midnight. Ten cars were turned over. One negro was the only man hurt. Traffic was much delayed.

FIVE SQUARE MILES TRAVERSED BY FIRE

Two Thousand Buildings Were Destroyed in Ottawa Fire.

SEVEN LIVES WERE LOST

Property Loss Estimated $17,000,000—Insured for Half Its Value.

RELIEF COMMITTEES ARE AT WORK

Five Thousand Persons Are Left Without Roofs of Their Own in the Two Towns.

Ottawa, Ont., April 27.—Over five square miles of territory burned over; more than 2,000 buildings destroyed; seven lives lost; seven thousand men, women and children homeless and a property loss of $17,000,000, according to the latest estimate, insured for about half its value, are the results as viewed tonight of the destructive fire which swept this city and Hull yesterday and today. Although under control for many hours, the flames were not entirely extinguished until about noon today.

The dead are:

MISS MINNIE COOK, aged forty years, cremated in her own house.

JOHN PUMPLE, car carpenter, 646 Somerset, suffocated in Canadian Pacific railroad yards.

GEORGE PEELEY, shoemaker, 124 Queen street west, suffocated.

JOHN DARE, Hull, fireman for E. B. Eddy & Co.

UNKNOWN MAN, found dead in Meyers house, Wellington street, Hull.

MRS. CARRON, Wellington street, Hull, died from fright; aged eighty years.

A. BAUDIN, eight years old, son of Charles Baudin, Duke street, Hull.

A relief committee has been formed by the citizens and this, together with the Catholic archbishops of Ottawa and Montreal, will make an appeal for relief to the country. The most serious problem that confronts Hull is that of work. The majority of householders who were burned out are poor and have large families. It is not expected there will be employment for a considerable period and the way in which many of the poor are going to live in the meantime is doubtful. On the Ottawa side fully two-thirds of Dalhousie ward is devastated and an estimate by residents of the district places the number who were without roofs of their own last night in this district at 5,000. The destroyed property in this district included some of the finest residences in Ottawa as well as a great many of the humblest.

The Erskine Presbyterian church, the Somerset street bridge, big flour mill plant, the immense lumber piles along Division, Preston and Rochester streets, and Victoria brewery are among the institutions which have disappeared.

The Ottawa Electric Company will be a very heavy loser. An approximate value of their property destroyed is placed at $300,000. The Ottawa Electric Light Company had six power houses. There was one central or distributing power house, and the other five were auxiliary or substations. Of these sub-stations only one—that operated by steam—remains, the other four being destroyed. The central power house and the steam auxiliary station were only saved after a hard fight by the directors and employees.

The fire area was viewed by hundreds of people this afternoon and evening. One of the most remarkable things about the sad scene was that no smoke was to be seen. There were no half burned buildings or smoldering logs anywhere. Everything that the fire touched was burned to ashes. All of Hull's principal buildings with the exception of the Catholic church are things of the past. The buildings and land in the place are valued at $2,700,000 and of this amount over $1,000,000 may be put down as a loss. Then in stocks, fixtures, equipment, household effects and wearing apparel there is a loss of nearly $3,000,000. The vast piles of lumber which went up in smoke may be reckoned at $2,000,000 more.

American Companies Won't Suffer.

New York, April 27.—It is believed that American fire insurance companies will suffer but little from the Ottawa fire. Foreign companies will have to pay most of the claims. Coming at the time when the loss records in the United States show a disastrous fire waste, the Ottawa fire will, it is believed, have a depressing effect upon underwriting business.

Detroit Offers Help.

Detroit, April 27.—Mayor Maybury today telegraphed the mayor of Ottawa, Ont., extending sympathy and asking whether the people of Detroit can be of assistance in aiding the homeless and destitute.

Chicago Opens Subscription List.

Chicago, April 27.—Mayor Harrison today opened subscriptions for the Ottawa, Ont., fire sufferers. The list was headed by Mrs. Cyrus McCormick and grew rapidly during the day.

Government Gives $100,000.

Ottawa, Ont., April 27.—The government at a cabinet meeting today decided to give $100,000 to relieve the sufferers of the Ottawa and Hull fire. Ten thousand dollars will be given for immediate use. The city council has decided to give $10,000.

British Government Will Help.

London, April 27.—The newspapers are unanimous in expressing the opinion that despite the demands for South African and the Indian famine it is the duty of Great Britain to promptly and substantially assist in repairing the losses incurred by the Ottawa fire.

Edinburgh Companies Involved.

London, April 27.—All the Edinburgh fire insurance companies are heavily involved in the Ottawa fire.

SICK HEADACHE

succumbs readily to the easy remedy to take



A natural medicinal water—concentrated. Aperient, laxative, tonic. A specific for all liver, kidney, stomach and bowel disorders. It cures—Torpid Liver, Billousness, Jaundice, Chronic Diseases of the Kidneys, Dyspepsia Heartburn, Sick Headache, Dysentery Constipation, Piles.

Crab Orchard Water is the most efficacious of the natural mineral waters; most convenient to take; most economical to buy.

The genuine is sold by all druggists with Crab Appl trade mark on every bottle. TRADE MARK

CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO., Louisville, Ky.

CUT PRICES OF ITS PRODUCT.

Announcement of Alabama Steel and Wire Company.

Birmingham, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—The Alabama Steel and Wire Company, whose $2,000,000 wire, rod and nail mill at Ensley recently begun operations, has announced a cut in the price of its product corresponding with the reductions made by the American Steel and Wire Company, of which John W. Gates is president. Secretary G. H. Schuler, of the Alabama company, says that Gates has made threats to freeze out the Ensley mills, but Mr. Schuler adds that Mr. Gates is going to be greatly fooled. Already the Alabama Steel and Wire Company is receiving many inquiries from the southwest, which trade has heretofore been controlled by the trust, and the tenor of these inquiries is that the trade in that section is now disposed to deal with the Alabama concern rather than with the trust. It is stated that the trust has had spotters around the Ensley plant for some time and that these men have kept Gates informed of every step which has been taken in the starting of operations at the Ensley mills. It is understood that the Alabama company will continue to do business on a thoroughly independent basis, regardless of Gates and others, and that, as it is prepared to turn out steel products cheaper than northern mills can do, it stands ready to meet all cuts. The company has cut nails $1 per keg and wire $1 per hundred and it is rapidly building up a good trade.

THE MURDER OF JOHN MURPHY

Birmingham Officers Investigating the Mystery.

Birmingham, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—The coroner's jury is still investigating the murder of John H. Murphy, the young farmer from the Mount Pinson section, who was killed and robbed in the eastern outskirts of the city night before last. Much mystery surrounds the affair and the jury is making little headway in its efforts to fathom it. It has been brought out that Murphy was around McLin's saloon, seven blocks from the scene of the murder, on Wednesday night and that while he took several drinks he did not appear to be drunk. He had considerable money on his person and appears to have displayed it several times. It is believed that the blows which killed him were struck with a hammer or some similar weapon. As yet not enough evidence has developed to cause any arrests for the crime, though several negroes are under surveillance. Murphy was one of the best-known farmers in the county. He had recently been appointed a census enumerator and in the palmy days of the Farmers' Alliance he was secretary of the alliance in this county and took an active part in politics. His remains were shipped to his home at Mount Pinson last night and the funeral occurred there today.

RING WORM, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

CHARGED TO FOUR NEGROES.

The Murder of Germain Trouillious at Pratt City, Ala.

Birmingham, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—The coroner's jury which has been investigating the death of Germain Trouillious, the money lender who was murdered at Pratt City, Tuesday night, for the purpose of robbery, has returned a verdict charging that the crime was committed by Sam Bandy, Jack Bandy, Gus Davis and Dock Harman, colored, and that an ax was used in the execution of the murder, which was unlawfully done. The four negroes were bound over on warrants charging murder and highway robbery, and were brought to Birmingham for safe keeping to await the action of the grand jury. A bloody ax was found in the yard of the Bandy negroes and the evidence brought out was very strong against all four of them. It tended to show that they waylaid Trouillious in an alley and as he came along in the darkness they struck him down, and after murdering him robbed him of about $200.

HENRY DESERTED HIS WIFE.

Left Her at Huntsville Hotel Without Funds.

Huntsville, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—Mrs. J. C. Henry, of Dayton, O., is at the Stegall hotel, in this city, without a cent of money and her husband has disappeared. Henry and his wife came to Huntsville several days ago, the former looking for a job at one of the wholesale nurseries. His efforts to secure employment were unsuccessful and he seemed to be very despondent. Henry told his wife Wednesday night that he was going to leave her, but she did not believe him and went to bed at her usual time. When she awoke the next morning her husband could not be found. He had taken what few dollars they had and the wife was left without a penny.

Mrs. Henry applied to the police for aid. She will be sent back to her home in Dayton.

Baby Found on Passenger Train.

Birmingham, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—When southbound Alabama Great Southern limited express No. 1 arrived here last night, a basket containing a baby boy about three weeks old was discovered in the vestibule of the sleepers. There was nothing by which the child could be identified. It wore a common gingham dress and was comfortably inclosed in the basket. The waif was turned over to the depot authorities, who sent it to the Mercy Home, where it is being cared for. It is not known at which station the little passenger was put aboard the train, but Springville was the last stop and it is believed to have been put on either at that place or Attalla. The youngster is quite a healthy specimen and the Mercy Home matron hopes to raise it.

Black Heads on Face, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

Spanish-American War Veterans.

Birmingham, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—The second annual reunion of the Society of Alabama Veterans of the Spanish-American war will be held in this city on May 23d. The society was organized as a reunion of the First Alabama regiment, which occurred at East Lake May 1, 1899. The officers are: Commander, George Huddleston; vice commanders, Joseph Wheeler, E. L. Higdon, W. J. Parkes, W. C. Oates, W. W. Brandon, Tom O. Smith and A. A. Wiley. The secretaries are: W. D. Lamb, C. A. Allen and H. S. Williams. W. M. Martin is treasurer. The society is composed of all white soldiers of the Spanish-American war who reside in Alabama. A large attendance and a pleasant occasion are expected at the forthcoming reunion.

Operator Struck by Lightning.

Birmingham, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—A special from Athens says that Charles Sarver, night operator of the Louisville and Nashville railroad, at Haye's switch, near that place, was struck by a bolt of lightning last night during a thunder storm and severely injured. He was about to send an order by telegraph when the lightning flashed down the wire and on to the key upon which rested his hand. He was rendered unconscious for some time, but will recover.

Order for Hazzard's Arrest.

New York, April 27—General Merritt has issued general orders for the arrest of Lieutenant H. C. Hazzard on a charge of absence without leave. He disappeared from Key West, Fla., in February.

SCOTT RETAINS HIS SEAT IN THE SENATE

Resolution Passes with Three Votes Only Against It.

VIRGINIAN IS CONGRATULATED

Pettus and Morgan, of Alabama, and Turner Against Measure.

BACON STANDS FOR THE REPORT

Money, of Mississippi, Wants Cotton Confiscated During the War Paid For.

Washington, April 27.—The senate today voted upon the resolution declaring Nathan B. Scott to be entitled to his seat in the senate from West Virginia. The number of votes in the negative was only three. Mr. Chandler gave notice that he would call up the case of Senator Clark, of Montana, on Wednesday of next week, but intimated that he would not press consideration until senators could have time to read the testimony in the case.

Mr. Money, of Mississippi, by unanimous consent, called up a bill to amend an act to provide for the collection of abandoned property and the prevention of frauds in insurrectionary districts within the United States. He offered an amendment in the form of a new section restricting the provisions of the bill to the proceeds of cotton seized and sold under act of 1863.

Mr. Money explained that the bill if passed would afford opportunity to owners of private property to go into the courts to establish their proprietorship of the cotton that fell into the hands of the authorized agents of the United States during the civil war. The doors would not, he said, be opened by the enactment of the law to a general raid on the treasury. He explained that the amount involved would be less than $5,000,000. The cotton had been seized by the United States military commanders, shipped to New York and there sold, the proceeds being placed in the treasury. There it had been since held as a trust fund. He maintained that the owners of the seized cotton had a right to their pro rata share in this fund, because under the principles of international law and the law of civilized warfare the government rightfully could not hold the proceeds of private property seized and sold during hostilities. He contended that decisions of the courts entitled the owners of this seized property to lay claim to their share of this property.

Mr. Chandler said that half the money which the government had realized from the seized and abandoned property had been returned in times to the people of the south. He declared his intention, however, to do what he could to keep the little pittance that was left in the treasury. It had cost the United States government $600,000,000 and 300,000 lives, he said, to carry the civil war to a conclusion and he thought it well to place this little pittance as a setoff against the enormous expenditure of $600,000,000.

Mr. Money said he had no doubt of the position of Mr. Chandler and fully expected him to act in accordance with his judgment, but there was a right in this case which no man ought to disregard. He concluded with an appeal to senators opposed to the measure to permit it to come to a vote.

The bill was then laid aside and consideration was resumed of the Scott seating resolution.

Mr. Pettus spoke in support of his motion to recommit the resolution to the committee with instructions to investigate the case thoroughly.

Mr. Turner, of Washington, asserted his belief that there had been duplicity, double dealing and fraud in the election of Mr. Scott.

Mr. Chandler, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, gave warning that in the next senate the credentials of Mr. Blackburn, of Kentucky, would be considered and if the doctrine established in the Turpie case (of Indiana) which had been recognized as binding on the senate was to be overruled the senate would be called upon to go into the question as to the competency of the federal power to go back of the returns of a duly and legally constituted legislature.

Mr. Bacon, of Georgia, said that he believed the majority report of the committee was based on sound law and that the United States senate could not enter into an investigation of a legislature's right to determine the qualifications of its members.

Mr. McComas, of Maryland, defended Mr. Scott's alleged rights.

The Pettus motion was defeated without division. The resolution of the committee declaring that Mr. Scott was entitled to retain his seat in the senate was then adopted, 52 to 3, the votes in the negative being cast by Messrs. Morgan, Pettus and Turner. Mr. Scott, who was on the floor, was soon surrounded by senators extending their congratulations.

Mr. Chandler then gave notice that on next Wednesday he would ask the senate to take up the case of Senator Clark, of Montana, adding that if no one should desire to speak in opposition to the report of the committee he would have nothing to say in support of it.

Mr. Allen argued for a fair time for the senators to read the testimony.

Mr. Chandler replied that there would be no disposition to press the resolution in a way to impair the rights of any one. The case could be postponed if such disposition was thought best. This was accepted as satisfactory and the senate resumed consideration of the Alaskan bill.

Mr. Rawlins, of Utah, argued to show that under decisions of the courts aliens had no rights as against citizens in the location of mining claims.

At 5:15 p. m. the senate adjourned.

GARDNER WHIPS BERNSTEIN.

Omaha Kid Gets Decision on a Foul in the Sixteenth Round.

New York, April 27.—Oscar Garner, the Omaha kid, gained the decision over Joe Bernstein, of this city, on a foul at the end of the sixteenth round of what was to have been a twenty-five-round fight at 124 pounds at the Broadway Athletic Club tonight. Gardner opened the fight using a hard left jab, followed by right hooks to the body and wore his opponent down with body blows. Time and time again Gardner feinted his opponent into awkward corners, but Bernstein took his punishment gamely and the bell always found him ready and willing. Once in the eighth round Gardner found the floor with his opponent on top. Gardner played heavily for the body, landing invariably and blocking all Bernstein's leads. Bernstein showed good fighting from a technical standpoint, but up to the end of the thirteenth round it was anybody's fight.

The fourteenth was particularly fierce, both doing serious damage to the face and body. Bernstein drew blood from Gardner's cheek and was on the floor twice from fast work. The rapid pace continued during the fifteenth, most of the fighting being done during clinches with one hand free. Referee White had to caution Bernstein for hitting during the mix-ups.

Bernstein had all the better of the sixteenth round, but was disqualified for fouling as the bell rang. He undoubtedly transgressed, as he held and hit after being cautioned several times by the referee.

PIMPLES AND FRECKLES ON FACE. Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

PENSION RECORD IS BROKEN.

Hawaiian Government Bill Now Goes to the President.

Washington, April 27.—The house broke all records today by passing ninety-one private pension bills. Among them was one granting $40 a month to the widow of the late Colonel John M. Stotzenburg, of the First Nebraska, who was killed in the Philippines.

The conference report on the Hawaiian government bill was adopted, 138 to 154, and the bill now goes to the president.

Saturday May 9th was set aside for receiving the statue of General U. S. Grant presented by the Grand Army of the Republic.

Mr. Ray, chairman of the judiciary committee, reported back the Livingston resolution calling upon the attorney general for information as to what steps had been taken to remand B. D. Greene, John T. Gaynor and W. T. Gaynor to the jurisdiction of the district court of the southern district of Georgia for trial with the recommendation that it lie upon the table. Mr. Ray explained that the whole subject was to be heard next Friday. The report was adopted.

Mr. Loud, of California, arose to a question of personal privileges and complained that in connection with the debate on the postoffice appropriation bill yesterday Mr. Fitzgerald, of Massachusetts, had injected into the record words not spoken in debate which reflected upon him (Mr. Loud). He characterized Mr. Fitzgerald in severe language. The latter made a spirited rejoinder, but on his own request the objectionable matter complained of was stricken out.

The house then went into committee of the whole on private pension bills, and at 4:45 p. m. the house adjourned.

Piles Cured Without the Knife.

All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of PAZO OINTMENT to refund the money where it fails to cure any case of piles no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days, the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly.

This is a new discovery, and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50 cents.

If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50 cents in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail.

Manufactured by Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.

DARDEN IN MARIETTA JAIL.

Negro Preacher Who Skipped Out While Under Bond.

Marietta, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The negro preacher, Robert L. Darden, alias S. S. Dawson, recently arrested in Biloxi, Miss., arrived in Marietta this morning at 9 o'clock in charge of Deputy Sheriff E. C. Anderson. Mr. Anderson and his brother, J. D. Anderson, who was one of Darden's bondsmen, have been searching for him for the last eighteen months.

Darden is well known in Marietta, having lived here and had charge of the colored Baptist church for a number of years. He is far above the average negro in intelligence and is educated, having graduated at the negro Baptist seminary in Atlanta and claims to have been a trustee of that institution and Spelman seminary at one time.

About eighteen months ago Darden appeared as a witness against Rev. Poindexter, colored, of Rome, Ga. Poindexter was tried in Marietta on a warrant sworn out by one James Julian, charging criminal intimacy with a negro woman in Marietta. Hon. Seaborn Wright, of Rome, defended Poindexter and he was acquitted on the preliminary hearing. Evidence was adduced on the trial tending to show that Darden was the instigator of the trouble and induced Julian to swear out the warrant and that he was the author of an anonymous letter received by Poindexter.

Darden was indicted for perjury and gave bond for his appearance at court. There was also an old indictment against him, charging larceny after trust, growing out of his connection with some charitable organization.

He is also wanted in Rome on some charge. He skipped his bond about eighteen months ago. He denies very emphatically making the admission, as appeared in the papers, that he is the man wanted at Statesboro, Ga., for murder and asked your correspondent to state that there are no charges against him anywhere in the world except those at Marietta and Rome.

Sheriff Anderson says that R. L. Farmer, colored, of Biloxi, Miss., who is at the head of the American Detective Agency, colored, claims that Darden is the man wanted at Statesboro. Darden says that since his departure from Marietta he has been doing evangelical work and has lately been editing a paper in Hattiesburg, Miss.

He formerly edited a paper at Rome, Ga. He will await his trial in jail.

The Grip Cure That Does Cure.

Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets removes the cause that produces La Grippe. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

NORTH CAROLINA AFFAIRS.

Governor Russell May Defend Taylor, of Kentucky.

Raleigh, N. C., April 27.—(Special.)—A member of Governor Russell's staff states that Governor Taylor, of Kentucky, has been advised by some leading republicans to employ Governor Russell as counsel for his defense.

The supreme court gave notice today that tomorrow it would hear arguments on appeals in two of the most notable murder cases in recent years in this part of North Carolina. In one case the defendant is Tom Jones, the negro who murdered and burned his mistress and five of her children and who is under sentence to be hanged here May 11th. In the other the defendant is James Smith, a negro who cut the throats of two young white men, one of whom died. Smith was twice tried for this crime, once in Johnston, once in Wayne, and was twice sentenced to death.

Merry Makers Close.

Augusta, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Merry Makers' week ended at midnight with a record of complete success. There have been large crowds each day and the show has given great satisfaction not only as a spectacular entertainment, but in drawing visitors to the city and making business for the merchants.

VARICOCELE

A New Home Cure Without Pain, Operation or Loss of Time from Work.

Every man afflicted with Varicocele will be glad to know that there is a new and wonderful method that cures at home, speedily and surely, at a very slight expense. There is no operation, no pain, no letting of blood, but a quick relief and a rapid, permanent cure. It is such a brilliant discovery, so different from the worthless suspensories and supporters that every man should send at once for a description of the method so he may begin curing himself in the privacy of his own home.

By writing to Dr. W. S. Rice, 436 R. Main St., Adams, N. Y., he will gladly mail, prepaid, a full description that will enable every sufferer to cure himself at a very trifling cost. Do not fail to write at once. Varicocele is a very dangerous disease.

W. C. T. U. ELECTS ITS OFFICERS.

Mrs. Jennie Hart Sibley Chosen as President.

Augusta, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—In the third day's session of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union state convention an excellent report from the South Atlanta union was read by Mrs. G. A. Cochran.

Mrs. Teeple, of Savannah, read an encouraging report from her union, which was also adopted.

Mrs. J. S. Moore, of Oxford, state treasurer of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, gave a talk on the dues of the union. It was definitely settled that local dues should be 60 cents per year, 25 cents of it to go to the state treasurer and 10 cents to the district treasurer.

Mrs. Jennie Hart Sibley moved that some member of the union be appointed to memoralize the legislature on the "child labor" bill and the "age of consent" bill. This resolution was adopted and Mrs. Sibley appointed.

The election resulted as follows: President, Mrs. Jennie Hart Sibley, Union Point; vice president, Mrs. B. J. Tarbutton, Sandersville; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Stainback Wilson, Atlanta; recording secretary, Mrs. G. A. Cochran, Atlanta; assistant recording secretary, Mrs. G. W. Wilson, Atlanta; treasurer, Mrs. J. S. Moore, Oxford. District presidents: First district, Mrs. B. J. Tarbutton, Sandersville; second district, Mrs. S. S. Bouchelle, Thomasville; third district, Mrs. Phil Smyth, Americus; fourth district, Mrs. S. J. Blanchard, Columbus; sixth district, Mrs. Goodwin D. Myrick, Milledgeville; seventh district, Mrs. A. M. Street, Summerville; eighth district, Mrs. Walter B. Hill, Macon; ninth district, Mrs. Starweather, Demorest; tenth district, Mrs. Claiborne Snead, Augusta; eleventh district, Mrs. J. H. Redding, Waycross.

COLONIAL DAMES OF AMERICA.

National Society Elects Officers and Delegate to Paris.

Washington, April 27.—The National Society of Colonial Dames of America today elected the following officers:

Mrs. Howard Townsend, of New York, president; Mrs. Gillespie, of Pennsylvania, first vice president; Mrs. Herbert Claiborne, of Virginia, second vice president; Mrs. Samuel Colt, of Connecticut, third vice president; Mrs. William Reed, of Baltimore, secretary; Miss Jackson, of Baltimore, assistant secretary; Miss Elizabeth Nichol, of Washington, treasurer. The council voted unanimously to send Mrs. William Reed, of Baltimore, to the Paris exposition to represent them at the unveiling of the statue to Washington.

ODD FELLOWS OF MARIETTA.

They Celebrate Seventy-Eighth Anniversary of Order.

Marietta, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Cherokee lodge, No. 8, Independent Order of Odd Fellows, celebrated the eighty-first anniversary of their order at their lodge room in this place last night.

Colonel W. R. Pamer made the address of the evening in a pointed and well received talk. After the formal exercises, in order that every doubt as to the real existence of the lodge goat might be dispelled, a large gray "billy" was marched to the rostrum and given a formal introduction to the ladies.

The lodge room was beautifully decorated and an elegant banquet was spread and evidently enjoyed by all present. About three hundred guests were present.

The banquet committee, Messrs. D. F. McClatchey, Jr., C. E. Henderson, R. W. Moon, J. W. Wade, G. S. Owens and F. F. Swalley, deserve great credit for the success of the occasion.

Old Ulcers and Sores, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

Won by the Phi Deltas.

Macon, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The spring term debate tonight at Mercer, between the Phi Deltas and Ciceronian societies, was won by the Phi Deltas. The question was: "Resolved, That a mere industrial education for the negro would bring about a satisfactory adjustment of the race question."

The Ciceronian had the affirmative side and was represented by Sidney Hatcher, J. F. Hatchet and G. O. Gunter. The speakers for the Phi Delta were J. F. Carswell, A. W. Jackson and J. O. Bagwell. The debate was attended by a large audience.

Cooper's Challenge Accepted.

Macon, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Walter Grace, M. G. Bayne and Hope Polhill have accepted the challenge of J. R. Cooper for a joint debate at the Academy of Music next Tuesday night. They are all candidates for solicitor general. It is not known whether the others will accept. The meeting will be a big affair. Joe Hall, candiate for the legislature, spoke in East Macon tonight to a large audience.

Columbus Manufacturing Company.

Columbus, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—A meeting of the stockholders of the Columbus Manufacturing Company will be held here tomorrow to consider increasing the capital stock of the company from $250,000 to $400,000. A number of prominent Boston capitalists, who are stockholders, arrived in the city today.

Arrest of a Deserter.

Augusta, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—John T. Welch, a deserter from company D, Twenty-ninth United States volunteers, was arrested here today and turned over to Major Pitman, commandant of the United States arsenal at this place.

Had Escaped Prison.

Augusta, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—A negro who for some time past has been preaching in this locality under the name of John Vermont, was arrested today as "George Washington," who escaped from the South Carolina penitentiary fifteen years ago. He had been in eight years when he escaped.

Fortifications Appropriation Bill.

Washington, April 27.—The senate committee on appropriations today completed consideration of the fortifications appropriation bill. The additions made by the committee aggregate $640,140, bringing the total appropriation up to $7,733,628. The additions include an item of $135,000 for building sites on Sullivans' Island, Charleston harbor.

D. N. Burger, Athens, Ga.

Athens, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Mr. D. N. Burger, aged eighty-five years, died in Athens yesterday after a short illness. Mr. Burger had recently moved here. He was buried today at Princeton, Rev. E. D. Stone officiating.

SARATOGA

Arondack Water

Taken for pleasure gives health. Taken for health gives pleasure. Full of life, delightful as a Table Tonic. Mixes well with wines, liquors and milk.

For sale at Druggists, Grocers and Restaurants. Send for pamphlet.

Wholesale Agent, JOSEPH T. EICHBERG, 23 Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

Neuralgia Cured

Not eased, but *cured.* Not quieted for a short time, but permanently cured. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People cure Neuralgia by revitalizing the nervous system and restoring the life-giving elements of the blood. Women who have been tortured for years with Neuralgia and Nervous Headache, who have exhausted the skill of eminent physicians, have been permanently cured by

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People

Mrs. William Cotter who lives at No. 42 Windsor Street, Hartford, Conn., says: "I was taken with neuralgia several years ago and suffered untold misery. I tried a great many doctors and several remedies, but I found only temporary relief. About three years ago I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I did so. I thought that the first box gave me some relief, and my husband insisted that I keep on taking the pills. I did, and I can truly say that the pills are the only medicine that ever permanently benefited me.

"I used to have to give up entirely and lie down when the pain came on. My face would swell up so that my eyes would close. The pills cured all this, and I have had no return of it for the last two years. I keep the pills constantly on hand, as I believe they are a wonderful household remedy.

"To Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I owe all the comfort I have enjoyed for the past two years in being free from neuralgia, and I am glad to be able to recommend them."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood, and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' Dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers, or will be sent, postpaid, on receipt of price, 50c. a box or six boxes for $2.50 (they are never sold in bulk or by the 100) by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

THE PASSING THRONG.

After the frantic gymnastic evolutions incidental to the delivery of "Casey at the Bat" DeWolf Hopper retired to his dressing room last night, mopped the dripping perspiration from his face with a bath towel, thereby dislocating one of his diminutive Demidoff mustachios, submerged his face in a goblet full of whisky with a huge chunk of ice in it, lit a cigar, sighed the contented sigh of a man who had just finished in front of a foot race and stuck out his huge hand to the newspaper man who called to see him.

"It always affects me that way—the perspiration I mean—winter or summer, when I recite 'Casey at the Bat.' I think I enter into the tense agony of Casey with more feeling than any other lines," said Mr. Hopper. Then turning from baseball to his recent London experiences, the giant comedian continued:

"I had every occasion to be delighted with my stay in London. I opened there in 'El Capitan' and the piece scored a tremendous hit, if I do say it. Then 'The Charlatan' was put on and did well until the defeat of the British at Spion kop. After that the jig was up. Everything in London fell perfectly flat. You can't imagine the depressing effect the British reverses had on London so far as theatrical attractions were concerned. Had it not been for this fact I should have probably remained on the other side some months longer.

"After all, however, there's nothing like the great American public, and I'm mighty glad to get back. Plans? Yes, I have several plans for the future, but nothing is in definite shape just yet. Next season I'll probably have a surprise for the public, but I can't talk about it now."

J. M. Killian left the city yesterday for Richmond, Va., to enter business and make his permanent residence there.

Mr. Killian has resided in Atlanta for the past twelve years. In view of the fact that he has been in the insurance business just three years, his rapid advancement is very flattering. He has many friends in the city who will be much gratified to hear of his promotion and wish him success in his new field.

"Abraham Cahan is destined to do for the Jew of New York city what Zangwill did for the Hebrew inhabitants of the London ghetto," remarked a newspaper man yesterday apropos of one of Cahan's stories in the current number of The Cosmopolitan.

"When I was working in New York, some months ago, I knew Cahan intimately and frequently took trips with him over to the east side in search of stray bits of picturesque material. Cahan is a strange fellow. He is a reporter on one of the New York papers and is a mighty poor reporter at that. He is a brilliant writer and grasps the picturesque possibilities of a story instantly, but he doesn't know straight news when he sees it, and he'll never learn. Why he remains a reporter is something I have never been able to fathom, but I suppose its the old story of getting fascinated with a profession and being unable to turn it loose. If he wanted to he could quit tomorrow and be perfectly independent, for the magazines are only too glad to take anything he will write.

"I reported several important trials with Cahan and was very much surprised to notice how he 'slept' over points that were perfectly patent to the other reporters in the room. His news stories were invariably poor in point of fact, but were always written in an attractive style. When it came to a purely picturesque story, however, he could always be depended to turn out something that would be way above the average. Some of these days I expect to see him come to the front with a novel that will surprise the country."

People have for a long while wondered what those wild Indian yells in the police barracks alley meant at all hours of the day and night.

For years these yells have been heard many times both day and night. An officer, either a turnkey, a station sergeant or a call man, goes into the barracks alley, lifts up his voice and gives a yell that can be heard several blocks away.

This is the way the signal man up on the third floor of the barracks has to be notified to send the patrol wagon whenever a call comes over the station sergeant's telephone on the first floor.

When the weather is cold and the signal man has to close his windows the man down in the alley has to yell at the top of his voice, and people in the neighborhood have often wondered what such a thing had to do with police regulations.

It may be a little provincial, but it has long been the custom, and the men at the barracks are used to it, if the neighbors are not.

Albert Foster, of Madison, was in the city yesterday. He came up to see the baseball game. Mr. Foster was for many years one of the best amateur ball players in the south. He is now a candidate for the legislature and says that he has forsworn baseball playing forever. However, he never misses a chance to see a good game and can always be depended on to visit Atlanta when one is scheduled.

Er Lawshe, of Bainbridge, was in the city yesterday.

Commander Made Captain.

Washington, April 27.—The president today nominated Commander James H. Dayton, United States navy, to be a captain.

Palmetto Delegation Meets.

Washington, April 27.—The South Carolina delegation met today and arranged for a hearing on the bill for a soldiers' sanitarium at Castle Pinckney, in Charleston harbor before the house committee on military affairs, May 10th. The bill has passed the senate.

Resigned the Presidency.

Chattanooga, Tenn., April 27.—(Special.) Rev. J. L. Bachman, the founder and for the past twenty-six years the president of the Sweetwater Military Institute, at Sweetwater, Tenn., today resigned from the presidency to give his entire time to the Presbyterian ministry.

First Through Runs.

Mobile, Ala., April 27.—Both the Louisville and Nashville and the Mobile and Ohio railroads will make their first through runs tonight since the floods interrupted traffic on their lower divisions.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas H. Fletcher — The Kind You Have Always Bought

Prize Drill at Athens.

Athens, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Yesterday the Athens Guards appeared on the streets for the first time in their new uniforms and last night a prize drill was held at Dupree hall. After a long and heated contest the medal was won by Mr. J. W. Wier, Jr., son of Sheriff Weir. It was presented by Captain W. B. Burnett. The judges were Captain J. H. Beusse, Adjutant C. A. Vanderlieth, ex-Lieutenant Walter Forbes and Mr. Herschel Carithers.

Spaniards Given More Time.

Washington, April 27.—The senate in executive session today ratified the treaty with Spain, extending for six months the time in which Spanish residents of the Philippines may decide whether they will remain subjects of Spain or become citizens of the Philippines. Senator Davis explained briefly the provisions of the treaty and it was accepted without debate.

TETTER, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

WAKE FOREST WON THE GAME.

Made Six Runs to Mercer's Five Yesterday.

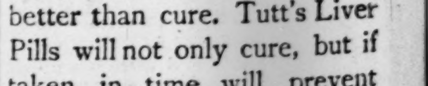
Macon, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Ten innings were required to decide the game this afternoon between Mercer and Wake Forest. It was decided the best game seen in Macon since the days of the Southern League, being snappy throughout. Nisbet was in the box for Mercer, while Foote twirled for Wake Forest. Both pitchers were rapped freely. At one time Mercer allowed the visitors to score, and by a safe hit with one man on base, in the tenth, the winning run was scored. Mercer showed a lack of practice. Moore did the best work for Wake Worest, scoring three runs and stealing nine bases. The game tomorrow will be closely contested. The following is the score by innings:

		R.	H.	E.
Wake Forest	2 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 1 1	6	11	1
Mercer	0 0 0 0 3 0 0 2 0 0	5	10	3

How Noted Physicians

CURE CATARRH

Geo. T. Hawley, M. D., Prof. of Lung and Throat Diseases, Chicago Clinical School, the largest Clinical School in the world, says in writing to Dr. Geo. Leininger: "I have been using your Formaldehyde Inhaler for Catarrh, Asthma, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds and other Nose, Throat and Lung diseases. I have found it superior to any remedy so far discovered."



Dr. Geo. Leininger's

FOR-MAL-DE-HYDE INHALER

Sold on a guarantee at all druggists 50cts. or direct from THE DR. GEO. LEININGER CHEMICAL CO., Chicago, Ill. Booklet mailed free for the asking.

IT CURES BY INHALATION

For Bladder Troubles use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU

Prevention

better than cure. Tutt's Liver Pills will not only cure, but if taken in time will prevent

Sick Headache,

dyspepsia, biliousness, malaria, constipation, jaundice, torpid liver and kindred diseases.

TUTT'S Liver PILLS

ABSOLUTELY CURE.

GET YOUR PRINTING, Blank Books, Ledgers, Journals, Cash Books, Binding, Electrotyping etc., etc., of

The Franklin Printing & Publishing Co.,

GEO. W. HARRISON, Manager (State Printer), Atlanta, Ga.

Consult them before placing your orders.

WILL NOT BE LARGE CROP OF COTTON

Colonel Bussey Talks About the Outlook This Year.

RAINS WASHED THE LANDS

And in the Bottoms Cotton Seed Have Rotted

THERE IS A SCARCITY OF SEED

Some Farmers Will Have To Replant and the Seed Cannot Be Purchased.

Columbus, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Colonel H. Bussey, one of the best posted men in the south on crop conditions, says it is practically certain that a large crop of cotton would not be made this year.

"Even in this section of Georgia and Alabama," said Colonel Bussey, "the rains are beginning to make the situation somewhat serious. A large part of the cotton was freshly planted when the rains set in, so that the lands were easily washed. This is especially true of the hillsides, while in the bottoms so much moisture rots the seed. It is very evident that stands from the first planting will be poor, as a rule, and a great deal of replanting will be necessary. The problem now confronting the farmers is where to get the seed for replanting. The first planting consumed about all the seed in this section. In fact, in some cases the acreage intended for cotton had to be reduced because the farmers could not get the seed. Last fall and winter prices of cotton seed were a little high, which induced farmers to sell down their supplies a little closer than usual. This was especially the case with negro tenants, who, with their usual improvidence, sold pretty much all the cotton seed they had, depending upon their landlord and white neighbors for their supplies at planting time. If the rains continue much longer the situation will become more serious, but it is hardly likely that the damage will be anything like so extensive in this section as in Texas and Mississippi and sections of Alabama. The scarcity of seed is general throughout the cotton belt and it is very sure that much of the lands overflowed in those states will not be planted in cotton on this account, even if the farmers had the time to prepare their lands before the season for planting is over. Even if the rains should cease now, it would be several weeks before the bottom lands would be dry enough to be plowed up and prepared for planting."

A number of well known farmers in the city the other day discussed the scarcity of cotton seed and the necessity for replanting, advancing pretty much the same views on the subject expressed by Colonel Bussey. The warehousemen are taking a great deal of interest in the reports of the floods and the subject is the general topic of discussion among the cotton men here. The opinion is almost general that the crop will be much shorter this year than it was last season. The damage done by the rains and the scarcity of cotton seed will certainly cut down the acreage and, of course, the crop is liable to be injured by other disasters before it is made and gathered. The only encouraging feature of the situation is that a short crop will mean good prices, unless the public is deceived again by the predictions of Neill and his sort, which seems hardly likely, after their dearly bought experience of last year.

The farmers of this section of Georgia and Alabama have planted a larger acreage of corn and small grain than ever before and will have plenty of "hog, hominy and hay" at home this fall.

STORY THAT JOHNSON TELLS.

Says Whitecappers Cause Terror in Tattnall County.

Savannah, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—A white man by the name of Johnson came here from Tattnall county to make complaint of what he declared to be an organized band of whitecappers that exists in that county a few miles from Reidsville. He said that he had refused to take part with the band in whipping and assaulting negroes and as a result his life had been threatened and he had to leave the county. Johnson declared that two or three murders could be traced to this band and that they had committed numerous outrages, for which none of them had ever been punished.

"They defy arrest," he said. "They serve on the grand juries and it is impossible to indict them. It is also impossible to get warrants against them served and they continue their outrages unmolested."

Johnson went before the United States commissioner to make complaint and wanted to swear out warrants against several prominent white men in Tattnall. According to his story, however, the crimes committed were all against the state and the United States authorities cannot deal with them. That being the case, Johnson said, since he had to return home, he intended to get him a double-barreled shotgun and let the first crowd that interfered with him have the full benefit of it. He declared that was the only way he could secure protection.

Fire at Montezuma, Ga.

Montezuma, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—On Wednesday night fire was discovered in the residence of Mr. E. J. Wilson, on Dooly street. The alarm was immediately given, but the fire had got such headway before the fire department arrived that it was impossible to save the house. When the fire was discovered by the inmates of the house the roof had begun to fall in, and a hasty exit was necessary to save their lives. The entire house and all its contents were destroyed, which was only partially covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been caused from rats in the ceiling.

OSBORNE MAKES A KICK

AGAINST ACTION OF CHATHAM COUNTY COMMITTEE.

Liberal and Citizen's Club People Came Near Having Row at the Meeting Last Night.

Savannah, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—So intense has the political feeling over the race for solicitor general become in this city that the meeting of the county executive committee held at the courthouse tonight to arrange for the coming primary almost split up in a row. The race in question is between Solicitor General W. W. Osborne and Mr. Walter C. Hartridge, the former backed by the Citizens' Club faction and the latter by the Liberal Club. The members of the latter faction predominated in the committee by a vote of 15 to 9 and that was the party vote on almost every proposition submitted. In the first place, the committee, presided over by Chairman Walter G. Charlton, decided to call a primary on May 15th, as prescribed by the state committee, at which all officers are to be balloted for. This includes county officers as well, some of whom have made objection to going into the primary at this time, because the time is so short. There was, however, little contention on this point.

There was a fight on the election of a new member to fill the vacancy caused by the death of A. N. Manucy, who was a Citizens' Club man. The Liberal Club majority put in J. J. Sullivan, who is a most ardent Liberal Club follower.

In the next place it was decided that the members of the executive committee should themselves be the managers of the primary election. A committee, consisting of Harry Willink and J. F. Sullivan, Liberal Club men, and A. M. Leffler, a Citizens' Club man, was appointed to purge the registration lists.

Both of these steps brought forth a storm of protest from the Citizens' Club side. Mr. J. S. Collins and others denounced these actions as thoroughly unfair and unjust. That, however, had little weight and the propositions were carried by the regular 15 to 9 vote.

It appears that the Citizens' Club faction treated the Liberal Club faction to a somewhat similar dose in 1896 and the Liberal Club faction bolted.

It is not known what course the Citizens' Club faction will pursue, but they are exceedingly wrought up over the matter.

Solicitor General W. W. Osborne tonight sent the following telegram to State Chairman F. G. duBignon:

"Savannah, Ga., April 27.—Hon. F. G. duBignon, care of Albemarle Hotel, New York City: The democratic executive committee of Chatham county has disregarded the rules of the state committee in ordering a primary for May 15th; first, without allowing me representation in the management; second, by appointing a committee to purge the lists of registered voters; third, by allowing me no representation upon the purging committee; fourth, by appointing J. F. Sullivan and Harry Willink, bitter partisans of my opponent, as the only two members accepting members of the purging committee. I demand an appeal to the state excutive committee and respectfully request that you call an immediate meeting of the committee to consider my appeal.

"W. W. OSBORNE."

CENTRAL AND FRUIT GROWERS

President Egan Talks About Arrangements for Crop.

Savannah, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The attention of President John M. Egan, of the Central railroad, was directed today to an editorial in The Atlanta Constitution arraigning the managements of the Georgia railroads, particularly the Central and the Southern, as those chiefly interested, for what was termed their failure to appreciate their opportunity for the realization of dividends by helping the peach growers of the state, and other farmers, by furnishing all the transportation and shipping facilities that should be asked.

President Egan was astonished that such a view of the attitude of the railroads toward the peach growers should be taken. He said:

"Arrangements have been made with the Fruit Growers' Express, with headquarters at Chicago, the strongest, best and only company that can furnish as good refrigerator cars and as many as are wanted. This company has erected icehouses at various points along our line and is now having them filled with ice manufactured in Macon. Anticipating the wants of the growers and to facilitate the movement of the fruit, we are now putting in additional tracks, aggregating six miles in length, at Fort Valley and out from the present fruit tracks that extend from Fort Valley and Marshallville. We are printing and distributing among the growers a list of crate manufacturers, so that they can obtain what crates may be desired. Rates for transportation, and also for refrigeration, are, and have been for some time, established, and the reports I have received from parties visiting the fruit growers at the present time is that all the fruit growers ask is that we give them a similar service to that of 1898. It is a very easy matter for some company that has a few cars to offer them at less rates for refrigeration and render inferior service. It is also an easy matter for soliciting agents of some lines of railway, if they do not see that their companies are to be given all the business, to complain to the producers and have them imagine that their interests are not being looked after. We have made every preparation that we can consistently make to take care of this business and know that a great deal depends upon it. We expect to keep thoroughly posted not only from day to day, but from hour to hour, as to the conditions and requirements that surround the coming crop and will anticipate its wants as far ahead as we possibly can."

Fell from Second Story.

Montezuma, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Wednesday afternoon about 4 o'clock Mr. Tom Dennie, a carpenter working under Contractor Black of this place, fell from the second story of Colonel Felton's new building, on North Dooly street, and sustained some painful injuries. Physicians were immediately called to his bedside, and dressed his wounds. The physicians think that unless he has sustained some internal injuries he will be able to resume his duties again in a few days.

DO THEIR OWN WORK IN FOUNDRY

Co-operative Establishment in Rome Succeeds.

IT GREW OUT OF A STRIKE

Molders Started with Very Small Capital.

NOW HAVE FLOURISHING CONCERN

Dividends Last and This Year Were Very Large—General News of Rome, Ga.

Rome, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—A remarkably strong argument in favor of small industries and the co-operative plan intelligently carried out exists in this city. Two years ago a number of the union molders in the Bowie & Terhune foundry went out on a strike. Ex-Mayor J. J. Seay persuaded and aided them in establishing a co-operative stove foundry. So from misfortune was evolved prosperity for many men, and the establishment of a splendid concern.

Every stockholder is a worker in some capacity, but there are only two salaried officers. The plant was capitalized at $20,000, and only 10 per cent was called for at the outset. A large part of the stock was paid for by the molders in labor in the building of the plant.

Some worked as carpenters, some as common laborers. So a large building was erected in North Rome, and orders booked months ahead for all of their product. At the first annual meeting a dividend of $30 per share was declared, and at the second annual meeting held last night a dividend of $37.25 per share was declared, and the capitalization increased from $20,000 to $30,000; and this concern has been the salvation of some of the men molders now near life's meridian, who, though always making good salaries, had never saved a cent, are under the present conditions well fixed. They have lived well, and comfortably, have their stock paid up, and are getting a magnificent dividend. All of the molders own from $500 to $1,000 in stock. A. Randle, a councilman from the fourth ward, is superintendent of the workers. If the men had been able to buy quantities of pig iron while prices were lower, their profits would have been greater.

Canning Factory.

Rome will have a first-class canning factory in operation in a few weeks. A company has been organized with ample capital, and machinery has been ordered. The plant will have a capacity of 5,000 to 10,000 cans per day. Fruit, tomatoes and beans will be canned. Rome has long needed such an institution, and every one is delighted that it has been secured.

Begins on Monday.

The C. L. King manufacturing company will begin on Monday morning making fruit crates. Already orders have been booked for the entire output of the plant up to and through the fruit season, and arrangements will probably be perfected to operate day and night. Mr. King says he could sell five times as many as he can make, the demand being phenomenal. Seventy-five to one hundred laborers will be employed.

Order Pheasant Eggs.

A party of Rome gentlemen have placed orders for 600 English pheasant eggs for May delivery. They will be distributed to people through the county who are interested, a dozen to fifteen eggs each. They are expected to provide and care for the young pheasants and prevent them from going wild until a law for their protection can be framed and passed. By this method they expect to get 150 to 300 good birds, which will form the nucleus for thoroughly stocking the county. A Floyd county game association will be formed for the protection and preservation of the game.

Will Go to Washington.

On May 15th a strong delegation of prominent citizens will leave here for Washington to appear before the river and harbor committee to appeal for the Coosa river. They will ask for a continuous appropriation of 6,000,000 for opening up the Coosa to the gulf. They will make a strong showing.

DOGS ARE WEARING MUZZLES.

New Law of Athens Went Into Effect Yesterday.

Athens, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The muzzle law is in effect in Athens, and the policemen here have been roping in stray dogs all day. About twenty of the canines were put in the pound today and all that remain uncalled for by 8 o'clock tomorrow morning will be killed.

The new dog law, which came about as a result of so many mad dogs being at large recently in this community, requires the muzzling of all dogs, and numbers of owners are kicking against it.

The Humane Society is outspoken against the new law, and will take steps to prevent its enforcement if possible.

The position of the city council is that they do not care to derive revenue from the tax on dogs, but prefer the muzzle law so that dogs may be kept in such a way as to absolutely prevent their biting people.

HISTORY OF SUNDAY SCHOOLS.

Professor Riley, of the University, Writing a New Book.

Athens, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Dr. B. F. Riley, of the University of Georgia, will spend considerable time during the next few months writing a new book, which will be "The History of Sunday Schools."

Dr. Riley has been asked to write this book by the American Baptist Publication Society, and he will begin at once the work which is necessary to make the new book one of the completest in the country.

The new book which Dr. Riley is to write will contain about three hundred and fifty pages and will contain the history of all the Sunday school movements, not being limited to Baptist history any more than to the history of any other religious denomination. Dr. Riley expects to complete the work upon the book within the next six months.

Cow Has Hydrophobia.

Athens, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—At Edwin, Ga., a place near Athens, a cow suffering from hydrophobia attacked a sheep, gored it to death and then plunged headlong into a creek and was drowned. The cow belonged to Mr. S. L. Morton. The animal created considerable excitement before drowning herself.

MACON TO HAVE NEW BRIDGE.

Old Structure Over River at Fifth Street Being Torn Down.

Macon, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Macon is at last assured of a new bridge over the river on Fifth street. A large force of hands is now at work tearing down the old structure which has served the people for over fifty years and another force is busy hauling the steel out of which the new one will be built.

The East Macon people will be put to a great inconvenience while the work is going on unless arrangements are made by which the people and vehicles can cross. This, however, is not probable, and it now seems that all traffic except people walking will have to over the Spring street bridge, which is about one mile out of the way. The city has arranged to have a ferry boat transport foot passengers. A fire company has also been sent to East Macon while the new bridge is being built. It is expected that the new structure will be completed by August 1st.

NEGRO DROWNED AT BRIDGE.

Flatboat Struck Pillar and Eberhart Was Thrown Off.

Elberton, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)Freeman Eberhart, colored, was drowned in Broad river late Tuesday afternoon, despite every effort made to save him. Contractor Wallace, with several hands, were at work on the new Bell's Ferry bridge. They were in a flat, putting up heavy timbers across the spans, when the flat moved by the high waters, struck one of the wooden pillars for temporary use, knocking a considerable portion of the structure down. In falling it struck the flat, knocking the bottom out of it, throwing all hands in the river. Eberhart could not be reached, and he drowned.

It will be remembered that last fall just after this bridge was completed and turned over to the county it was burned by incendiaries. The county had no trouble in collecting the insurance, and are now rebuilding it. The bridge joins Elbert and Wilkes counties.

Hurt by Team Running Away.

Thomaston, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Late yesterday evening Mr. W. C. Hightower, a prominent citizen and livery man of this place, was seriously injured by the running away of a frightened team of horses and today lies critically ill, suffering with a broken arm and many severe bruises.

ACTION OF WEBSTER COUNTY.

Primaries Ordered by County Executive Committee.

Preston, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The democratic executive committee of Webster county met yesterday and fixed a primary on May 15th to select candidates for governor, statehouse officers, superior court judges and solicitors general and a congressman for the third congressional district and a primary on July 11th to select candidates for the various county officers and a member of the general assembly.

The qualifications of voters at said primary elections to be that fixed by the state executive committee for state officers; that is, all white voters regardless of past party affiliations who will support the nominees of the democratic party shall be qualified to vote at said primaries. Also at the time of holding the primary for representative and county office, it is ordered that a new executive committee be elected and the returns of said primaries be made to the executive committee at the courthouse in Preston on the days following each primary by 12 o'clock m.

POLITICS IN HOUSTON COUNTY.

Many Candidates Announced—Committee Meets Today.

Perry, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Much interest is manifested in the political field in Houston. Jim Duncan's friends feel satisfied he will be nominated. He will get a large vote in Houston and will get a good vote in Bibb and Crawford.

Taylor and Walker for the senate, both are Crawford county men. Houston only has three candidates for representative announced; others are talked of and it is thought will come out. The different county offices all are being vigorously contested for; it is hard to predict the winners.

The democratic executive committee will meet here Saturday to arrange all matters pertaining to the primary, which will be on May 15th.

Congressman Lewis's friends say he will surely carry Houston by a good majority. Fort's friends are hard at work.

Ordered a Primary.

Baxley, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The democratic executive committee met here today and decided to have a primary election for statehouse officers, senator and congressman on the 15th of May as prescribed by the state executive committee and to have a primary for all county officers in the same manner and elect a new executive committee on the third Saturday in July. There are a number of candidates, especially for the office of sheriff. Hon. R. B. Hopps, of Wayne, is the only announced candidate for senator and Dr. J. L. Weaver the only candidate as vet for representative. There is only one populist candidate, so far, in the county.

DEATH OF REV. E. K. LOVE.

Eminent Colored Divine and Politician Dies at Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The announcement of the death of Rev. E. K. Love, of the First African Baptist church, will cause sorrow and regret to thousands of the colored race not only in Savannah, but elsewhere in the state. This remarkable negro preacher died at his residence in this city Thursday morning. Love had not only a religious, but also a political influence over the 5,000 or more communicants of his famous church, and while he never sought office for himself, he stood high in the estimation of the colored republican contingent.

Love was born a slave in Alabama. He acquired the rudiments of an education in Augusta and Atlanta shortly after the war and then took a theological course in Atlanta. He preached for a while in southwest Georgia and then came here fifteen years ago to take charge of the First African Baptist church. This church at one time was said to be the largest church in the world in the number of communicants, there being over 5,000. Of these over 2,000 were baptized by Love. About five years ago charges were preferred against him by members of the church, and though they were not sustained, about 1,000 of the church members withdrew and formed another congregation in the southern part of the city. This, however, did not seriously affect Love's church and its power among the negro race remained unshaken.

Love was at the time of his death president of the Baptist Missionary Society and treasurer of the Baptist Central college at Macon. He was chairman of the committee which aided in securing the colored Industrial college for Savannah. He was the founder of the Baptist Publication Society and editor of The Baptist Truth, the organ of his church in Georgia. He was a Mason in high standing and was well known all over the country.

The funeral today was undoubtedly the largest negro funeral that has ever been seen in this section of the country. The services at the church lasted from 11 o'clock this morning until 4 o'clock this afternoon, where the body lay in state, and talks were made by fifty or more local and visiting colored members.

The colored Masons and the pupils of the Georgia State Industrial college led the funeral procession to Laurel Grove cemetery. Following the hearse were forty-two carriages, forty-one hacks and ten buggies, all filled, and many persons followed on foot. More than 5,000 negroes and many white people gathered at the cemetery while the interment was taking place.

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Mrs. Pinkham has helped a million women who suffered with female troubles. She can cure YOU. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

THEY OBSERVED MEMORIAL DAY

At LaGrange, Ga.

LaGrange, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The memorial exercises here yesterday were unusually good and interesting. Colonel Shepard Bryan, of Atlanta, was the orator of the day and to those who know him it is not necessary to say that he covered himself with glory. The camp of confederate veterans held their regular meeting in the courthouse before the memorial exercises began. Major J. L. Schaub was re-elected commander for the ensuing year. This camp is making strenuous efforts to have written correct histories of the various companies and regiments to which its members belonged. Also histories of the individual members are being written and safely kept. Speaking of histories, here may be told a good story of the present commander of the camp, Major J. L. Schaub. One night his little son called on him for some explanation or assistance about his history lesson. The father took the boy's history and began to read it. Presently he took from his pocket a pencil and with considerable vim marked through one line after another until he had defaced several pages. Then he interlined the pages with his own version, and handed the son the book and said: "Learn what I have written; I was in that battle and have written the truth; what was printed there is not the truth."

The memorial exercises were held in the chapel hall of the Southern Female college at 3:30 o'clock. The exercises were opened with prayer by Dr. A. W. Quillian, pastor of the First Methodist church, after which 100 little girls and boys marched upon the stage and sang in a chorus "America." Then a song, "Just Before the Battle, Mother," was sung by Hon. W. G. Park, with Judge Frank P. Longley, Dr. Ranleigh Park and F. C. Ferrell as the chorus.

Judge Frank P. Longley in a most happy style introduced to the large audience his good friend, Colonel Shepard Bryan, the orator of the ocasion.

Speaking of the loyalty of the confederate soldier to the union, he said: "Whenever the crisis comes into the life of the nation, the sons and grandsons of the confederate soldiers will be found ready and waiting—yea, even eager to use their endeavors and their sacrifices to preserve the republic."

The speaker's peroration was sublime and the applause it provoked was deafening.

After the speaker the 100 little boys and girls again marched upon the stage and sang the immortal "Dixie."

Mr. J. J. Ware was marshal of the day and in forming the procession which was to march to the cemetery placed the veterans at the head of the column with the Light Guards next. At the cemetery a world of sweet, fresh flowers were strewn over the graves of the honored dead.

It was a large audience out to hear Colonel Bryan and the close attention paid his every utterance was an eloquent compliment. This was his first visit to LaGrange and he made many new acquaintances that will be more than a passing one he has made friends.

At West Point, Ga.

West Point, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Memorial Day was appropriately celebrated in West Point yesterday, the exercises being held in the Methodist church, beginning at 3 o'clock. A very interesting programme had been prepared and was beautifully rendered.

The choir sang several suitable songs, being followed by a duet by the Misses Jackson. A benediction was then asked by Rev. H. M. Quillian. Then came the singing of the "Bonnie Blue Flag" by the choir and the introduction of the speaker of the day, Hon. John D. Little, of Columbus, speaker of the Georgia house of representatives, by Mr. Signon S. Strong, in a short speech.

Mr. Little made a brilliant speech, paying a glowing tribute to the valor of the confederate soldier, but no less to the women of the confederacy. His speech was one of the most enjoyable ones ever listened to by a West Point audience, holding them spellbound by his magnificent thoughts and his fine delivery.

Immediately following Mr. Little's speech was a duet by Misses Charlie Belle Collins and Lonita Clark, and then the announcement of the line of march to the cemetery by the officer of the day, N. L. Atkinson, major in the Georgia regiment, uniform rank, Knights of Pythias, which was as follows: Uniform rank Knights of Pythias, Confederate Veterans, Daughters of the Confederacy, mayor and council of West Point and Lanett, school children, and private carriages.

At the cemetery a beautiful recitation was rendered by Miss Mary Johnson, commemorating the valorous deeds of the confederate soldiers.

At Abbeville, Ga.

Abbeville, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Appropriate exercises of Memorial Day were conducted by the students of the Georgia Normal College and and Business institute, in charge of Professor W. H. Cusells, of the scientific class, before an audience of 500 people of the town and surrounding country at the auditorium of the public schools building. The following programme was fittingly rendered for the occasion:

Invocation—Rev. O. V. Fuller, Abbeville, Ga.; "The Day We Celebrate," Mr. George Hyman; "Georgia Decoration Day," Miss Lola Smith; "Georgia Memorial Day," address, Mr. J. W. McKinnen, Florida; "Two (What)," Miss Jessie Cone, Florida; "Arlington," Mr. Terrell, Florida; "The Meaning of Victory," Mr. M. D. Dickerson, Georgia; "The Victories of Peace," Mr. C. C. Curry, Florida; "Patriots of the Past," Mr. Meek, Georgia; "Retreats of the Present," Mr. D. C. Clifton, Georgia; "The Greatest Man Who Wore the Blue," Miss Lula Conley, South Carolina; "The Greatest Man Who Wore the Gray," Miss Fletcher, Georgia.

Music was furnished by the Abbeville Star band and such selections as "My Country, 'Tis of Thee," "Star Spangled Banner," "Yankee Doodle" and "Dixie" inspired the audience to cheers and altogether the occasion was one of the best of the kind ever witnessed here.

At Dahlonega, Ga.

Dahlonega, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Memorial Day exercises, under the management of the Ladies' Memorial Association, of which Mrs. B. P. Gaillard is president, were participated in here yesterday by the citizens and the students of the North Georgia Agricultural college and of the public school.

The procession was formed on the public square, Mayor W. P. Price acting as commander, and at 9:30 o'clock proceeded to the cemetery, the battalion of cadets as honorary escort, preceding, followed by the surviving confederate veterans, the ladies of the memorial association and the public school pupils, 100 strong.

On arriving at the cemetery the graves of the soldiers received each its tribute of flowers from the hands of the school children and the battalion of cadets fired the customary salute. From the cemetery the procession repaired to the college chapel, where the following programme was presented:

Song by the School Children—"America."

Prayer—Rev. Wade H. Parks.

Song by School Children—"Dixie."

Address—Mr. R. P. Nunn, Phi Mu Society.

Recitation—Miss Blanche Gurley, Corona Hederae Society.

Music, "Bonnie Blue Flag"—College band.

Address—Mr. W. M. Smith, Decora Polaestra Society.

Music, "Dixie"—College band.

Address—Colonel W. P. Price.

Song by School Children—"Flag of the Free."

Address—Rev. C. M. Verdel.

Music, "In the Sweet By and By"—College band.

Benediction—Rev. E. R. Cook.

The exercises were the most interesting held in several years.

At Eatonton, Ga.

Eatonton, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The annual celebration of Memorial day was held here with more than the usual enthusiasm and interest. The veterans of R. T. Davis camp met in the courthouse at 10 a. m., ninety members being present. This was a larger attendance than has been in many years. Although this camp has lost during the past year ten members and three others dying who were not connected with the camp. This meeting was a very impressive one, and the remarks about the comrades who have crossed the "river" were touching and pathetic, realizing that as time goes on one by one they are dropping out of ranks to answer to the roll when it is called up yonder.

The Dixie chapter of the Daughters of the Confederacy had an excellent dinner spread for the veterans and at 1 o'clock they all sat down to enjoy this sumptuous feast. This dinner is a new feature of the Memorial day exercises and it will now be a permanent thing under the auspices of the Daughters of the Confederacy.

At 3 o'clock the veterans, Putnam rifles and citizens of the county gathered at the opera house where were held the exercises of the ladies of the Memorial Association. Instead of a set oration, a splendid musical programme was arranged which entertained all, a particular feature of this was the choruses by the boys and girls of the high school department.

This was followed by five-minute talks from the veterans, which proved most interesting as well as instructive. Each one who spoke had some incident to relate which held the attention of all present, and much unwritten history in this way is learned by the younger ones.

At Lexington, Ga.

Lexington, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The memorial exercises participated in by the pupils of Meson academy, under N. H. Ballard, principal, and Miss Mamie Weaver, assistant, was a most remarkable success. The history of the Gilmer Blues, company K, Sixth regiment, one of the largest and bravest companies that left for the front, among the first from this county, was given. The stage was most artistically decorated with flowers and a beautiful flowered monument was erected in the center in their honor. On the back of the stage was emblazoned the motto of the flag presented to the company, viz, "Liberty in its last analysis is but the blood of the brave."

Professor Ballard engaged as the orator for the occasion Judge W. M. Weaver, of Greensboro, Ga., a most distinguished veteran, and his most eloquent oration, for pathos and tenderness, brought tears to many eyes, and was the event of the exercises. The title, "The Private Soldier," was striking in the extreme. Before the speaker, in seats reserved for them, were the surviving members of the Gilmer Blues, about twenty in number. Prominently among them was Captain Thomas H. Dozier, the only officer of the company present. After a song, roll call and war record of each individual member of the company was participated in by the pupils of the school. As each name on the roll was called, some pupil would respond and give in detail the record of the member. As a whole a most remarkable record was given for bravery and valiant services. This company participated in the following battles: Williamsburg, Cold Harbor, South Mountain, Secessionville, Ocean Pond, Weldon railroad, Sugar Loaf, Seven Pines, Savage Station, Sharpsburg, Wagoner, Petersburg, Fort Harrison, Kingston, Bentonville, Mechanicsville, Malvern Hill, Chancellorsville, Fort Sumter, Drury's Bluff, Fort Fisher, Northeast River. A Ladies' Memorial Association of Oglethorpe county was formed immediately after the exercises. Mrs. Julia E. Stewart was elected president, Mrs. Dr. E. B. Rees secretary and Mrs. E. M. Drake treasurer.

The local military company, the Oglethorpe Rifles, company D, Third regiment, in command of Captain George C. Smith, Lieutenants E. P. Shull and A. M. Wilkins, participated in the day's exercises.

Professor Ballard and his worthy assistant are to be complimented for the beautiful rendition of the entire exercises.

At Thomaston, Ga.

Thomaston, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The memorial exercises held yesterday evening at the auditorium under the auspices of the Ladies' Memorial Association were largely attended by the people of both town and county. The exercises were especially good, consisting of the transaction of business important to the association, speeches and patriotic music. Colonel M. P. Hall, of Butts county, the speaker for the occasion, was introduced in an appropriate and excellent speech by Colonel B. L. Tysinger. Mr. Hall's address was a splendid one. His description of the ex-confederate soldier, his bravery, fortitude and his noble deeds, was full of eloquence, inspiration and strength and well calculated to enkindle in the minds of his hearers the most patriotic thoughts. His eulogy on the unknown ex-confederate hero whose grave is not marked and over whose sleeping dust waves the dank grass and fat weeds, grown luxuriant from the blood of carnage, was peculiarly touching.

The tribute to southern womanhood and her noble attributes as exemplified by her heroic self-sacrificing conduct during the dark days of '61, was beautiful and appropriate. The large audience was liberal in its applause and manifested an enjoyment and approval of every sentiment expressed.

After the exercises at the auditorium the children, led by the entire company of the Upson Guards, marched out to the confederate soldiers' cemetery, where, after elaborate military maneuvers and the firing of salutes by the military company in honor of the memory of the dead heroes, flowers, floral wreaths and bouquets were deposited on the mounds and tombstones sacred to the memory of the gallant men who gave their lives in defense of the constitution.

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New Spinach, pk	30c	Lettuce	10c-5c
English Peas, qt	10c	Celery	10c
Snap Beans, qt	10c	Watercress	10c
Tomatoes, qt	20c	Bell Peppers, doz	40c
Red Onions, qt	10c	Green Cabbage, lb	5c
New Yellow Onions, qt	15c	Rhubarb	5c
New Irish Potatoes qt	10c	Vegetable Oysters	10c
Onions, bunch	5c	New Squash	10c-5c
Turnips, bunch	5c	Cucumbers	10c-5c
Beets, bunch	10c-5c	Egg Plant	15c-10c
Asparagus, bunch	10c	Kale, pk	20c
Radishes, bunch	5c	Yellow Pumpkin Yams, pk	30c
Shallots, bunch	5c	Strawberries, fresh in today.	

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ATLANTA, GA., April 28, 1900.

In England Again.

The queen's Irish visit is over, and once more she is safely lodged in her English home.

There are many respects in which this visit has been remarkable, but the first and foremost is one to which attention has already been called, and that is her failure to go near the city of Belfast, which was the seat of pro-British loyalty. It was a stroke of good politics to avoid the one town in Ireland where a partisan character would have been given to her visit, and the fact cannot fail to have an impression upon the great majority in that country who have hitherto looked upon her majesty as a personal enemy. The first softening of feeling toward her was when they saw among them a pleasant, motherly old lady, just like hundreds of others who could be pointed out. Her avoidance of entanglement and suggestion of English ideas, and her compliance with the conditions of the country while in it, all established the fact that there is not so much difference between human beings when they come face to face, and regard the better impulses of their heart.

But now that the visit is over, are there likely to be any political consequences growing out of it? This question is discussed by Mr. Labouchere in an original manner, who declares that "it is hard upon the Irish that the queen of Great Britain cannot visit a portion of her kingdom which they inhabit, without having a flood of dreary criticisms, sermonizing, warning and exhortation descend on them from daily English journals." Such things, he goes on, do not happen when the queen visits Scotland or goes about England, then why should there be discussion when she goes into Ireland? "Every one," says Mr. Labouchere, "ought to know by this time that the Irish are Irish, and intend to remain so. It is through no fault of their own that they have not been born to the most perfect condition of life, viz, born English, and the initial misfortune can never be corrected in this world. Not only are they Irish, but they have their own way of being so, and this they cannot help either. It is the accident of birth."

In consequence of this, Mr. Labouchere argues that the visit will be productive of no developments in a political sense, and with Mr. John Redmond, he agrees that whenever another election is held the Irish will vote as they have in the past, though in doing so they may have a more friendly personal regard for the queen.

Concerning the Sultan.

The refusal of the sultan to be stampeded by the demand for indemnity for outrages committed in his empire is having the effect of bringing out some very rare opinions.

The sultan has been looked upon as a cruel despot. His people have been referred to as the "unspeakable Turks" and the condition prevailing throughout the Ottoman empire has been described as one of dense ignorance and persecution. The utterance of such views as have come from General Lew Wallace and Hon. A. W. Terrell, former ministers to Constantinople, are certainly new and instructive. If true, it is a pity that these gentlemen should have been so long silent about a matter concerning which the people needed information. According to General Wallace the sultan is a high-minded, intelligent gentleman with thoroughly Christian principles growing out of his education in Europe. Mr. Terrell declares that the sultan is an honest man, and that he was the most intellectual man he met while in Europe. These views, so in contradiction with our preconceived ideas, make necessary a reconsideration of the whole Turkish question. Have we been doing injustice to a large portion of the human race which believes in the doctrine of Mahomet? We are under obligation to do unto others as we would they should do unto us, and if we have been doing injustice to the Turkish character it would become us to set about a reconsideration of that error.

There is a feature of this Turkish business which seems to be overlooked and which is worthy of consideration. The trouble which gives rise to the present strained relations between the two governments grows out of persecutions of missionaries who went into the Turkish empire. Undoubtedly the missionary, preserving the character of the country whence he hailed, is entitled to the protection of his country to the uttermost limit. But between what a man is entitled to and what is prudent for him to claim, there is often a difference. A merchant goes to a foreign country for the single and sole purpose of making money and coming away. The missionary goes to make himself one with these people, in order to lead them to the adoption of his views. Standing among them as an ambassador from heaven, with an original commission and facing the fate of the early apostles, he is content to pay the penalty of his zeal. But if he stands among them with his political character hiding his mission, he is likely to arouse race and national jealousies which will interfere with his mission. Of course these are questions for those concerned to consider, but they seem to be worthy of thought, if we would look at the ultimate results which are to be gained.

The Inheritance Tax.

The principle of levying tax upon inheritances is one which is growing in favor the world over.

In France, for instance, there was raised during the past year a revenue of $38,600,000 from this source. The British government recently collected $3,000,00 from the estate of the multimillionaire Smith, while the state of New York has taken in quite a large sum from the same source.

The question of taxation is intricate in its meanderings, threatening at times to interfere with progress and to cut off the profit necessary to enterprise, while at other times the outcry is raised that it is heavy when applied to inactive capital, such as we find passes from generation to generation, under the title of inheritances. There can be no doubt but that the favor of the law should be extended to active capital in the hands of enterprising, living men, because it is due to their work that the community is upheld and that the values of inheritances themselves are protected. The last people in the world who should be considered with a view to relief from the burdens of taxation are those whose only effort in life has been the proof of relationship. The increase of immense fortunes passing from father to son, and growing larger with every generation, can only be met by a wise system of inheritance taxation, graded so as to fall in a merely nominal way upon small fortunes, but increasing to something substantial when applied to the larger. It would be an aid to the enforcement of the distribution of wealth, made through a legitimate channel, and saving at the same time active working enterprise from undue levies for the public burdens. It is a tax which is bound to come, in connection with the taxation of incomes, so that men may pay to the government a sum commensurate with the interests which they look to the government to protect.

Sex Aspect of Vagrancy.

The sex aspect of vagrancy was the subject of a recent decision by a Chicago court, in which the jury came to the decision that an idle woman could not be held, like an idle man, liable to prosecution on the charge of vagrancy.

It may be something new for women to learn that Judge Martin holds that it is no part of the duty of women to work. While it is true that they do work, yet that condition is not imposed upon them by the laws of political economy, and the statutes regarding vagrancy, which makes it an offense in men, were not intended to apply to women. In the case in point a woman was arrested for vagrancy. The statutes of Illinois, not very far removed from the same in Georgia, define a vagrant as "a person who is idle, remains idle and refuses to work." Counsel for defense argued that a woman could not be a vagrant, because she was not "made to work." It took the jury of twelve men but a few minutes to return a verdict supporting the theory of the defense. Commenting upon this decision The Times-Herald declares that "it is fraught with great possibilities. It is full of menace to masculine peace and comfort. It may force thousands of soft-handed, genteel husbands to work for a living."

Should the decision have this effect, it would at least do a good work in sending the idle professional husband to the chaingang instead of the wife.

Co-Education Under Test.

It may interest the ladies of Georgia who are anxious to establish co-education in our state university, to learn of how the subject is faring in other places.

A few days ago the senior class of the University of Pennsylvania held a special meeting, and decided to omit from the class records all mention of women students. A committee was appointed to confer with the other classes of the department for the purpose of opposing the spread of co-education in the university. It is explained that this is the first step which has been taken by the students to show their opposition to the system. Co-education began at the university about ten years ago when the biological department was thrown open to women students. Since that time it has been spreading until now there are about 370 women students in attendance, a majority of whom, however, are only taking the teacher's course.

This movement on the part of the young men is significant indeed. College men may be said to be in the grist which is to deliver them into maturity. hey naturally expect to engage in manly sports and diversions, instead of being restrained by the influences of the parlor. The presence of women students represses the natural exuberance which is to be expected in all healthy, well-developed boys. The objection to co-education has also found vent in Wesleyan college, one of the largest in New England, where the students have united in petitions to the faculty for a repeal of the permission for the enrollment of women students. In the Chicago university the discussion has taken a somewhat different form, where the girls and the boys have joined the fraternities, to the dismay of the professors who are trying to stop all unnecessary familiarity.

The Price of Coal.

The apparent shifting of the scene of coal production from Europe to the United States will be very far-reaching if it proves to be permanent.

During the past year it became known that American ships were carrying coal to Mediterranean points. At first this was looked upon as but an occasional exchange, by way of ballast, but latterly it has become known that it was commercial design, that the manufacturers on the continent and in the Mediterranean ports, unable to pay the high prices demanded for English and European coal, were forced, even at a transportation of 3,000 miles, to get their supplies from America. The prices have gone up because of the lack of coal of the proper grade, and the great increase in manufactures requiring the use of this article.

When coal reaches that point at which manufacturers cannot afford to carry the price, then it is the factory which will have to move to the coal bed, since the coal bed cannot be moved to the factory.

Thus we find that in a recent inventory of her resources, while the German output of coal was 4,000,000 tons in excess of the preceding year's supply, the amount on hand was entirely inadequate to meet the increased demand. Hence German manufacturers were compelled to go abroad. The Russian supply of coal is likewise inadequate. The grand total of the coal production in Great Britain last year was 220,085,383 gross tons. At the same time the coal production of the United States was 188,108,012 net tons of bituminous coal, and 54,034,224 gross tons of anthracite coal. This exportation which places us in the lead of even Great Britain is in excess of the coal used in manufactures at home. It is plain to the most casual observer that in every manufacture in which skill simply does not supply nine-tenths of the work, it will be forced to come to the coal bed, where cheaper material will give the owners a margin of profit. It is but the same experiment which has already been tried in cotton. Since the product can be exported from the initial point in the southern states to any part of the world equally as cheap, why should the raw material be freighted about thousands of miles at an extra cost? The same in regard to every other product of manufacture or skill will bring about the same result.

MONUMENT TO BE ERECTED TO GENERAL OGLETHORPE

An association has been formed in Brunswick, Ga., for the purpose of erecting a monument in memory of General James Oglethorpe, the founder of the colony. Glynn county was the home of Oglethorpe and it seems appropriate that this movement which will undoubtedly prove popular throughout the state should be started in Brunswick. Strange as it may seem, all these years have elapsed and no monument has been erected by the state that Oglethorpe founded to the man that gave his lifework to it. The people and the press of the state will honor themselves in making this movement a success, and the people of Glynn county are to be congratulated in taking the initiative in a movement that has been neglected too long already. Following is the announcement that has been issued by the committee starting the movement:

April 20, 1900.—To the Public: The undersigned have formed themselves into an association, whose object will be the erection, at Frederica, of a monument in memory of General James Edward Oglethorpe. In the one hundred and sixty-eight years that have elapsed since the founding of the colony, we have grown from a population of 170 souls to more than 200,000, and from a struggling colony to a great state. In all those years and with this great growth, not ever has there been placed even one tablet in honor of the man to whom we owe almost our very existence as a state. Glynn county was his chosen place of residence, and on St. Simon's island is situated the only home he owned in the new world. The association deems it a very fit and proper thing that citizens of the state and county should erect a stone to the memory of one who in his life furnished the brightest example in history of that highest of Christian virtues, charity and self-abnegation and whose life was consecrated to the struggling colony of Georgia. eW ask of the public, men, women and children, such aid as they can extend toward the furthering of this object.

Subscriptions will be received and acknowledged by any of the association.

CHARLES S. WYLLY,
JAMES L. FOSTER,
REV. D. WATSON WINN,
C. DOWNING,
WM. BERRIEN BURROUGHS,
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THE STATE PRESS.

Killed Her Husband.

Louisville, Ga., News and Farmer: Monday Sunie Knowles shot John, her husband, and he died yesterday. They were working in a field of Mr. S. E. McNeely, in Emanuel, near Midville, and had a quarrel. She went to her house, and after a time he followed. As he pushed open the door that had been fastened securely, the woman shot him in the breast with a pistol. It was done before a word passed, as she admits. They were raised here, the woman being the daughter of Anthony Rock, now dead. She started here with the corpse but was taken and put in jail.

The Capitalist.

The little bee suck the blossom,
Big bee eat the honey,
Farmer makes the cotton and corn,
But capitalist get the money.
—Americus, Ga., Herald.

The Fruit Crop.

Americus, Ga., Times-Recorder: The estimate is now made that at least 3,000 carloads of fruit will be shipped from Georgia during the present season.

Intrenched.

Americus, Ga., Times Recorder: There is one voter in Sumter county who sits in immunity from the army of candidates out vote-chasing. He lives within six miles of Americus, and raises bees as well as cotton. This progressive and far-seeing farmer has just placed 105 hives of bees on the "firing line" at his front gate, and fortified in his home behind this masked battery of energetic bees and robust hornets he laughs defiance at the candidate, who dares not venture even to the front yard.

One-Eyed Bill's Verses.

De candidates done quit coming around,
And left old Bill alone,
And oh! how sad I do feel,
While plowing in de corn.

Nobody to "chat wid" at de end,
Like it was a week ago;
And now I wish I had been
Running for "so and so."

'Spect I'll run de nex' time,
And hope you'll remember me,
And do me all the good you can,
Because I cannot see.
—Griffin, Ga., Call.

Will Raise Celery.

Washington, Ga., Chronicle: Mr. C. H. Smith is going to make his farm, a few miles north of town, as famous a place for celery as Kalamazoo. He is preparing to raise great quantities of it and we are sure he will meet with great success.

An Epidemic.

The candidates—the candidates!
They are with us early—with us late;
They wear their slouch hat far from straight;
Their suits of jeans are out of date;
They are creaking all the rusty gates,
The candidates—the candidates.
—Harlem, Ga., People's Cause.

Hon. W. M. Howard.

Washington, Ga., Reporter: Congressman Howard's speech on the Philippine question will be used as a campaign document by the democratic national committee. This is quite a compliment to the eighth's brainy representative. Keep your eye on Bill Howard. His intellect will one day put him in the United States senate.

Wallace Reed's Sketches.

Madison, Ga., Advertiser: Wallace Putnam Reed's name to sketch, reminiscence or casual observation, is a guarantee of appreciative flavor, and his column, now appearing in The Constitution, is one to which the eye naturally turns with an appetizing relish.

No Candidate Nominated.

Jackson, Miss., April 27.—The republicans of the seventh congressional district met in this city this afternoon and selected G. E. Matthews and R. O. Edwards as delegates to the national convention. No candidate for congress was nominated.

HEARD AND SEEN ON THE STREETS

Hats off to the Daughters of the Confederacy!

Their crosses of honor delivered to the veterans yesterday are worth a hundred times more than their weight in gold.

Commander W. M. Durham was showing me his cross, when another veteran, Mr. Hallman, came up and remarked:

"They cheered you when you went up to get your cross, and it made me feel good."

By the way, these crosses beat Napoleon's Legion of Honor cross out of sight. I have seen one, in the possession of the Le Vert family of Atlanta, and it is in every way inferior to the confederate cross. But it will live forever in history, and so will these crosses, distributed by the bright and beautiful daughters of the bravest men who ever answered their country's call.

"That sunshiny man," said Mr. P. H. Snook, the other day, speaking of Banker Thornton's address at the Grand.

"I liked the phrase because it was not only picturesque but true.

The Birmingham people nominated Henry B. Gray for county treasurer, as I predicted, a few months ago.

Gray is an Atlanta boy, one of The Constitution's staff, and he is as highly appreciated here as he is in his Alabama home.

Both nature and education would have a hard time to turn out a better, brighter or abler man than Henry B. Gray.

Some time ago Poet Stanton promised me a copy of one of his songs set to music by a New York firm.

The package came, and Stanton saw that the firm name was Boozey & Co.

"I don't want 'em," said Stanton.

I agreed with him.

"Three thousand people went out to Brookwood last Sunday," said a gentleman at the Kimball.

"They tore down the dogwood trees and the honeysuckle bushes, and made a general wreck of the beautiful wild woods.

"I understand that an act will be introduced in the next legislature to prevent and punish this vandalism."

Right!

Mr. Joe Thompson has been paying taxes here from his earliest manhood, and his property rights should be protected.

Other old citizens are in the same boat. People presume upon their cleverness, and wreck and destroy their property.

It is time to call a halt.

Julian Hawthorne, the famous novelist, is spending a few days in Birmingham with a first-class artist, and the two have furnished The New York Morning Journal with an article which places Birmingham in the lead, at present, of all the southern cities.

Hawthorne predicts that Birmingham will soon be one of the richest cities in America.

He is right. Atlanta recognizes this, and is Birmingham's co-worker. The prosperity of that city will build up Atlanta.

In all countries the finer grades of iron and steel manufacturing are carried on a hundred miles or so away from the coal and iron centers.

The sudden rise of Birmingham will make Atlanta a great city. It will be the old story repeated of Pittsburg and Philadelphia.

But I am tempted to go over there to grow up with the country.

Oscar Turner, the electrician, is a mighty bright youngster.

The other day, when he spoke to me about this column, I remarked that it dealt mainly with older citizens.

"The very men I want to read about," replied Turner, "they built up the city, and I want to study them."

There is a future for a young man with such ideas.

If Julian Hawthorne would run over from Birmingham now he would catch Whitcomb Riley here, and the town would be plunged into the flurry of a literary revival, so to speak.

Gus Holbrook, the Peachtree street merchant, has lots of sense and humor.

I get more good jokes from him than from anybody else.

But I have a good one on Holbrook. For years he had been criticising my articles, but one day he took the streets and praised one of my editorials to the skies.

He said it was the finest thing he had read in years.

The thing he referred to was simply a brief editorial advising people to settle their small accounts, in order to put more money in local circulation.

Sensible man!

I dropped into Harry Silverman's yesterday and found Lucien Harris registering the voters of North Atlanta.

Mr. Harris is one of the youngest of our officials, but he has the appearance of a statesman, from brow to bootheel, and the older men who deal with him go away impressed with the idea that he is one of our coming men.

And they are right!

Life insurance is a funny thing.

Twenty-eight years ago, at the urgent request of the general agent of a solid company, I was examined and rejected because my chest measure was too small.

The company is now "busted," and the esteemed president was sent to the penitentiary, while the general agent died of a broken heart.

I am still living, but I have not fooled with insurance agents since.

The book stores have many demands for H. W. Dresser's "Power of Silence."

Jim Sturges tells me, but I can hardly believe it, that most of these requests come from women.

What in thunder does a woman know or care about the power of silence?

Yesterday I stood on the top of The Constitution building and looked at the waving and rolling billows of green in the suburbs.

Thirty years ago there was no such spectacle to be seen—nothing but bare wastes, and the blood-red lines of forts and breastworks.

Now, under a smiling providence, rose gardens cover the fields where a generation ago brothers and cousins tried to cut throats and plunge this fair land into the horrors of a fratricidal war.

It is all over now; and the blue and the gray march shoulder to shoulder, keeping step to the music of the union.

WALLACE PUTNAM REED.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Calls a Halt.

Editor Constitution—In the programme for the celebration of Memorial Day in Atlanta I observe that there is to be a quartet, "Tenting Tonight." "Lorena" or some other southern song should have been sung.

"Lorena" was one of the most popular songs of the war between the states. "Tenting Tonight" was never heard of in the south during that period. It was written by Walter Kittredge, of New Hampshire, who would not volunteer but had to be drafted before he would fight for his own side.

Last week I heard a lot of college girls at a baseball game singing home-made words to the odious air "Marching Through Georgia."

It is time to call a halt.

ROBERT R. HEMPHILL.

Abbeville, S. C., April 26, 1900.

Merchants Sue Hotel Men.

Huntsville, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—May, Buttrey & Cooney, dry goods merchants, have filed a suit against the Huntsville hotel for $2,000 damages. The plaintiffs claim that a bathtub in the hotel overflowed and damaged a big stock of silks in their store below.

SOME FACTS AND FREAKS PICKED FROM THE PRESS

The New York papers have again started the rumor that Miss May Handy, of Richmond, who is so well known in Atlanta, is to be married to Mr. James Brown Potter. Miss Handy has just been forced to send out another denial of the report, which she states is "absolutely without foundation and entirely untrue." Miss Handy is well known throughout the south and Atlanta as one of the most beautiful women in the country, and she has for some years been a reigning belle in Richmond. The story that she is to marry Mr. Potter is evidently a yellow journal fake. The same story that connects the name of Miss Handy with that of Mr. Potter also stated that Mrs. James Brown Potter, who is now in London, would soon marry Lord Kitchener of Khartoum. Mrs. Potter has cabled from London that this part of the story is also untrue and without the least foundation.

If Admiral Dewey continues much longer to be the recipient of gifts from every section of the country he will be able at his death to establish in Washington the "Dewey Museum." Such an institution would undoubtedly be of great interest and the present indications are that Dewey will have no trouble in filling it. It would take a large sized room to hold the loving cups alone. Then there might be another room for the medals, swords, watches, punch bowls—no "artillery punch" bowls. At his death the admiral might leave the house given him by the nation as the museum, and fill it with the presents made him. It is safe to predict that he will receive at least a half carload of gifts on the trip that he is now preparing to take through the west and south. The city of St. Louis has already made for him an enormous punch bowl and it is safe to say that Chicago will not be outdone. The Dewey museum seems to be the thing.

In this age of the new woman a funny divorce suit has come to light in Chicago. A party, he could scarcely be called a man, by the name of Arthur Buchanan has entered suit for divorce against his wife on the ground of cruelty. It is represented that the respondent to whom Buchanan was married about two years ago is now about twenty pounds heavier than the petitioner and that she has inflicted serious injury upon him. Mrs. Buchanan, when served with the suit, remarked that she could not seriously think of anything so funny as her husband's allegations. Now that the first step has been taken and a poor, downtrodden husband has put up the plea of cruelty, the next thing will be for one to plead desertion and non-support on the part of a wife as a ground for divorce.

And now it has come to pass that an old woman nearing the century mark has gone to waltzing. Mrs. Ann Bartholomew, of New Rochelle, N. Y., ninety-one years of age, is the party who has won distinction by indulging in the frivolous waltz. In speaking of the waltz the old lady said:

"I suppose that I should have relegated the dreamy waltz to oblivion long ago," said Mrs. Bartholomew, laying aside her embroidery. "But to tell the truth, I cannot resist its spell, even though age has set its seal on my locks and limbs. I can look on unmoved at a two-step and the other new dances, but the strain of a waltz makes me a girl again and I find its mazes as easy as ever.

"You must not think that I do nothing useful. I have stitched about thirty silk bed quilts and I make a great many button holes for the dressmakers in New Rochelle. My father died at forty and my mother at fifty, so it is difficult to account for my long life. I have always been regular in habits."

And yet there are some people who marvel at the frivolity of youth.

SIDE LIGHTS ON TRIALS OF MOUNTAIN MOONSHINERS

For the last few days Judge Newman, of the United States district court, has been sending batches of ten or a dozen moonshiners to the county jail for terms of from one to six months. There is little to break the monotony of these cases, and it is rarely that a witness is struck who injects an element of personal interest into them. The accused, like the charges against them, are tiresomely alike, and one might almost stand for a type of all.

The north Georgia moonshiner is not a bad man on the exterior. That is, he does not meet the conventional idea of a desperado as conceived from familiarity with the Deadwood Dicks and Panhandle Petes of a hair-lifting school of fiction. On the contrary, he is as mild-mannered and inoffensive a piece of rusticity as you will meet behind any ox team. His languid blue eye and mouth ajar do not bespeak guile, and when he gives his circumlocutory testimony on the witness stand in a timid, drawling monotone, you mentally say, "He may be green as a gourd, but he is the man old Diogenes was hunting with his lantern." But you may not understand this child of the mountains' "ways that are dark and tricks that are vain." In his way, the man with the still is as smooth as town folks.

One of the greatest problems the federal jury has to unravel, and which is solved by a process of elimination, or deduction, or second sight, or something, is how a blockade distillery's casual guests are to be distinguished from its guilty operators. There are few mountaineers who live in the vicinity of a still who do not "jest happen ter drop eround" to borrow a monkey wrench, or see about a log raising, or spice their inert livers with a sip or two of mash beer, and these well intending Dog Trays are always there when the revenue surprise party calls.

Yesterday an innocent suspect of the name of Pink Lowry rubbed his low-drooping yellow mustache on the Bible and humped himself up meekly in the witness chair.

"Now tell us," said the prosecuting attorney persuasively, after he had taxed his inquisitive resources to enlighten the jury as to the defendant's domicile and source of livelihood, "how it was that you happened to be at this distillery, for you cannot deny that your hat was found there and you were bareheaded when the officers caught you."

"Hit warnt my hat. When I got ready ter go, Simp Sumpson went, too, an' Simp he tuck my hat an' left hisn."

"What were you doing there?"

"I had jest come in ter git some medicine for my ole father, who was powerful bad tuck, an' when I got it I was leavin'—"

"What made you run?"

"I was in er powerful hurry, fer the ole man needed hit an' I hed fur ter go."

"You wasn't running away from the officers?"

"Nope. I jest happened ter be leavin' when the others left kinder suddint like."

Another childlike and bland denizen of Fannin county told the same story with slight variations.

"Is it not true that you were feeding the furnace at this stillhouse when these arrests occurred?"

"I jest happened eround an' was gassin' a leetle with the fellers when Bill Smith axed me ter putt a stick o' wood on the fire, an' I up an' done hit."

Another, when asked why he disappeared so precipitately when the deputy marshals drew near, answered with amusing naivete:

"I heerd some un holler out 'Thar goes er rabbit!' an' I lit out with my dog ter ketch hit."

And so it went. The man who worked in the distillery was as hard to find as the man who struck Billy Patterson. In most instances no proof could be adduced to show that these alleged chance visitors at illicit stillhouses were implicated in the law's infraction, and the jury had to turn them loose. It is one thing to raid a still and another to bag your moonshiner.

ABOUT AFFAIRS IN CENTRAL AMERICA

Nicaragua's Play To Squeeze Out a Sister Republic.

COSTA RICA ACTED STRAIGHT

But Diplomats Have a Different Idea of the Nicaraguan Politicians.

THE MARITIME ORANGE SUCKED DRY

When That Was Done, Another Concession Was Granted—A Minister Who Doth Protest Very Much.

By Jos: Ohl.

Washington, April 27.—(Special.)—The announcement from Nicaragua that the government has formally canceled the canal concession granted to the Maritime Canal Company can have no material effect upon the construction of the Nicaragua canal as provided in the legislation now pending before congress. For all practical purposes the Maritime company's concession had been nullified by the Nicaraguan government, and the only thing that remains of that concession is in the shape of claims of the company. The company has, of course, disputed the right of the Zelaya government to arbitrarily declare its concession terminated when in so many words that concession provided for its own continuance or renewal, but after President Zelaya and his congress had granted a subsequent concession to the Eyre-Cragin people in return for a sum supposed to be one hundred thousand dollars, the Maritime people practically gave up, and they have announced that their claim would not be allowed to stand in the way of any steps which the government might desire to take toward the construction of a canal by direct appropriation under the direction of the secretary of war as is now contemplated by the Morgan and Hepburn bills.

It is expected that the Hepburn bill will pass the house next Wednesday and that the senate committee will urge its immediate passage by that body. Under the terms of that bill the president will have the power to acquire whatever property these American concessionaires may have which will be of any value in carrying through the project. In this way it is possible that the Maritime company may be able to get something for its outlay, but it is doubtful if the later concession to the Eyre-Craigin people will be given very serious consideration. It is the understanding here that while these people have a concession from Nicaragua, they have never been able to do anything with Costa Rica, and the possession of one concession without the other is of very little value.

Nicaragua's Designs on Costa Rica.

In connection with the canal the reports of troubles involving these two countries and the United States of Colombia have attracted a good deal of attention. The Nicaragua minister is doing a good deal of protesting these days against the suggestion that his government has any sort of designs on Costa Rica or that it is taking any hand in fomenting troubles for this little sister republic. These protests are given careful consideration by the state department as a matter of course, but those people who are most familiar with the conditions in the Central American isthmus seem inclined to believe that anything is possible with Nicaragua.

"Throughout all the negotiations relative to canal legislation," said a state department official who is in close touch with Central American affairs, "Costa Rica has always played absolutely straight. The officials who have been in charge of that government from time to time seem to be of a different stripe from those whom the different revolutions have from time to time put in power in some of the other Latin-American republics. The crowd that is in control in Nicaragua has a reputation which may well be said to be savory. Those fellows are out for everything there is in sight. They squeezed the Maritime orange dry, and then when they found that Hitchcock and Miller and the rest of them had tired of the legalized blackmail that was levied against them, they threw the Maritime project overboard and negotiated a concession for as much as they could get out of the other people.

Should We Pay for the Privilege?

"Of course the representative of that government will resent any reflections upon the honor and integrity of those who keep him in office, but it is a hard crowd, and it will require more than the minister's protests to prove to me that the government is not secretly plotting against Costa Rica in the hope that it may hold up this government for a large sum in consideration for the rental of a canal site. I am very much mistaken in the temper of this government," continued this gentleman, "if it consents to play into the hands of the Nicaragua gang by giving anything more than a purely nominal rental for the canal site. It is preposterous to think of our going there and at heavy cost putting through a project which will be of vast value to that country and then being compelled to pay for the privilege. If we had only Costa Rica to deal with there would be no possibility of trouble, but with the gang now running Nicaraguan affairs there is no telling what is ahead of us."

VERY FEW BLACK DELEGATES

Will Be in the North Carolina Republican Convention.

Raleigh, N. C., April 27.—(Special.)—Arrangements are complete for the republican state convention, which meets here at noon Wednesday. Chairman Holton will call it to order. He will be re-elected chairman, having no opposition. There are only 240 delegates, but the attendance of other members of the party will be very large. Republican leaders say there is no doubt that R. Z. Linney will be nominated for governor; Z. V. Walser for attorney general, and Charles Reynolds for chairman of the corporation commission. It is expected that Daniel W. Patrick will be nominated for agricultural commissioner. Professor Hodgin, of Guilford college, is most prominently mentioned for superintendent of public instruction.

Special efforts have been made to prevent the election of negroes as delegates and the republican leaders claim there will be few of them.

IN THE PUBLIC EYE.

Recently the offices of the national Woman's Christian Temperance Union have been snugly located in Rest cottage, Evanston, the former home of Miss Frances Willard. Instead of the clash and roar of LaSalle street the officers of the organization may now perform their work amid the green of lawns and trees and the quiet and harmony of the suburbs. The formal opening of the Rest cottage quarters occurred Saturday. The union occupies at present the north half of the resi-



New Home of Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

dence, and there are stored the documents and literature of the organization. The temple, at LaSalle and Monroe streets, was deserted about ten days ago. The ceremonies at the opening consisted of brief addresses by pastors of Evanston and members of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union. Those who spoke were: Rev. William Macafee, Mrs. L. M. N. Stevens, Dr. Milton S. Terry, Dr. A. B. Greene, Mrs. S. M. D. Fry and Helen M. Barker. The dedicatory prayer was offered by Rev. J. H. Boyd, of the First Presbyterian church. At the close of the exercises the offices of the union and Miss Willard's old home were thrown open to the public. The removal from the Temple came only after a long struggle to redeem the building from debt. When it was found the rent of the union's offices was becoming a serious drag to the organization it was decided to seek cheaper quarters. The home of the former leader of the Woman's Christian Temperance Union was available and it was believed that not only would Rest cottage be adequate to the needs of the union, but that the occupancy of it would serve to keep fresh the memory of Miss Willard.

Amelie Rives, the brilliant southern writer, is lying critically ill at her father's home in Virginia with an attack of nervous prostration which has greatly alarmed those about her bedside, since she has not had an attack of this kind in many years. The famous author of "The Quick or the Dead" does not use the title of her husband, the brilliant Prince Troubetzkoy. The name she authorizes in books of biography generally is Amelie Rives Chanler, the second surname being that of her first husband. Mrs. Chanler has not been active in the literary way since she produced her story, "According to St. John." Most of her time has been spent in London and on the continent of Europe. Her present abode, Castle Hill, in Albemarle county, Virginia, serves to recall the days of her girlhood, when she was so fond of her horses, her dogs, her dumbbells and her studio.

Mrs. James Brown Potter, the well-known actress, who has just been granted a divorce, is reported to be engaged to General Kitchener, the hero of Khartoum. Mrs. Potter has tried for several years to divorce herself from Mr. Potter, but without success until the present, and she has succeeded now because Mr. Pot-



MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER.

ter is likewise anxious to get married. Before her wedding with Mr. Potter the now noted actress was Cora Urquhart, a New Orleans beauty, who went to New York and captivated its society. Mr. Potter—a nephew of Bishop Potter—was a domestic man, fond of his home and averse to gay life. Mrs. Potter was devoted to amateur theatricals and liked to show her talents. At a charity affair in Washington she recited "Ostler Joe," a very naughty poem. The incident created much unpleasant comment, and everybody was shocked. Then Mrs. Potter left her husband and adopted the stage as her profession. She was a failure at first, but during recent years, in association with Kyrie Bellew, she has risen to a high place in her art. She has played in every English-speaking country in the world.

REVOLUTIONISTS SUCCESSFUL.

Principal Seaport of Colombia Now in Hands of the Insurgents.

Washington, April 27.—The state department has received confirmation of the press report that Cartagena has fallen into the hands of the revolutionists. Cartagena is the principal seaport of Colombia and collects most of the customs revenues of the country. Consequently, its capture will greatly strengthen the revolutionists. It is probable that the navy department will dispatch one of the smaller gunboats now cruising in the West Indies to the seat of trouble in order to insure American interests against loss. The Colombian government has received information tending to demonstrate its contention that Nicaraguans are at the bottom of this last rebellion. It is asserted that the revolutionists have fitted out a Nicaraguan gunboat named the Rayo, flying the Nicaraguan flag, which is now at Maricaibo, Venezuela, preparing to operate against Colombia.

TEXAS TOWN BADLY DAMAGED.

Schoolhouse Struck by Storm and Scholars Are Injured.

Blum, Tex., April 27.—This place was visited shortly after noon today by a heavy wind and rain storm which demolished the schoolhouse, residence of T. Robertson and numerous barns and outhouses. The Baptist church was also damaged. At the schoolhouse two scholars were seriously and several slightly injured. The wife of Mr. Robertson was also seriously injured. A report from Rockdale states that the mines at that point were flooded this afternoon by the high water, drowning four men.

ARMORY RENTS PAID ON DEMAND

Each Company To Receive $150 a Year from State.

AMOUNT FIXED YESTERDAY

State Takes Burden of Rent Out of Hands of Its Troops.

OFFICERS MUST FIRST MAKE BOND

The Fact That Each Company of All Classes of Troops Is To Receive $37.50 a Quarter Was Announced by Gov. Candler Yesterday.

Governor Candler directed an order to issue yesterday from the office of his adjutant general providing that the rent of all the military armories in the state be paid out of the treasury from the general military fund. The order issued is in compliance with the act of the last legislature, but for the first time yesterday the amount that each company is to receive quarterly for this purpose was made known.

Each company in the state, white and colored, including cavalry, artillery and the three divisions of naval militia, is to be credited with $37.50 a quarter, or $150 a year, for the payment of armory rent, and this amount will meet every demand in all but a few companies in the state's service. The new order of things went into effect on February 1st and the payment for the first quarter will be called for in the next few weeks.

Before receiving the stipulated amount each company commander must have given bond for the safe keeping of the property in his charge and his command must have been duly inspected and admitted into the militia.

The payment of armory rent is an innovation which is expected to have a beneficial effect on the entire militia. In the past the state has allowed the companies of the militia to struggle along as best they could, held together alone by the pride of the men in their different organizations. The experiences of the past year demonstrated to Governor Candler that the national guard has a distinct part to play in maintaining order, and this being so, it was his conviction that the state should bear part of their burden.

New uniforms at the expense of the state have for the first time been provided, and these concessions mean that when the militia is called on it is expected to move. At Albany on Tuesday Governor Candler inspected twelve commands of the militia, largely those of the Fourth regiment, under command of Colonel W. E. Wooten. The impression made on the chief executive was a fine one and the following day this impression was reproduced when he inspected the Fifth regiment, in command of Colonel Park Woodward, in Atlanta.

The great difficulty in maintaining the organization of troops in the country districts heretofore has been the fact that the men were required to pay their own armory rent. This difficulty has now been done away with and under the partial support of the state the national guard is expected to reach a state of perfection unknown in former years.

Story of a Slave.

To be bound hand and foot for years by the chains of disease is the worst form of slavery. George D. Williams, of Manchester, Mich., tells how such a slave was made free. He says: "My wife has been so helpless for five years that she could not turn over in bed alone. After using two bottles of Electric Bitters, she is wonderfully improved and able to do her own work." This supreme remedy for female diseases quickly cures nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, headache, backache, fainting and dizzy spells. This miracle working medicine is a godsend to weak, sickly, run-down people. Every bottle guaranteed. Only 50c. Sold by all druggists.

Dr. Landrum in Savannah.

Savannah, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Dr. W. W. Landrum, pastor of the First Baptist church of Atlanta, is in the city conducting a week's revival service at the First Baptist church here. The meetings began tonight with a large attendance.

THE TINNERS HAVE ORGANIZED

All Officers Have Been Elected for Ensuing Term.

The tin, sheet iron and cornice workers of Atlanta have effected a permanent organization with the following officers: W. T. Johns, president; W. T. Braswell, vice president; A. W. Morgan, recording secretary; O. H. Winsor, financial secretary; D. A. Wheeler, corresponding secretary; W. E. Ray, treasurer; W. G. Cornett, conductor; A. J. Morrow, warden; G. A. Brown, W. H. Roberts and J. H. Smith, trustees.

The new union is expected to prove one of the most successful organized in the city for some time, and the next regular meeting will be held at Federation hall on the evening of May 4th.

The Wedding Present.

It takes a person of genius to think of a novel present for a bride nowadays. That is unless the selection is made from our large and varied stock, which is selected by an expert—if not a genius. One thing difficult to avoid is duplicates. Our stock will greatly assist you in this respect, as we make a specialty of ordering exclusive designs. See our most superb line of pure white cut glass and sterling silver—very latest productions.

MAIER & BERKELE,
Jewelers.
31 Whitehall.

"HOLY PROPHET" GIVEN HEARING IN POLICE COURT

The strange negro who calls himself the "Holy Prophet" was arraigned in the police court yesterday afternoon on the charge of idling and loitering.

His name is on the police docket as the "Holy Prophet," and if he has any other name, no one has been able to ascertain what it is.

The trial of this unique and odd character made one of the most remarkable cases that has ever been investigated by the recorder of Atlanta.

Recorder Broyles thinks the negro is demented, and has instructed the police to take him before the ordinary; but Dr.



THE HOLY PROPHET-

Hurt, the sixth ward city physician, says the "Holy Prophet" is a fraud and a cheat and ought to go to the chaingang.

One of the features in the trial was the statement of a negro woman, who preaches on the street and who wants to see the alleged prophet, so she stated, for the purpose of finding out if the Lord had at last sent a deliverer for the negro.

The prisoner stated to the court that he was the "Holy Prophet," and that he was one of the thieves who was crucified on the cross with Christ.

He went so far as to claim that he could perform miracles and attempted to carry out this programme in the courtroom, but met with dismal and overwhelming failure.

Wednesday night Bicycle Officers Key and Moss arrested a negro who lived in the third ward and whom a large number of negroes claimed had taken money for the performance of miracles which he never performed.

Yesterday afternoon the negro was before the recorder. About fifteen negro women were present as witnesses, and several of them testified that the prisoner had represented himself as a "Holy Prophet" and had collected money from them with the promise of bringing to pass wonderful charms to make them immune from trouble and harm on earth.

One woman stated that she paid the "Holy Prophet" several dollars, and among other things, he promised that she would never lose any of her washing.

"And Judge," said the witness, "I lost the best customer I had the very next week."

From the evidence in court it appeared that the "Holy Prophet" held meetings in a house, and he admitted only those who believed in him.

The leading witness for the city was a negro woman who preaches on the streets at night, and she gave her testimony in the sing-song tone peculiar to some street evangelists. She said the alleged "Holy Prophet" was a deep-dyed fraud, and that she had gone to him for light and inspiration.

"I tol' him," exclaimed the woman, "that he war no prophet onless he war sent by de debbil, an' he lowed dat I war de chile of onrighteousnes. He am nuttin' but er nigger, Jedge Briles, whut am atter de dimes an' de nickels whut de foolish niggers am gibbin' him."

The recorder asked the prisoner who and what he was, and he replied:

"I am the Holy Prophet what you read about in the scriptures. I am the great I am, and have always been so from the beginning. It is not for mortal man to seek to find me out. I am and then again I am not. I was born without sin, and was crucified on the cross with Christ. I am the thief you read about who repented at the last moment, and I rose from the dead with Christ and have never died again. I want no money to live, for I live by the grace of God. I care not for the prisons of men, for I do not exist in the flesh but only in the spirit."

When the "Holy Prophet" concluded his very remarkable statement, Officer Key said:

"Judge, I believe this negro is crazy."

"That seems to be a very evident fact," replied the recorder.

The "Holy Prophet" will be held, under instructions from the recorder, until his mental condition can be inquired into by the ordinary.

Yesterday afternoon the sixth ward city physician, Dr. Hurt, examined the "Holy Prophet" and the doctor pronounced the negro a fraud.

"I do not think he is crazy," said Dr. Hurt, "and it is my opinion that he is a cheat and a swindler, and a month in the city chaingang would do him more good than any lunatic asylum."

It is now probable that the "Holy Prophet" will be given an opportunity to perform some of his miracles at the city stockade.

During his trial yesterday the recorder requested the Prophet to give some demonstration of his miraculous powers, but the prophet failed to respond satisfactorily.

HE WILL GO TO THE ASYLUM

Writ of Lunacy Will Probably Be Taken Out for Judge Newsom Today.

Judge D. A. Newsom is being taken care of by relatives, and he will probably be sent to the state lunatic asylum.

Last night his son, D. D. Newsom, who is a fireman at Athens, came to Atlanta and took steps to have his father given what attention was needed.

As was stated in yesterday's Constitution, Judge Newsom was brought to the city from Madison, where he was found wandering in the woods to escape an imaginary mob that sought to lynch him.

He left Atlanta three or four days ago and was discovered in the woods four miles from Madison by John Martin.

D. D. Newsom reached the city last night about 9 o'clock and he called at the police barracks and stated that he had read the account of his father's sudden mental aberration in The Constitution.

"I have tried to get my father to remain at my home," stated Mr. Newsom, "but he would not do so, and the last I heard of him was when he was in Atlanta in the jail. I will take steps to have him sent to the lunatic asylum if he has lost his mind."

Judge Newsom was taken from the Tower to the Caledonia hotel. A writ of lunacy will doubtless be taken out for him today.

THREE LITTLE DRUMMERS OF THE FIRE DEPARTMENT

Cap, Jr., Harry and Ralph Joyner, the three sons of Chief W. R. Joyner, of the fire department, made distinctive hits as members of the drum corps that headed the forty firemen from the department in the parade on Memorial Day. Cap and Harry Joyner had snare drums, and Ralph played on a bass drum.

The three boys, who have a hand in everything that goes around department headquarters, had no sooner heard of the proposed drum corps than they announced their intention of being in it, and when the firemen were learning how to handle the sticks on nail kegs the boys took lessons, too, in a few days convincing their father and the instructor that they would be valuable additions to the corps.

This is how the youngsters happened to be in the parade last Thursday, and they made hits not only with the crowds that lined the streets, but with the firemen as well. They beat the drums equally as well as the men playing all the various combinations with ease. They are now regularly in the corps and will play in public whenever the firemen are called upon.

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SHORT ITEMS OF LOCAL INTEREST

THE HEARING OF THE EXCEPTIONS to the auditor's report in the Moody & Brewster case began yesterday morning before Judge H. M. Reid in the first division of the city court and will be continued until completed. Attorney Clifford L. Anderson was one of the chief speakers during the hearing yesterday.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT YESTERday Konstanty Filipowski, who was born thirty-three years ago in Russia, took the oath of citizenship and hereafter will be subject to the call of the United States government with all the privileges of an American citizen.

COMMISSIONS WERE ISSUED YESterday from the office of Assistant Adjutant General Byrd to Lieutenant Colonel Berne Gordon, of the First cavalry, at Savannah, and to Henry Hirsch as first lieutenant and battalion adjutant of the First infantry, at Brunswick.

Murderer Arrested in Connecticut.

Hartford, Conn., April 27.—John Allison, alias John Wood, alleged escaped murderer, who broke jail in Quincy, Fla., two years ago, was arrested here tonight.

A BUSY FACTORY.

Never Closes Its Doors, Day or Night.

The famous "white city," as the pure food factories of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., of Battle Creek, Mich., are called never shuts down day or night. The great ovens once heated up are kept going, as are the grinding mills, blending machines, mixing machines, and the entire plant, the day laborers, men and women, are replaced at six o'clock in the evening by a night force.

The name "white city" was given by the citizens to the location owing to the color of the numerous factory buildings which are painted pure white with very dark bronze green trimmings.

The utmost cleanliness is observed throughout, and the apetizing odors from the foods in preparation permeate the air in all directions.

Their products, Grape-Nuts breakfast food and Postum Cereal Food Coffee, go all over the world to the breakfast tables of the well-to-do Japanese and Chinese, and to the high caste Brahims of India, to the emperor of Germany, to the royalty in Italy, to Great Britain, South America and they are found in practically all of the best homes in America.

By the scientific selection of the certain parts of grain which supply Phosphate of Potash and other important elements for quickly rebuilding the most delicate parts of the human body (brain and nerve centers), and making up therefrom a most delicious food, Grape-Nuts, and a breakfast food drink, Postum Cereal Coffee, this firm has become known as the foremost producers of Health Foods in the world, and their name affixed to a package of food is sufficient evidence of its purity and excellence.

SECURED BOND FOR ST. JOHN.

His Wife Arranged To Get Him Out of Tower Yesterday Afternoon.

Henry D. St. John was released yesterday afternoon from the Tower on a $100 bond. The charge against St. John was wife beating and his release was the result of the effort made by Mrs. St. John to secure a bondsman for him.

Mrs. St. John called at the sheriff's office yesterday in company with a friend and asked to know the amount of bond that would be required to set her husband free. In response to a question she stated that her husband had been arrested several weeks ago on the charge of wife beating.

"It was my fault that he was arrested," said she, "but he was not beating me. On the contrary, I was begging him to turn over a new leaf and do better, and while I was pleading with him I began crying. The police heard me crying, I suppose, for they came and arrested him. My husband was taken before a justice of the peace and bound over to the city criminal court.

"He never beat me at all and we, the children and I, need him at home. I am sure that when I have told the judge all about the matter my husband will be released."

The bond was arranged and St. John was released.

Wants Americans Expelled.

Lima, Peru, via Galveston, Tex., April 27.—The press of Trujillo, capital of the department of Liberad, together with the papers in that district generally, calls upon the Peruvian government to expel from the country Edward Gottfried, formerly United States consular agent at Trujillo. The demand for expulsion includes his brother also.

Loss of Appetite.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Restores and creates a good appetite, assists digestion, and gives vitality and vigor to the entire system.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

LANDAUER FILES BANKRUPT BILL

Surprise Sprung in Agricultural Works Litigation.

HE WAS AT HEAD OF CONCERN

Receiver Parrott Doubts Honesty of the Step.

SAYS BOOKS APPEAR IRREGULAR

Declares That Landauer Was Wealthy and Believes Him To Still Be Rich—He Will Make a Report to the Court in a Few Days.

An Associated Press dispatch from Milwaukee yesterday stating that Adolph Laudauer, manager of the Southern Agricultural Works, of Atlanta, had filed a petition in bankruptcy in Milwaukee came as a sensational addition to the interest which attaches to the recent bankruptcy proceedings of this large manufacturing concern in the United States district court in this city.

Adolph Landauer is an important factor in an adjustment of the affairs of the Southern Agricultural Works, inasmuch as he is known to be a man of large wealth and is security for some $40,000 of the bankrupt company's paper. Shortly before the receivership petition was filed he is said to have given out the reassuring statement that he was personally worth $150,000 over and above all liabilities. Though reliable figures are not yet at hand, the Southern Agricultural Works is believed to be involved to the extent of $300,000, of which sum the first mortgage bonds represent $100,000. Mr. Landauer was looked to to furnish the necessary financial resources to satisfy the unsecured creditors.

There are those in Atlanta who, notwithstanding his bankruptcy petition filed since he returned to Milwaukee after the Atlanta proceedings in bankruptcy were taken, believe that Adolph Landauer is still a very wealthy man. One of these is George W. Parrott, who was appointed receiver of the Southern Agricultural Works by Judge Newman. Mr. Parrott has been in a position to inform himself as to Mr. Landauer's solidity as a capitalist.

Irregularities Said To Exist.

Not only does Receiver Parrott express doubt of the genuineness of the Milwaukee bankruptcy, but he has expressed the belief that the books of the Southern Agricultural Works, now undergoing a searching examination by an expert, will disclose irregularities that Mr. Landauer will be called on to explain. Thus far as much as $20,000 has been found to come under the uncertain designation of "irregular."

The Associated Press dispatch announcing Adolph Landauer's personal step in bankruptcy is as follows:

Milwaukee, April 27.—Adolph Landauer today filed a personal petition in bankruptcy in the United States court. Liabilities are stated to be $391,945 and assets $289,945. Of the liabilities the petition states that $254,355 should be paid by other parties on indorsed paper. Mr. Landauer is manager of the Southern Agricultural Works of Atlanta, Ga., but this concern is in no way affected.

The amount of secured creditors' claims is $197,000, mainly Milwaukee people. The unsecured creditors' claims are stated at $196,500, divided among New York, Atlanta and Milwaukee banks. Of the assets $181,000 is in real estate, the remainder consisting of bills due on promissory notes and debts due on account.

Adolph Landauer has given his active personal supervision to the business of the Southern Agricultural Works for six months past. He arrived in Atlanta a few days before his brother, Sigmund Landauer, committed suicide. The dead brother had $175,000 of insurance on his life, and Adolph Landauer was one of the executors of his estate. After his brother's death, Adolph Landauer assumed the entire management of the plow factory. He was considered a fine business man, in addition to inspiring confidence by his known wealth, and he was supposed to be making a great success of the business. His corporation's bankruptcy was to Atlanta like lightning out of a clear sky.

Much speculation is rife in financial circles over what the books of the Southern Agricultural Works, now being overhauled by the receiver, will disclose. Enough is known, however, to make certain that the corporation was in a hopelessly insolvent condition. Those most deeply concerned are the holders of $40,000 of notes of the Southern Agricultural Works which Landauer indorsed.

Receiver Parrott Talks.

To a Constitution reporter last night Receiver George W. Parrott stated that he doubted the honesty of the personal step in bankruptcy taken yesterday in Milwaukee. He intimated that his forthcoming report would make a stir in Atlanta, and mentioned a number of irregularities already discovered aggregating $20,000.

"When Adolph Landauer came to Atlanta six months ago he was a very wealthy man," said Mr. Parrott, "and I believe him to be still a very wealthy man."

"Then you do not believe his alleged bankrupt condition is bona fide?"

"I do not."

"Will you give some facts on which you base your belief?"

"I would prefer not to talk for publication on this head till further developments. I will say, though, that in a few days we will be able to make a definite statement of the result of the very rigid examination we are now making of the Southern Agricultural Works' books and the public will be apprised of the facts."

"Is it true, as rumored, that you have discovered some irregularities?"

"Yes, I suppose I can say that much. There is one transaction involving $15,000 and another $5,000 which will require explanation, and to that extent they would be called irregular. I do not charge that there was fraud in these transactions, but they will be probed to the bottom and it will be revealed if there is fraud.

"Mr. Landauer was not in debt to the Southern Agricultural Works, or if he is the books do not show it. It would appear that the corporation owes him $50,000 in addition to the $40,000 represented in the paper he indorsed for it. The books show that he was custodian of $50,000 of the corporation's bonds, which were paid off by himself personally, but I have not yet been able to learn what disposition he made of them. The bonds were the property of the Southern Agricultural Works, but the corporation owes him, according to the books, a sum very near the value of the bonds."

Mr. Landauer went to his home in Milwaukee immediately after the Southern Agricultural Works' petition in bankruptcy was filed in Atlanta a week since.

Royal

BAKING POWDER

-Absolutely Pure-

The housewife will find the Royal Baking Powder indispensable in making finest foods. It makes the hot bread, hot biscuit, cake and other pastry light, sweet and excellent in every quality.

Royal Baking Powder is made from pure grape cream of tartar, the most healthful and pleasant of all fruit acids, and adds anti-dyspeptic qualities to the food.

Many low-priced imitation baking powders are upon the market. These are made with alum, and care should be taken to avoid them, as alum is a poison, never to be taken in the food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

STATE FAIR DIRECTORS MET

Martin Tells of His Trip to the North.

WOMEN WILL GET EXHIBITS

Federation of Woman's Clubs Will Aid the Fair in Securing Valuable Exhibits.

An important meeting of the directors of the Southern Interstate fair was held yesterday afternoon. Those present were President C. A. Collier, Albert Howell, E. C. Peters, J. K. Ottley, R. F. Maddox, Mr. Cosgrove and Captain John Miller.

Secretary T. H. Martin talked interestingly of his recent trip north. He explained at some length the information he had gained in regard to horse shows, and this gave rise to considerable discussion in regard to plans for the Atlanta horse show. On motion of Albert Howell a committee of three was appointed to take up the horse show feature. This committee, composed of Messrs. Miller, Ottley and Maddox, will also have charge of the races. The committee will hold a meeting early next week and decide on a definite plan to be reported at the next meeting of the board of directors.

Secretary T. H. Martin was authorized to buy 8,000 lithographs from the Calvert Lithographing Company. This action was taken because the posters can be secured much cheaper at the present time than later on.

Mr. Martin stated that the Federation of Women's Clubs had asked for the privilege of running a restaurant during the fair in return for services they would render in the way of securing exhibits. It was not thought advisable, however, to donate that privilege.

As an evidence of the interest being taken in the fair Mr. Martin stated that whereas last year he had found great difficulty in obtaining some one to take the saloon privilege many were anxious for it this year and that one man had already offered him $2,000 for the concession.

A meeting of the directors will be held next Thursday afternoon to take up a number of important matters.

Probably the largest premiums of the character ever offered are those of this year's list of the Southern Interstate fair for grain, hay, potatoes, pumpkins, etc. Two hundred and fifty dollars is offered for the best bushel of wheat; $250 for the best bushel of oats and $250 for the best twenty ears of corn. The same sum is also offered for the best bale of hay, the best bushel of potatoes and the largest pumpkin.

This radical departure from the customary amounts offered for these products has been decided upon by the fair association as a means of awakening general interest in the cultivation of grain and other field crops in the southern states. The contest, however, will not be confined to southern exhibitors, it being the belief of the management that the best way to develop southern agriculture is to let all sections compete, thus illustrating by comparison, what can be accomplished by intelligent effort. The association will not charge for space or entrance in this contest.

The Southern Interstate fair will be held in Atlanta, Ga., October 10th to 27th, and Secretary T. H. Martin will be glad to supply any further information desired by our readers regarding these "giant premiums," for this is the name which the association has given these unusual prizes.

WEDDING PRESENTS

You will find in my new line of STERLING SILVER and CUT GLASS, most useful and particularly appropriate Wedding Gifts.

STILSON, Jeweler
55 WHITEHALL.

NEW POINT IN POLICE COURT.

Recorder Holds That State Prosecutions Cannot Be Begun in His Court—A New Ruling.

Attorney James F. O'Neill made a novel point in the police court yesterday afternoon, which was sustained by the recorder, and which may result in a change of proceedure by the police when state prosecutions are made.

H. lein, a saloon man, was on trial on the charge of selling liquor to a minor. He was represented by Mr. O'Neill.

"I make the point, if your honor please," said the attorney, "that the city has no legal right to begin a state prosecution, abinitio, in this court. There is a city ordinance which gives the recorder the right to bind over for a state offense, provided a state case is made out during the investigation of a city case."

Recorder Broyles said he believed Attorney O'Neill was correct in his position, and he dismissed the case. The arresting officer was instructed to take out a warrant before a justice of the peace if he wished to prosecute the defendant on a state charge.

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Intelligent Appreciation of Values.

It tells in our favor. We are selling the most clothing in Atlanta. Why? Because we are selling the best for the least money. Our suits are tailored as no others are. Our patterns are exclusive. Our materials are reliable. Doubt doesn't enter into the transaction when you deal with us.

Suits $7.50, $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $22.50, $25.

Boys' Clothing.

Our $2, $2.50, $3, $4, $5, $6 and upward suits are just from 50c to $2 the best of anything shown in Atlanta for the money. The quality, the make, the style all are superior. We have some with fancy vests, that button up like a man's. The boys are in their glory when they get one of these on.

A Complete Baseball Outfit.

For a limited time we will give a complete Baseball Outfit, consisting of Bat, Ball, Catcher's Mit and Wire Mask with every Boys' Suit of $5 and up.

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15-17 Whitehall St., Our Only Store in Atlanta.

COLLEGE TEAMS TO MEET AGAIN TODAY

Contest Yesterday Taken by the North Carolina Boys.

GEORGIANS PLAYED WELL

The Seventh Developed Some Exciting Features Besides Rain.

LAWSON PITCHES FOR CAROLINA TODAY

Game This Afternoon Will Probably Be Witnessed by the Largest Crowd of the Season.

Final game of Georgia-North Carolina series at Brisbine park this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock.

It required seven innings at Brisbine park yesterday to arouse the red-striped Georgians to face the fact that Carolina was doing most of the stunts and consequently getting most of the runs, but in that sometime fatal inning, famous for hard hitting and all kinds of noise, the team from Athens loomed up strong with tongs and hammer and while their opponents went temporarily to pieces they chased each other around the bags.

Carolina 9, Georgia 4, is the way the score read when the engagement was over, but the score fails to reflect what may be termed the true inwardness of the game.

It is difficult to tell when summer has come. The budding of the greenery in the woods is often premature and deceitful, but games like that of yesterday are unfailing signs. The old men who have been attending baseball in Atlanta for the last thirty years, including the original "Old Peter Daniel," declared after the contest that there was no doubt about the matter—that the time for baseball had arrived.

The team from the time-honored old university did themselves proud at every point against an aggregation that walloped Cornell and took two successive scalps from Lafayette. The people here from the Old North State know a good deal in the baseball line, and yesterday they put their knowledge to practical use. They beat Georgia, it is true, but it isn't to be inferred that they will repeat their victory today.

Some of the Features.

North Carolina started the game off with a rush. Lawson bunted down the third base line and Oldham did the same thing to the first base line. Lambeth followed, getting to the initial bag on a player's choice, and a swift grounder by Graves brought in Lawson and Oldham. Lambeth was caught on base and Woodward and Willcox finished at first. North Carolina got in her third run in the second and another in the third. The visitors failed to score in the fourth, but in the fifth, on an error by Rounsavile, a sacrifice by Woodward and a couple of singles to left field by Willcox and Holt, Carolina's score was raised to 6.

All this time the Georgia boys had been pegging away at the pigskin in a desperate effort to score, but it all came to nothing. In the second inning they had three men on base, at which point Captain Lawson, scenting the need for a change took up the rubber himself and tossed a few inshoots close to the craniums of his opponents, striking out two of them in succession, thus casting a damper over their aspirations.

Carolina's trouble began when the seventh inning opened. On account of the marked tendency of things to concentrate in this particular inning there is said to have been considerable talk as to the advisability of putting the inning out of the game. It is understood that this amendment can be brought about by simply leaving the place for the seventh blank and proceeding from the sixth to the eighth without interruption. At all events, the seventh sustained its honored reputation yesterday in great shape.

For Georgia Whitfield opened at the plate, receiving a puncture in his side which sent him to first without question. Rounsaville was given four balls and a base and Richardson went out on a grounder to first. McBride stood still while four ineffectual drives were sent over the plate, and seeing the bases thus made full, Captain Lawson again took up the rubber, but with less success than in the second inning. Captain Lawson is conceded to be the best college pitcher in the south and he will illustrate his methods in the game this afternoon, but it would have been better for his team yesterday if he had kept Willcox in the box during the seventh inning. Lawson gave Cox first on four balls, shoving in Whitfield and giving Georgia her first score. It was evident that Georgia's time had come to do something, and when Hall smashed out a pretty single over second base the roof of the grand stand did stunts for the first time during the day. Rounsaville and McBride came home in a cloud of dust, somebody on the visitors' team took occasion to throw the ball about twenty feet over the backstop's head and Cox scored. Hall slid around on Cox's heels, but on a close decision was called out by Jim Lynch. More than once during the game a clever, timely lick like Hall's would have made the final score look different, but no one offered to do the work and consequently the game was lost.

In the eighth Carolina came out strong again and finished her score by adding three more runs. Georgia tried hard, but failed to cross the plate again.

The Game Today.

The final contest this afternoon between Georgia and North Carolina will probably be the finest exhibition of college ball to be seen in Atlanta this season. Carolina will do all in her power to take two straights from the Athenians, and on the other hand Georgia has some material upon which she expects to rely.

The work of Captain Lawson in the box yesterday was of the highest order. He possesses an unusual amount of discretion in handling his men, and the fact that he will occupy the plate for Carolina this afternoon means that their chances are exceedingly bright. The contest at Brisbine this afternoon will start at 3:30 o'clock.

The Official Score.

North Carolina—	ab.	r.	bh.	sh.	po.	a.	e.
Lawson, 2b, p	5	1	3	0	1	5	0
Oldham, cf	4	2	1	1	1	0	0
Lambeth, 3b	5	0	2	0	2	3	1
Graves, c	5	1	1	0	11	0	1
Woodward, ss	5	0	1	1	1	5	1
Willcox, p, 2b	4	1	1	0	0	2	1
Carr, 2b	1	0	0	0	0	1	0
Holt, 1b	5	2	1	0	9	1	0
Graham lf	4	1	1	0	1	0	0
Bennett, rf	4	1	0	0	1	0	0
Totals	42	9	11	2	27	17	4

Georgia—	ab.	r.	bh.	sh.	po.	a.	e.
McBride, ss	4	1	2	1	11	2	1
Cox, rf	4	1	1	0	0	0	0
Hall, c	5	0	1	0	3	1	0
Elder, 2b	4	0	1	0	0	7	1
Blackshear, cf	4	0	0	0	1	1	1
Baxter, lf	4	0	1	0	1	2	1
Whitfield, 3b	3	1	0	0	1	1	1
Rounsaville, 1b	2	1	0	1	9	1	0
Richardson, p	4	0	0	0	1	2	0
Totals	34	4	6	2	27	17	5

Score by innings:
North Carolina .. ..2 1 1 0 2 0 0 3 0—9
Georgia ....0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0 0—4

Summary: Earned runs, North Carolina 4, Georgia 2. Bases on balls, off Willcox 2, off Lawson 3, off Richardson 2. Struck out, by Willcox 3, by Lawson 6, by Richardson 1. Wild pitches, Richardson 2, Willcox 1. Stolen bases, Carolina 3, Georgia 3. Time of game, one hour and fifty minutes. Umpire, Lynch.

NATIONAL LEAGUE GAMES.

Chicago 6, St. Louis 5.

Chicago, April 27—The opening National League game of the season in Chicago was won by the home team by a margin of one run. Clingman's fielding, Crigier's catching and throwing and McCormick's terrific hit to the center field were the features. Attendance 13,200. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Chicago	1 0 0 0 1 0 1 3 *	6	13	3
St. Louis	0 1 0 0 1 0 2 1 0	5	10	1

Batteries—Taylor and Chance; Jones and Crigier. Umpire, O'Day. Time 2:15.

Cincinnati 19, Pittsburg 5.

Pittsburg, April 27.—Cincinnati was not satisfied with an ordinary defeat of Pittsburg, but tried to break all league records. The home team has seldom, if ever, played poorer ball. Attendance 3,000. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0 2 0 0 0 0 1 1 1	5	6	7
Cincinnati	4 4 0 0 7 0 0 1 3	19	22	5

Batteries—Flaherty, Woods, Tannenill, Latimer and Zimmer; Scott, Newton and Peitz. Umpire, Swartwood. Time 2:35.

Brooklyn 9, Philadelphia 4.

Philadelphia, April 27.—Orth was mainly responsible for Philadelphia's defeat by Brooklyn today. The local club, however, lost an opportunity in the eighth, when, with three men on bases and none out, they failed to score. In the ninth Orth was hit safely four times and gave three bases on balls, netting Brooklyn four runs. Attendance 4,403. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	1 0 0 1 0 2 1 0 4	9	16	2
Philadelphia	1 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0	4	11	4

Batteries—McGinnity and McGuire; Orth, McFarland and Douglass. Umpire, Emslie. Time 2:30.

New York 8, Boston 4.

New York, April 27.—The New Yorks outplayed Boston at all points today. Noteworthy features of the game were the pitching of Carrick after he received Seymour in the third inning and the heavy and timely batting of Doyle. Attendance 2,000. Score:

		R.	H.	E.
New York	1 0 0 2 1 3 0 1 *	8	13	2
Boston	0 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	4	5	1

Batteries—Carrick, Seymour and Warner and Grady; Pittinger, Willis and Clark. Umpire, Connolly. Time 2 hours.

American League Games.

Minneapolis 7, Kansas City 8.
Buffalo 4, Detroit 12.
Milwaukee 6, Chicago 2.
Cleveland 8, Indianapolis 6.

U. of Va. 12, W. and L. U. 0.

Lexington, Va., April 27.—University of Virginia 12; Washington and Lee university 0.

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FAVORITES HAD IT THEIR WAY

Aqueduct Events Were Captured by First Choice Horses.

New York, April 27.—Favorites practically swept the board at Aqueduct today. Her Ladyship, Rare Perfume and Precursor were at odds on and each won handily. The handicap furnished a good race, for which Gold One and Doubiet were about equal favorites. Summary:

FIRST RACE—Selling, five and a half furlongs: Her Ladyship, 109, O'Connor, 3 to 5, won; Cupidity, 109, Clawson, 5 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Lady Contrary, 100, Phelan, 8 to 1, third. Time, 1:08 2-5. Dangerous Maid, Candia, Sunoil, Eileen Daly and Jamaica also ran.

SECOND RACE—Selling, mile and seventy yards: Rare Perfume, 112, Tabor, 9 to 20, won; The Gardner, 111, Newmeyer, 4 to 1 and 3 to 5, second; Tony Honig, 112, Clawson, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:47. Harry Lucesco and Elsie Skip also ran.

THIRD RACE—Handicap, about seven furlongs: Gold One, 99, Mitchell, 9 to 5, won; Doublet, 115, Spencer, 8 to 5 and 3 to 5 second; Kamara, 100, J. Slak, 12 to 1, third. Time, 1:27 2-5. Benneville, Warrenton, Bangor and King Bramble also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Selling, mile and seventy yards: Precursor, 98, O'Connor, 9 to 10, won; Free Lance, 112, Tabor, 12 to 1 and 4 to 1, second; Dutch Comedian, 112, Dean, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:47 1-5. Rinaldo, Matt Simpson, Sir Fitzhugh and Protis also ran.

FIFTH RACE—About seven furlongs: The Benedict, 107, Spencer, 9 to 5, won; Kimmage, 110, Clawson, 6 to 1 and 2 to 1, second; Christmas Carol, 107, J. Slack, 50 to 1, third. Time, 1:17 2-5. Tendrill, Goodale, Long Isle, Wandering Minstrel, McGrathlana Prince, Kipling, Hesitation, Basilisk, Saguenay, Bloomfield and Pennyweight also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Five furlongs: Screech, 107, Hamilton, 7 to 2, won; Horsa, 110, Mitchell, 4 to 1 and 8 to 5, second; Teleman, 110, O'Connor, 4 to 1, third. Time, 1:03. Barrario, Dr. Bartow, Shawnee, Hanswurst, Punctual, Margaret Hoffman and Half a Hundred also ran.

Entries at Aqueduct Today.

First Race—Five furlongs: Himself, 112; Vouch, 110; San Luis, 109; Strategist, 104; Woodsticks, Gray Dally, 98; Servant, 97; Hija, Moor, Give All, 95; Prince of Evil, 90.

Second Race—Seven furlongs: Carbuncle, 113; Trumpet, 110; Post Haste, Magic Light, 106; Henry Bess, 103; Jucoma, 102; Monmouth, Golden Rattle, 101; Insurrection, The Amazon, 97.

Third Race—One and one-sixteenth miles: King Barleycorn, 118; Kinnikinnic, 112; Lothario, 110; Boney Boy, 107; Knight of the Garter, 103; Blueaway, 100; Silver Garter, Queen of Song, Greyfeld, 98; Kriss Kringle, 97.

Fourth Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Flaxspinner, 112; Maximo Gomez, Leedsville, 110; Hesper, 108; L'Alouette, 107; First Whip, 106; Gaze, 103; Dangerous Maid, 94; Cupidity, Prejudice, Robert Metcalfe, 91; Native, 90.

Fifth Race—Five and one-half furlongs: Heliobas, 120; Primate, 108; Manitoban, 106; Merantha Knapp, 105; Prejudice, 103; Wincpress, 101; Prestidigitator, 94; Cupidity, 99; Robert Metcalfe, Ross Clark, 94; Laureatea, Revonah, 91.

Sixth Race—Five furlongs: Heliobas, 122; Benneville, 119; Kriss Kringle, 116; Sir Christopher, 115; Zanone, 112; Leedsville, 107; L'Alouette, 106; Tremargo, Chenille, 105; Robert Morey, 98.

Today's Entries at Memphis.

First Race—Six furlongs, selling: Enchant, 108; Polly Bixby, Louisville, 100; Isabinda, 102; Henry Moore, Tommy O'Brien, Californianu, Fay Wood, 105; Jim Turner, Loose Sleeve, 107; Scarlet Lilly, Everlee, 108; Shillingburn, 116.

Second Race—Half mile, selling: Francis Reis, 100; Zamboango, 101; Foxworthy, The Auditor, 105; Syncopated Sandy, 110; Icon, 114.

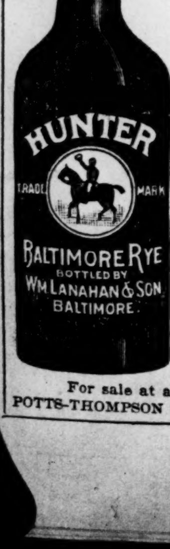
Third Race—Six furlongs, selling: Ollie S, Opera Girl, Cousin Letty, 98; Carlotta C, Kilt, Harrie Floyd, 101; Little Billy, 103; Sidtilia, 106; Native Son, 106; McAlbert, 111.

Fourth Race—Seven furlongs, Elks handicap: Maud Wallace, 90; Thomas Carey, 95; Duke of Baden, 98; Highland Lad, The Rush, 102; Nobleman, 105; Andes, 106; Belle of Memphis, 109; Molo, 115; Algol, 125.

Fifth Race—Mile, selling: Myosotis, 97; Galtoway, Alfred C, 101; Jackman, 105; W. T. Kemper, 103; Red Pirate, 112; Celtic Bard, 113.

Sixth Race—Six furlongs: Eva Wilson, 98; Hop Scotch, 100; Myrtle Van, 101; Diggs, Gath, Warrior, 103; Evelyn Byrd, Ruby Riley, 106; Trombone, 111.

Enough
No more, No less
When taken in moderation as a tonical stimulant



HUNTER BALTIMORE RYE

For health and hospitality will prove itself to be of the

Highest Purest Quality

Rich in Flavor

Mellowed by Age.

For sale at all first-class Cafes.
POTTS-THOMPSON LIQUOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

CUMBERLAND TRACK READY FOR RACERS

Horses Will Start in Nashville This Afternoon.

THE STABLES ARE NOW FULL

Speedy Movers from the Memphis Course Will Be on Hand.

OPEN BETTING RING IS ALLOWED

Six Races Are Booked for This Afternoon and the String of Horses Is a Good One.

Nashville, Tenn., April 27.—Racing will be inaugurated at Cumberland park tomorrow and the prospects were never more favorable for a successful meeting. The barns are nearly filled with horses and those which will arrive from Memphis tomorrow will tax the stabling capacity to its full limit. There will be an open betting ring and at least a dozen pencilers are expected to hang up their slates. A card of six races is scheduled and all the events have filled exceptionally well. The chief event of the day is the Turf Congress special at a mile and an eighth for three-year-olds with $2,000 added. Seven are carded to start and F. W. Brode, The Conquerer, Knight Banneret and other good ones will fight it out. Jackson Smith, of Cincinnati, will act as presiding judge, while Mars Cassidy will handle the flag.

Entries at Nashville Today.

First Race—Three-quarters of a mile: Dunbarton, Eitholin, 112; Quaver, Free Lady, 110; Cherry Head, Kunja, 107; Ida Fordham, 106; Barney F, 101; Joe Martin, Edinborough, Royal Rival, 98; Badinage, 96; Chrove Tuesday, Miss Shanley, 93; May Boyd, 88.

Second Race—Half mile: Zack Ford, 112; Sinfi, Terminus, 109; Invictus, 93; Ida Quicktime, The White Lady, Clorita, Julietta B, Gawaine, Lela Barr, Ethel Wheat, Lightning Flash, 105; Royal Morset, 103; Queen Dixon, Mattie Bain, 102.

Third Race—Selling, seven-eighths of a mile: Northumberland, 107; Arquebus, 106; Trebor, 103; Gold Standard, Lord Neville, Manlius, 102; Rosa Morn, Lillian Reed, 101; Uhlers, 101; Annie Lauretta, 100; Connie Lee, Banrica, Castle, 99; Two Annies, 94; Round O, 88.

Fourth Race—Turf congress special, $2,000 added, one and one eighth miles: F. W. Brode, 122; The Conqueror, 117; The Monk, John Halsey, Knight Banneret, Tickful, 115; Ida Ledford, 110.

Fifth Race—Four and one-half furlongs: Denman Thompson, Odnor, 110; Campbell, Tanforan, Queenlets, 106; The Bronze Demon, Bill Massie, 105; Mary Wagner, Battus, Clara David, 103.

Sixth Race—Selling, seven-eighths of a mile: Bellamy, 106; Windward, Nancy Till, 104; Sir Blaze, Koscio, Nina B B, Howitzer, 102; Crystalline, Aurea, 100; Tyrba, Nellie Prince, False Lead, Alfred Vaigrave, 99; Greyforge, 98.

ONE MORE DAY AT MEMPHIS.

Memphis, April 27.—This was the concluding day of the Memphis Jockey Club's annual spring meeting. There were twenty days of racing and the meeting has developed some of the best two-year-olds shown here for years, notably Miss Bennett, Garry Herman, Silverdale, Lady Schorr and The Mecca. There will be an extra day's racing on tomorrow, the track having been turned over to the local Elks' organization for a benefit to the orphan children of Charles Clark, who was accidentally shot and killed at the track last spring.

Three favorites and two strong second choices won today and the bookies had somewhat the worst of the argument. The stake feature was the Peabody hotel handicap at a mile and an eighth. It looked like a gift for Streamer, as only two other horses—Crocket and Dramburg—accepted the weights. Dramburg made the pace until well rounded in the back stretch, closely followed by Streamer. Making the turn for home, Streamer went to the front and won, pulled up by two lengths from Crocket, which beat Dramburg five lengths. Streamer pulled up very lame, Burns having to dismount and lead the horse back to the judges stand.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Isabinda, 91, Talley, 5 to 1, won; Harrie Floyd, 100, Ransom, 4 to 1 and 3 to 2, second; Kilt, 96, Wedderstrand, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:16. Carlotta C, Little Billy, Gadsden, Dandy H, Polly Bixby, Sallie J, Cousin Letty, Wild Tartar, Incidental, La Mascotta and Leando also ran.

SECOND RACE—Half mile: Gibson Girl, 100, Crowhurst, even, won; Cinara, 100, Newcom, 30 to 1 and 8 to 1, second; Seething, 100, Wedderstrand, 50 to 1, third. Time, :50¼. The Auditor and Foxworthy also ran.

THIRD RACE—One mile: John Baker, 108, Rose, 2 to 1, won; Duke of Baden, 108, Vittatoe, 4 to 1 and 3 to 2, second; Hand press, 112, Gilmore, 6 to 1, third. Time, 1:42. Dissolute, Andes, Sidbow, The Lady in Blue and Hurricane also ran.

FOURTH RACE—Mile and an eighth, Peabody Hotel handicap: Streamer, 115, T. Burns, 1 to 3, won; Crocket, 98, Wedderstrand, 5 to 2, second; Dramburg, 90, McCann, 25 to 1, third. Time, 1:56½.

FIFTH RACE—Mile and a sixteenth, selling: Hood's Brigade, 110, Winkfield, 3 to 1, won; Schnell Laufer, 100, Crowhurst, 10 to 1 and 4 to 1, second; Indian, 104, Talley, 15 to 1, third. Time, 1:50½. Stites, Maidstone, Elsie Venner, Belle of Orleans, Ben Chance, Harry Yocum and Woodtrice also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Six furlongs, selling: Myrtle Van, 100, Talley, 4 to 1, won; Eva Wilson, 100, Ransom, 20 to 1 and 8 to 1, second; Evelyn Byrd, 104, Dominick, 10 to 1, third. Time, 1:16. Ibinhere, Dolly Weithoff, Nullah, Red Pirate, McAlbert, Shillingburn, Maidstone, Hop Scotch, Irma S and Trombone also ran.

SEE THE NORTHWEST

NORTHERN PACIFIC

from the **Observation Car** on Northern Pacific's new "NORTH COAST LIMITED," which will, in addition to present through train, run daily commencing **April 29th,** between St. Paul, Minneapolis, and Butte, Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland.

An **Electric Lighted** train with the most complete Observation Car yet built—Ladies' Parlor, Library, Writing Room, also Barber Shop, Bath Room and Card and Smoking Rooms.

For reservations call on or write any agent Northern Pacific Ry. or Chas. S. Fee, St. Paul, Minn.

"The First Store of The South."

CHAMBERLIN JOHNSON DUBOSE CO.

66 to 68 WHITEHALL. 1 to 23 HUNTER.

A Hundred Little Wants Supplied!

Saturday always finds a hundred little things in demand for Sunday. You will always find these wants supplied by us, and with the latest and the best that can be found.

Richard Hudnut's Toilet Specialties.



From the celebrated Broadway (New York) Perfumer, and used by the most exclusive trade the world over:

HUDNUTINE TOILET CERATE — Unlike old-fashion cold cream, it is instantly absorbed by the skin, as that face powder can be applied immediately. Gentlemen will find it indispensable after shaving............ .50

RICHARD HUDNUT'S Violet Almond Meal, a pure flour of sweet almond, delicately suggestive of violet, 25c and .. .. .50

HUDNUT'S MILK OF CUCUMBER AND ORRIS—An effective skin food as well as cure for tan and sunburn.................. 1.00

RICHARD HUDNUT'S PERFUMES—Essence of Sweet Orchids, a universal favorite; White Heliotrope, Sappho Pink, produced from white carnations; Peau d'Espagne, the most fashionable scent of the day; Wood Violet, White Rose, Jockey Club, etc., 45c; half ounce... .25

HUDNUT'S TOILET WATER—San Remo Violet, Sweet Lavender or White Heliotrope at 50c, 75c and 1.00

Bradley's Woodland Violet Powder, prepared expressly for babies—free samples... .15

Combs



All the newest designs in back Combs, for mourning, blondes and brunettes, from 25c to .... .75

Tortoise Shell Hair Brooches, circles, crescents, and horseshoes .... .15

Special Sale of Gloves.

A lot of regular $1.75 Trefousse Gloves, in all the leading colors, tan, pearl, etc., and black and white, in all sizes; this special lot reduced to........................ .... 1.00

Fans.



Our line of Fans is complete; new shades, latest designs, and best quality that can be bought; 10c, 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c, and upwards.

Beautiful line of Evening Fans, suitable for graduating presents, that cannot be equaled in city in price or quality.

Handkerchiefs.



A special sale of 100 dozen all linen hemstitched Handkerchiefs, with hems all widths, regular 25c goods, at........ .15

All the latest things in Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs at prices ranging from 15c to 1.00

New Finger Purses.

Full new line of this season's latest novelty in Wild Steer, Pig Skin, Morocco and Real Seal from 65c to 1.50

Hand Cut Sterling Silver Initial Letters and all sizes at 50c, 75c and 1.00

Chain Purses.

In Silver, French Gray and Gun Metal, from 50c to 11.50

Baby Caps.

Little white lawn tucked cap, plain or with row of insertion at .... .50

Little tight-fitting white cap with fine corded crown, tucked and Valenciennes ruching... .75

Little white organdy Dutch cap with Valenciennes lace 1.00

Fine white organdy, two rows of cording and five small tucks, full ruche and full trimmed 1.25

Little fancy tucked crown, hemstitched with ruche, and footing trimmed, tight fitting 1.50

FRENCH HAND-MADE CAPS of very finest material in the market. White linen lawn trimmed with Valenciennes lace, from........................$1.25 to $2.50

White wash pique hats at 49c

A special of 100 white lawn baby caps, some tucked and corded, some lace trimmed, which have been soiled, at 25c

Baby Shoes.

Little soft sole shoes, in tan, red, pink and blue, both lace and button, cloth finished, at 50c

Little slippers, in all colors and white or black, tie or button........................50c

Jewelry Specials

Turn your luck, Horseshoe Brooches, in gilt or silver .... .25

Rhinestone Horseshoe Brooches, sterling silver, 65c to 2.00

Shirt Waist Sets, a full and new line in Shirt Waist Sets in pearl, sterling, gold and enameled, 25c to 2.00

Also well selected line of Mourning Shirt Waist Sets.

Imported Parisian Hair Pins, the latest creations, $1.00 to 2.50

SPECIAL—Medalion Stick Pins in rose, gold and French gray .... .15

Pulley Belts

All the latest designs in leather and ribbon pulley belts.

WILD STEER in gray, tan or black, and enameled patent leather........................ .50

Genuine Seal Pulley Belts in black .... .75

Ooze Leather, from 75c to 1.50

Also with Medalion rings, in all colors, from $1.00 to 1.50

Satin and ribbon Pulley Belts, in all the leading colors and black, 50c and .... .75

Also a full line with ornamental backs at $1.50 to........................ 10.00

Many of these with gold and silver Medalion rings, at $1.00 to....... .... 1.50

We carry a full line of Pulley Belt Rings and Sets, from 15c to...... .... 8.50

Dog Collar Belts.

A lot of Dog Collar Belts in patent leather, pig skin and grained leather, regular 50c line, to close them out .... .25

New Laces and Embroideries



Valenciennes Laces.. 5c to 75c

Valenciennes Insertion 8c to 35c

Hand Made Torchon Edge, 8c to 50c

Hand Made Torchon Insertion....15c to 35c

Nainsook Edgings ....10c to $1.00
Nainsook Insertions........................15c to 50c
Nainsook Allovers ....$1.25 to $4.50
Swiss Edgings ....12 1-2c to $1.50
Swiss Insertions ....10c to 35c
Swiss Allovers ....75c to $5.00

Ladies' Underwear.

Ladies' Low-Necked Summer Shirts, with tape in arm and neck, at 10c, 12 1-2c to... .15

Beautiful Lisle and Richelieu Ribbed Vests, low neck and sleeves, at 25c, 35c... .50

Lace Front, Silk and Lisle Vests, low neck and no sleeves, lace trimmed, at .... .60

Knit Pants, just the thing for summer wear, both fitted and umbrella style, lisle thread. 25c and........................ .50

With Vests to match at 25c and .... .50

Fine Neckwear.



We are showing a large line of new creations in Neckwear for spring and summer.

Lady Cecil Wash Pique Turnover Collars, with Madras English Squares, nobby things for wash waists, the season's latest novelty........................ 1.00

Also with Bat Wing Tie 50c

Anna Held's Tie in Wash Lawn, prettily and daintily trimmed, with collar, 50c and .... .75

Full line of Stocks in John Forsythe's goods at $2.50 and 3.50

New Bat Wing Ties in all leading shades; in silk, 50c; and madras........................ .25

RAILWAY SCHEDULES

Arrival and Departure of Passenger Trains from Union Depot.

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILWAY.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
101	Jonesboro.. 6 45 am	102	Hapeville.. 6 35 am
*3	Savannah.. 7 25 am	*2	Savannah.. 7 55 am
103	Hapeville.. 8 00 am	104	Hapeville.. 8 30 am
*105	Griffin.. 9 00 am	108	Jonesboro..12 10 pm
109	Hapeville.. 9 55 am	110	Hapeville.. 2 20 pm
*11	Macon.. 11 20 am	*12	Macon.. 4 05 pm
111	Jonesboro.. 2 05 pm	112	Hapeville.. 4 40 pm
113	Hapeville.. 3 30 pm	114	Hapeville.. 6 10 pm
115	Hapeville.. 5 45 pm	*116	Griffin.. 6 45 pm
*1	Savannah. 7 35 pm	*4	Savannah.. 8 30 pm
117	Hapeville. 7 30 pm	118	Jonesboro..11 10 pm
	Sunday Trains.		Sunday Trains.
119	Hapeville..10 45 am	120	Hapeville.. 9 10 am
121	Hapeville.. 2 05 pm	122	Hapeville..12 50 pm

*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
	Nashville... 7 30 am	2	Nashville... 8 15 am
73	Marietta.... 8 40 am	74	Marietta....12 10 pm
	Chat'nooga.10 35 am	*70	Chat'nooga. 4 50 pm
75	Marietta.... 2 40 pm	72	Marietta.... 5 30 pm
	Nashville.... 7 50 pm	*4	Nashville... 8 30 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
*38	Montg'mery 11 40 am	35	Montg'mry. 5 25 am
*34	Selma.. 7 00 pm	33	Montg'mry. 1 00 pm
36	Selma.. 11 30 pm	37	Selma.. 1 30 pm
	Accommodation Trains		Accommodation Trains
18	College Pk.. 7 05 am	17	College Pk. 6 40 am
14	LaGrange.. 8 20 am	13	College Pk. 8 00 am
16	College Pk..10 00 am	15	Palmetto ..11 ?? am
20	Palmetto... 2 25 pm	19	College Pk. 2 30 pm
22	College Pk.. 3 50 pm	21	College Pk. 4 25 pm
24	College Pk.. 5 55 pm	23	LaGrange.. 5 35 pm
26	College Pk.. 7 45 pm	25	College Pk. 6 20 pm
28	College Pk.. 8 50 pm	27	College Pk. 8 40 pm
30	College Pk..12 25 am	29	College Pk.11 00 pm
	Sunday Trains.		Sunday Trains.
42	LaGrange..10 30 am	41	LaGrange.. 8 00 am

Trains No. 12, 16, 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 stop at Whitehall Street Platform.
All trains leave from Union Passenger Station. *Daily.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
*11	Norfolk.... 5 15 am	*402	Wash'gton 12 00 n'n
403	Wash'gton. 2 50 pm	38	Norfolk.... 7 50 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Depart To
*2	Augusta.. 5 00 am	*3	Augusta.. 7 30 am
19	Convers.. 6 45 am	26	Lithonia...10 05 am
9	Covington.. 7 45 am	*28	Augusta.... 3 10 pm
*1	Augusta...12 35 pm	24	Convers... 5 10 pm
25	Lithonia... 3 35 pm	10	Covington.. 6 25 pm
*27	Augusta.. 8 20 pm	*4	Augusta.. 11 ?? pm

ATLANTA, KNOXVILLE AND NORTHERN.
(Via W. and A. R. R. to Marietta.)
Leave Atlanta for Knoxville............ 8 15 am
Arrive Atlanta from Knoxville........ 7 30 pm

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

Schedule in Effect Jan. 17, 1900.

No.	Arrive From	No.	Arrive From
*8	Chat'nooga. 6 00 am	*38	Birm'gham.11 30 am
*35	Washington 5 10 am	*16	Chat'nooga.11 50 am
*13	Jacksonville 5 20 am	*15	Jacksonville 3 50 pm
26	Tallapoosa. 8 20 am	*37	Wash'gton.. 3 55 pm
17	Toccoa...... 8 30 am	*11	Richmond.. 9 00 pm
*21	Columbus..10 40 am	*7	Macon .. 9 55 pm
*9	Macon.. ...11 10 am	*27	Columbus.. 9 55 pm
*29	Fort Valley 11 10 am	*14	Cincinnati..10 25 pm
		*36	Birm'gham.10 35 pm

No. 38 Washington and Southwestern Limited Vestibuled Train, Atlanta to New York, Pullman Library, Observation and D. R. Sleeping Cars, Dining Cars and elegant Day Coach.
No. 36 "U.S. Fast Mail" solid train Atlanta to Washington, Pullman D. R. Sleeping Cars, Atlanta to New York and Atlanta to Charlotte. Meals served en route from dining cars.

EASTBOUND	No. 38. Daily.	No. 36. Daily.	No. 11. Daily.	No. 18. Ex. Sun.
*Lv Atlanta..	12 00 n'n	11 50 pm	7 50 am	4 30 pm
Ar Gainesville	2 25 pm	2 18 am	10 35 am	7 33 pm
Ar Toccoa....	3 33 pm	3 28 am	11 53 am	9 00 pm
Lv Charlotte..	8 18 pm	9 50 am	6 30 pm	....
Ar Greensboro	10 47 pm	12 06 pm	9 52 pm	....
Ar Norfolk ..	8 25 am			....
Ar Danville..	11 56 pm	1 22 pm	11 25 pm	....
Ar Richmond..	6 00 am	6 25 pm	6 00 am	....
Ar Wash'gton	6 42 am	9 50 pm	....	....
Ar Baltimore..	8 00 am	11 25 pm	....	....
Ar Phila'lphia	10 15 am	2 56 am	....	....
Ar New York.	12 43 n'n	6 23 am	....	....
Ar Boston	7 00 pm	3 00 pm	....	....

SOUTHBOUND	No. 8*	No. 16*	No. 10*	No. 14*
Lv Atlanta..	5 30 am	12 05 n'n	4 20 pm	10 45 pm
Ar Macon	8 30 am	2 25 pm	7 10 pm	12 35 am
Ar Jesup.. ..	....	6 50 pm	....	5 20 am
Ar Brunswick.	....	8 45 pm	....	7 20 am
Ar Jack'nville	....	10 00 pm	....	8 30 am
Ar Tampa.. ..	....	7 00 am	....	....
Miami..	....	....	....	10 30 pm

NORTHB'ND	No. 9*	No. 13*	No. 7*	No. 15*
Lv Atlanta....	11 00 pm	5 30 am	7 55 am	4 00 pm
Ar Chat'nooga	5 45 am	9 45 am	1 00 pm	8 40 pm
Ar Knoxville.	8 05 am	1 05 pm	3 45 pm	1 10 am
Ar Cincinnati.	7 30 pm	7 30 pm	....	7 45 am
Ar Memphis .	7 10 pm	....	7 40 am	7 40 am
Ar Louisville.	7 30 pm	7 30 pm	....	7 50 am

Nos 13 and 14 Solid Vestibuled Trains, Pullman Sleepers and Day Coaches, between St. Louis, Cincinnati, Louisville, Atlanta and Jacksonville. Observation Cafe Cars serve meals en route; also carries Sleeper between Atlanta and Brunswick.
No. 16 Pullman Sleeper Atlanta to Tampa.
No. 15 Pullman Sleeper Atlanta to Cincinnati.
No. 9 Local Sleeper to Chattanooga.

	[illegible]	[illegible]
Lv. Atlanta....	5 30 am	4 30 pm
Lv. Griffin..	7 09 am	
Warm Springs..	9 28 am	7 40 pm
Ar. Columbus.. ..	9 50 am	9 05 pm

WESTBOUND	No. 35.	No. 37.	No. 3[illegible]
Lv. Atlanta..	*5 40 am	*4 15 pm	5 15 pm
Ar Tallapoosa.. ..	7 47 am	6 20 pm	7 55 pm
Ar Birmingham ..	11 35 am	10 00 pm	....
Ar Memphis..	8 05 pm	7 15 am	....
Ar Kansas City.. ..	9 50 am	7 10 am	....
Ar Meridian..	9 30 pm	2 30 am	....
Ar Shreveport	....	7 20 pm	....
Ar New Orleans..	....	8 30 am	....
Lv. Atlanta....			4 30 pm
Ar Fort Valley.. ..			8 30 pm

No. 37 Sleeping Cars Atlanta to Memphis.
No. 35 Pullman Sleeping Cars, Atlanta to Birmingham, Memphis and Kansas City.
*Daily. All other trains daily except Sunday.
TICKET OFFICE: KIMBALL HOUSE CORNER.

Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line

Atlanta and West Point Railroad.

SHORT LINE.

The Direct, Quick Through Line via Montgomery to Texas, Mexico and California.
THE BEST ROUTE
To Selma, Pensacola, Mobile, New Orleans, Columbus, Troy, Union Springs, Eufaula.
The following schedule in effect March 19th, 1900:

SOUTHBOUND.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 37 Daily.	No. 39 Daily.
Leave Atlanta...	5 25 am	4 20 pm	1 00 pm
Arrive Newnan..	6 40 am	5 26 pm	2 27 pm
Arive LaGrange..	7 42 am	6 26 pm	3 23 pm
Arrive West Point.. ..	8 10 am	6 55 pm	4 07 pm
Arrive Opelika..	9 00 am	7 37 pm	4 53 pm
Arrive Columbus.. ..	9 55 am	8 30 pm	....
Arrive Montgomery ..	11 00 am	9 20 pm	7 15 pm
Arrive Selma..	....	11 30 pm	....
Arrive Pensacola	4 15 pm	5 00 am	....
Arrive Mobile	4 10 pm	3 05 am	....
Arrive New Orleans..	8 30 pm	7 40 am	....

NORTHBOUND.	No. 24 Daily.	No. 34 Daily.	No. 38 Daily.
Leave New Orleans...	7 40 pm	....	7 55 pm
Leave Mobile..	12 20 am	....	12 20 pm
Leave Pensacola.. ..	11 20 pm	....	12 30 pm
Leave Selma..	....	8 45 am	3 30 pm
Leave Montgomery ..	6 20 am	11 20 am	6 30 pm
Leave Columbus.. ..	7 10 am	1 45 pm	....
Arrive Opelika..	8 15 am	2 50 pm	8 10 am
Arrive West Point....	8 55 am	3 33 pm	8 50 pm
Arrive LaGrange... ..	9 18 am	4 14 pm	9 18 pm
Arrive Newnan..	10 25 am	5 26 pm	10 18 pm
Arrive Atlanta..	11 40 am	7 00 pm	11 30 pm

LAGRANGE ACCOMMODATION.
Daily, Except Sunday.

5 35 pm	Lv.. .. .. ..Atlanta..	Ar	8 20 am
6 28 pm	Ar.. .. .. ..Newnan..	Lv	6 40 am
7 54 pm	Ar.. .. .. Graniteville..	Lv	6 05 am
7 22 pm	Ar.. .. .. Hogansville	Lv	5 52 am
8 35 pm	Ar.. .. .. ..LaGrange..	Lv	5 25 am

Nos. 37 and 38 Vestibule Trains, Sleeping and Dining Cars, New York and New Orleans.
Nos. 35 and 36 solid trains, Washington to New Orleans; sleepers New York and New Orleans. Tourist sleepers Atlanta to San Francisco, three times a week.
George W. Allen, Traveling Passenger Agent, Atlanta.
Rogers B. Toy, City Ticket Agent, 12 Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.
B. F. Wyly, Jr., General Passenger and Ticket Agent, Atlanta, Ga.
R. E. Lutz, Traffic Manager, Montgomery, Ala.
George C. Smith, President and General Manager, Atlanta, Ga.

BIG G
CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion.
THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent.
Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

DUCRO'S Alimentary ELIXIR
Is highly recommended as a remedy for lung diseases and as a preventive for typhoid, malarial and all kinds of fevers
Agents, E. Fougera & Co., New York

WALKER ... SAID T...

He Is the South... Coco...

SAID TO B...

Has Been Locat... Not B...

COMPANY WILL N...

General Manag... from Boston... Be in ...

Charles H. Wal... ager of the Wine ... left Atlanta, and ... his accounts se... short.

It was reported ... several days ago ... abouts were unkn... pany which he m... order to have an u... tain accounts whi...

J. C. Proctor, t... the Wine of Co... Atlanta several d... ton yesterday afte... affairs of his co... found them behin... lars, with the ma...

Walker is said to ... was the southern ... pany seven or eig... sidered one of t... ployees. It is sai... pocketed about $... funds about two m...

He took about $... ports, by making f... ers of accounts wh... just before he dep... dropped about $30... a cash deposit to e... scenes.

The city detectiv... was reported, loca... City, but as the c... a prosecution, the ... so far as the police...

The office of the ... ny is on Forsyth s... at No. 148 Linden ...

Having lived in ... Walker was well k... surprise to many ... quaintances to kno... under such cloudy ...

The Wine of Coco... give out any state... other than to say t... ager has left the ... short. He had so... pany which may be... tion of the amount...

MANY NEW M...

Enthusiastic Ope... workers' Un... Last ...

An enthusiastic ... last evening at Fed... auspices of the Wo... after the exercise... members were adm... tion. While the me... ture of an informa... prominent in the ... been invited to ma... the session was an ...

President Gilbert, ... and acted as mast... stated the object of ... introduced the spea... sponded to the inv... congratulated, the ... showing made. He... President H. F. G... Federation of Labor...

Jerome Jones, bus... Journal of Labor, ... spersed with a ... points, which was h... were the speeches ... C. Houston, editor o... bor, spoke on the o... of organized labor a... of the trustees of th... of Trades, also ma... similar lines.

Following the spe... bert spoke at length ... derived from a thoro... the meeting ended w... new members. The ... organized about fou... sidered one of the m... city.

N...

Tired out, ...

Un...

Dr...

Nothing has ever ... Nervine in power to ... and build up wasted ... vitality. It gives rel... edies fail, because it ... irritated nerves, bu... them, giving them ... before calling on th... fort. If your nerves ... you are tired, worn-... or sleep; if your str... you feel that you ar... gin at once with Dr. ... you will be surprised ... begin to feel better a...

"When I commence... Nervine I was as ... could be and live. ... both alike to me—no... any good and no rest... to have such terri...

WALKER'S ACCOUNTS SAID TO BE SHORT

He Is the Southern Manager Wine of Cocoa Company.

SAID TO BE $600 SHORT

Has Been Located Out West, but Will Not Be Prosecuted.

COMPANY WILL NOT PROCEED AGAINST HIM

General Manager Comes to Atlanta from Boston—Walker Said To Be in Kansas City.

Charles H. Walker, the southern manager of the Wine of Cocoa Company, has left Atlanta, and it is said he has left his accounts several hundred dollars short.

It was reported to the city detectives several days ago that Walker's whereabouts were unknown and that the company which he managed wanted him in order to have an understanding about certain accounts which did not balance.

J. C. Proctor, the general manager of the Wine of Cocoa Company, was in Atlanta several days, and left for Boston yesterday after having examined the affairs of his company in Atlanta and found them behind several hundred dollars, with the manager missing.

Walker is said to be in Kansas City. He was the southern manager of the company seven or eight years, and was considered one of the most reliable employees. It is said he got on a spree and pocketed about $600 of the company's funds about two months ago.

He took about $300, so his company reports, by making false receipts for vouchers of accounts which were not paid, and just before he departed from the city he dropped about $300 into his pockets as a cash deposit to enable him to seek other scenes.

The city detectives, to whom the case was reported, located Walker in Kansas City, but as the company did not desire a prosecution, the matter was dropped, so far as the police were concerned.

The office of the Wine of Cocoa Company is on Forsyth street. Walker resided at No. 148 Linden avenue.

Having lived in Atlanta several years, Walker was well known, and it will be a surprise to many of his friends and acquaintances to know that he left the city under such cloudy circumstances.

The Wine of Cocoa Company declines to give out any statement for publication other than to say that the southern manager has left the city and is about $600 short. He had some stock in the company which may be utilized to pay a portion of the amount which he owes.

MANY NEW MEMBERS JOINED.

Enthusiastic Open Meeting of Woodworkers' Union Was Held Last Evening.

An enthusiastic open meeting was held last evening at Federation hall under the auspices of the Woodworkers' Union and after the exercises a number of new members were admitted to the organization. While the meeting was in the nature of an informal affair, several men, prominent in the labor movement, had been invited to make short addresses and the session was an interesting one.

President Gilbert, of the union, presided and acted as master of ceremonies. He stated the object of the meeting and then introduced the speakers. The mayor responded to the invitation to speak and congratulated the union upon the fine showing made. He was followed by President H. F. Garrett, of the Georgia Federation of Labor.

Jerome Jones, business manager of The Journal of Labor, made a speech, interspersed with a number of humorous points, which was heartily applauded, as were the speeches of other speakers. C. C. Houston, editor of The Journal of Labor, spoke on the objects and high aims of organized labor and S. M. White, one of the trustees of the Atlanta Federation of Trades, also made an address along similar lines.

Following the speeches, President Gilbert spoke at length on the benefits to be derived from a thorough organization and the meeting ended with the admission of new members. The union has only been organized about four months and is considered one of the most progressive in the city.

COMMITTEE IS TO HUNT FOR DEAD MAN

Grave of Atlanta's First Mayor To Be Located.

MONUMENT WILL BE REARED

Councilman Holland Will Introduce the Necessary Resolution.

MOSES W. FORMWALT WAS FIRST MAYOR

No Headstone Marks the Spot Where This First Mayor of Atlanta Was Buried.

The grave of Moses W. Formwalt, the first mayor of Atlanta, will be marked with a suitable monument by the city. A movement with this end in view is now on foot among members of council and those who have been approached upon the subject are enthusiastically in favor of the proposition.

At the next meeting Councilman Sid Holland, chairman of the cemetery committee, will introduce a resolution, providing for a committee to locate the grave of the dead mayor and report to council as to its position in the cemetery. A second committee will then probably be appointed, and the arrangements for purchasing a suitable monument for the grave will be made.

Few, it appears, know of the location of the grave of Moses W. Formwalt, but it is said that the exact spot where his body was interred can be pointed out. The grave is said to be overgrown with grass, and there is neither headstone nor slab to mark the spot. Members of council who have the matter in charge feel that care should be taken of the resting place of the man who first sat in the executive chair of Atlanta, and they anticipate no difficulty in having the resolution of Mr. Holland adopted at the next meeting.

Moses W. Formwalt was mayor of Atlanta in 1848. He served only one year, having been succeeded by the late Benjamin F. Bomar, a councilman under Mayor Formwalt. The first executive head of Atalnta was a tinner by trade, and it is said that his shop was located somewhere near the corner of what is now Edgewood avenue and North Pryor street.

Very little appears to be known of him, except that after the expiration of his term of office he resumed his trade, dying some time between 1850 and 1860.

One of the few men in Atlanta who remember Mayor Formwalt is Colonel W. H. Hulsey, the present ordinary of Fulton county. Mrs. Marcus Bell, the sister of Colonel Hulsey, knows where the grave of the dead mayor is located and it was through her and through Colonel Hulsey that the condition into which the grave has fallen reached the ears of councilmen, and decided Councilman Holland upon introducing his proposed resolution.

"I do not know where the grave of Moses Formwalt it located," said Colonel Hulsey yesterday afternoon, "but I know that my sister, Mrs. Marcus Bell, does. Mr. Formwalt was buried near the spot where Mr. Bell was buried and from that my sister knows of the location of the grave. She is at present not in Atlanta, but upon her return I know that she will willingly point out to the committee the exact location.

"I have understood from her that the grave needs attention badly, and I think some suitable monument should be erected by the citizens over it.

"Although I was a little fellow when Mr. Formwalt was mayor, I remember him. I think he was a tinner, and had his shop near the Moore-Marsh building. It is my impression that he died during the fifties, or at any rate before the war. There are several old citizens, I expect, who remember him much better than I do, and I am confident that they will be able to give both the newspapers and the members of council considerable information concerning him."

Those members of council who have been approached upon the matter have expressed the opinion that the grave should be marked, and it is probable that an effort to put Councilman Holland's resolution upon its second reading at the next session will be successful.

The reason for the uncertainty as to the location of the grave of Mr. Formwalt is easily explained. During the war all records of the cemetery were either lost or destroyed, and consequently there is now no record prior to 1865.

Heavy Registration in Muscogee.

Columbus, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Up to tonight 2,275 persons had registered in Muscogee county. The registration will probably be the heaviest in years.

CORPS MAY GO TO REUNION

Veterans Are Anxious for Fire Department Drummers.

WILL ASK COUNCIL FOR THEM

Veterans Want the Drum Corps To Head Procession of Atlantians at Louisville Reunion.

The drum corps of the Atlanta fire department, which made a distinctive hit during the parade on Memorial day in Atlanta, will probably attend the Louisville reunion in company with the confederate veterans of this city.

The Atlanta veterans yesterday extended an invitation to the drum corps to attend the reunion with them and during the day many veterans called in person on Chief Joyner to urge that he give his consent to the acceptance of the invitation by the drum corps. This Chief Joyner willingly did, but announced to the veterans that it would be necessary to obtain a permit from council before the firemen would be allowed to leave the city.

The Atlanta veterans have declared their intention of going before the city council at the session which occurs one week from next Monday for the purpose of petitioning that the drum corps be allowed the privilege of leaving the city with them. It is probable that the members of council will give their consent and those members of the department who constitute the corps will then be given leaves of absence.

They will head that portion of the Louisville parade in which the Atlanta veterans are placed and there is little doubt that they will create a sensation in the city of the reunion. The veterans feel that the firemen will not only be a great benefit to them, but will do credit to Atlanta, in that they will demonstrate to the people of Louisville what sort of men are in the Atlanta fire department, giving a partial explanation for the wonderful fire record of this city.

The members of the corps are all anxious to visit Louisville with the veterans and it likely that council will grant the desired leaves of absence.

PREPARING FOR ASSEMBLY.

Other Denominations To Assist in Entertaining Presbyterian Commissioners Next Week.

Great enthusiasm prevails among the Presbyterians of the city in the arrangements which they are making to entertain the general assembly of the Southern Presbyterian church, which meets in Atlanta on May 17th next.

On last Sunday Dr. Theron H. Rice, the pastor of the Central Presbyterian church, in which the general assembly is to meet during the approaching session, stated that while it was the desire of the Presbyterians of the city to entertain most of the commissioners, it would be selfish to undertake to entertain all of them and deny to other denominations the privilege of showing Christian hospitality to the commissioners who will be Atlanta's guests at that time and of sharing in the blessings which the entertainment of such visitors will confer upon the homes in which they stop. Accordingly it has been decided to allow other denominations to assist in entertaining the commissioners if they so desire.

Persons of other denominations who wish to join with the Presbyterians of the city in entertaining the commissioners will communicate by next Tuesday with Chairman C. D. Montgomery, 15 South Pryor street, or Secretary Charles F. Whitner, Prudential building. Since there are only 250 commissioners to be entertained, the Presbyterians can easily entertain them, but they regard it as only right and proper that other denominations should be allowed to assist.

PRINCE OF WALES IS PLEASED.

Albert Edward Acknowledges Sympathy and Congratulations.

London, April 27.—The prince of Wales acknowledges the sympathy and congratulations from all parts of the world on his recent escape from assassination in a letter just made public, as follows:

"I have been deeply touched by the numerous expressions of sympathy and good will addressed to me upon the occasion of the providential escape of the princess of Wales and myself from the danger we have lately passed through. From every quarter of the globe, from the queen's subjects throughout the world as well as from the representatives and inhabitants of foreign countries have these manifestations proceeded, and on my return to this country I received a welcome so spontaneous and hearty that I felt I was the recipient of the most gratifying tribute of genuine good will. Such a proof of kind and generous feeling is, naturally, most highly prized by me and will be forever cherished in my memory. ALBERT EDWARD."

RAILROADS WILL MAKE LOW RATES

Reduced Fares to Seashore and Mountain Resorts.

RATES IN EFFECT JUNE 1ST

Will Be Made on Same Basis as Last Year.

TICKETS TO EXPIRE OCTOBER 31ST

Representatives of All Lines in This Territory Engrossed in Rate Question for Weeks.

Passenger representatives of all the railroad lines in this territory have been engrossed for the past ten days in the preparation of summer and excursion rates to the various summer resorts frequented by Atlantians and other people in this section.

The passenger men are not yet out of the woods, but their work is nearly finished, and enough has been accomplished to give in rough outline the arrangements made for the traveling public and pleasure seekers. Rate clerks were in session yesterday to make the final figures and work out the details of the plans agreed upon by the passenger men.

Rates have been arranged on about the same basis as last year, both for the larger trips and the Saturday to Monday rates to nearby points.

All of the lines will put tickets on sale at the low rates on June 1st, with final limit of October 31st. These tickets will cover all the mountain and seashore resorts in the south, and will also include many of the important points of summer travel in the east and northwest. Constantly increasing numbers of persons from this vicinity are spending their summers among the Wisconsin lakes and in the Lake Superior region. Many are expected to go to the Thousand Islands in the St. Lawrence, or to the many famous resorts on the New Jersey coast, and other summering places on the North Atlantic coast.

The railroad people are agreed that Atlanta is in a peculiarly favorable situation, so far as this summer traffic is concerned. All of the lines out of Atlanta have made reduced rates to what are known as suburban points. These points include such resorts as Lithia Springs, Warm Springs, Tate Springs, Indian Spring, Mt. Airy, and other resorts equally well known. The reduced rates will also apply to Cumberland island, to Tybee and the other coast resorts.

The railroads are preparing to offer every inducement in the way of rates and service to induce a heavy summer travel. At the various ticket and passenger offices in the city, it is said that the indications point to a large movement of the health and pleasure seeking population this year. Many inquiries have been received as to rates. Within a few days the roads will begin the distribution of vast quantities of summer resort literature, showing the attractions possessed by the resorts along their line.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O

Ask your Grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15 and 25 cents per package. Sold by all grocers.

Railway Notes.

Chairman Richardson has been requested by the Atlantic Coast line, Atlanta, Knoxville and Northern railway, Atlanta and West Point railroad, Atlantic, Valdosta and Western railway, Central of Georgia Railway Company, Charleston and Western Carolina railway, Florida Central and Peninsular railroad, Georgia Southern and Florida railway, Louisville and Nashville railroad, Plant System of railways, Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac railroad, Southern railway, Tifton and Northeastern railroad, Western and Atlantic railroad, Western Railway of Alabama, to announce a rate of one first-class fare for the round trip to Cincinnati, O., and return, from all points within the territory of the Southeastern Passenger Association, account of national convention people's party, Cincinnati, May 9th.

W. W. Picking has been appointed general agent of the passenger department of the Baltimore and Ohio. For a number of years Mr. Picking had been the ticket agent of the company in Chicago.

The Western Passenger Association will soon take up the question of uniformity between its interchangeable mileage tickets and those of the Southwestern Passenger Association. The Western Passenger Association territory does not extend beyond the Missouri river and the Southwestern does. As a result a passenger can, for example, go from points in western Kansas to points on the Missouri river on a Southwestern ticket, but cannot go from western Kansas points to Chicago on a Western Passenger Association ticket.

The Wabash railway must reduce its fares to 2½ cents per mile in Michigan, according to an opinion handed down by the supreme court of that state. The case was brought by Railroad Commissioner Osborne under the law of 1891, which provides that the compensation of railroads for transporting passengers, the earnings of whose passenger trains were over $2,000 and less than $3,000 per mile, should be 2½ cents per mile. The company's annual report for its income for the year ended December 31, 1898, brought it just above the limit of $2,038.16 per mile. Its earnings from passenger fares alone did not reach this sum, but the additional earnings from express, mails and other sources brought the figures up to the above amount. The court says that a passenger train consists of its passenger, baggage, express and mail cars, and that its gross earnings include the receipts from each source of income.

FURNITURE COMPANY SUED.

Mrs. Kate Davis Wants $500 for Damages Alleged She Received.

Mrs. Kate Davis, a widow residing at 208 Hunnicutt street, yesterday filed suit in the city court against John L. Coleman & Co., for $500 damages. In her petition to the court Mrs. Davis alleges that in December of last year, after much persuasion on the part of the furniture company, she purchased a hatrack verbally on credit for $10 and, according to her petition, she was to pay for it in small sums as she was able until the entire amount had been paid.

She states that between the time of purchasing the hatrack and March 9, 1900, she had paid the amount of $2. On the 9th of last month, so says the petition, employees of the furniture company visited her house while she was absent and forcibly took the hatrack. She alleges that a gas jet was broken during the proceedings. She sets forth that she keeps a boarding house and was greatly humiliated before her boarders on account of the affair.

FIREMEN ARE TO PLAY HANDBALL

Department Tournament Will Begin Next Monday.

ALL ARRANGEMENTS MADE

Three Games Will Be Played Every Afternoon for Six Weeks.

MERCHANTS HAVE GIVEN FINE PRIZES

Series of Handball Games Promises To Be the Most Interesting of Department Tournaments.

A handball tournament, which will continue for six weeks, will be commenced in the Atlanta fire department next Monday afternoon. It is the intention of the players to have three games in progress simultaneously every afternoon, with the exception of Sunday, during the six weeks and after that period has expired the ties will be played.

The firemen have arranged many tournaments during the past few years, but there is more interest in the handball event than in any previous one. A large number of firemen will participate and many have been kept from entering the contest, although they desired doing so, because they were outclassed by those who will play.

A number of the merchants of Atlanta have contributed prizes and it will be for these that the firemen will play. Other merchants have signified their intention of donating articles to the department to be used as prizes and the list is expected to be complete within a few days.

A committee on arrangements has been watching the firemen play for several weeks. This was merely a preliminary and was done for the purpose of classing the players. They have now been grouped into three classes, class A containing the best players and class B and class C those who are not quite so good. The class A men will give those in class B and class C odds and class B men will give odds to those of class C.

This committee on arrangements is composed of Tas Short, G. C. Fife, J. A. Lafitte, Jr., O. Parker and Tilman Crouch.

The games will be played every afternoon at 3 o'clock on the three courts of the department. One court is at fire headquarters on Alabama street, another is at the No. 2 engine house on Washington street and the third is at No. 6 engine house on Boulevard. The court at No. 6 engine house is indoors, but the two others are outdoor courts.

The Handball Players.

The following teams will play the tournament:

Class A—Harrison and Short, Lawshe and Garrett, Baldwin and Lafitte, R. Joyner and Lagomarsino, W. Benson and Parker, Courtney and Crouch, Anderson and Delaney.

Class B—Dimmock and Fairman, M. Benson and Evans, Graham and Fuller, Terrell and Dyer, Erskine and Smith, E. Setze and McWaters, Cody and Coley.

Class C—Driscoll and Carlton, Dickinson and Jordan, Fife and Allen, C. R. Setze and Jones, Pressley and Dooley, Jenkins and Ivey, Cummings and Hall, Cap Joyner and Harry Joyner, Bennett and Harris, Franklin and Megee, Peel and Ralph Joyner.

Will Have Many Prizes.

The following is the list of prizes for which the firemen will play:

Atlanta Gas Company, lamp; Walter A. Wood, refrigerator; Hightower & Graves, chafing dish; Anderson Hardware Company, razor and strap; Hirsch Bros., $5 worth of gents' furnishing goods; Law Bros., $5 worth of haberdashery; Edwin Stewart, $5 worth of haberdashery; J. C. Daniel, $5 pair shoes; Byck Bros., $5 pair of shoes; Jacobs' Pharmacy, $4 bottle of extract; Brown & Allen, $4 bottle of extract; Edmondson & Bro., $4 bottle of extract; T. H. Pitts, $5 pipe; W. J. Govan, box of cigars; W. M. Lewis, box of cigars, H. R. Durand, box of cigars; Howlett Joyner, box of cigars; I. H. Oppenheim, box of cigars; N. Hess & Son, $3.50 pair of shoes; Heinze & Son, fishing rod; R. O. Campbell, ton of coal; C. H. Stanton, ton of coal; J. F. Lester, to be selected; Maier & Berkele, to be selected; Mike Erskine, to be selected; Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co., rocking chair; C. W. Crankshaw, $6 silver spoon; Jerry Lynch, $15 pair of pants; Nat Kaiser, $10 pair of cuff buttons.

Prevented a Tragedy.

Timely information given Mrs. George Long, of New Straitsville, Ohio, prevented a dreadful tragedy and saved two lives. A frightful cough had long kept her awake every night. She had tried many remedies and doctors, but steadily grew worse until urged to try Dr. King's New Discovery. One bottle wholly cured her, and she writes this marvelous medicine also cured Mr. Long of a severe attack of Pneumonia. Such cures are positive proof of the matchless merit of this grand remedy for curing all throat, chest and lung troubles. Only 50c and $1.00. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at drug stores.

BLIND PILES, No Cure No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

NOT ENOUGH STAMPS TO SUIT.

North Carolina Tobacco Is Seized in San Francisco.

San Francisco, April 27.—Officers today seized 1,000 pounds of tobacco sent here by the Sparger Bros. Company, of Mt. Airy, N. C. The packages have, it is claimed, not the full amount of stamps on them and contain a quarter of an ounce more tobacco than the stamps call for. A similar seizure was made a few weeks ago of tobacco from a St. Louis factory.

Their Scheme Flustrated.

Huntsville, Ala., April 27.—(Special.)—Ed Satterfield, Will Ferris, Will Byers and two other prisoners in the county jail have for the past two weeks been engaged in an effort to burn their way through the wall of sandstone, about two feet thick. The men built hot fires against the wall and then dashed cold water upon it to crumble it away. Several prisoners escaped in this manner a few months ago, but Satterfield and his companions had a wall too thick. Jailer Connally discovered the plot last night. The prisoners had an accomplice out of jail who furnished them wood.

A New Book For Men

For weeks the presses have been busy turning out the enormous edition of Dr. J. Newton Hathaway's new book—"Manliness, Vigor, Health"—necessary to satisfy the public demand. Send your name and address for a free copy.



For 20 years Dr. Hathaway has confined his practice exclusively to chronic diseases of men and women.

He cures Loss of Vitality, Varicocele, Stricture, Blood Poisoning, Rheumatism, Weak Back, all manner of urinary complaints, Ulcers, Sores and Skin Diseases, Bright's Disease, and all forms of Kidney Troubles.

Dr. Hathaway's success in the treatment of Varicocele and Stricture without the aid of knife and cautery is phenomenal. The patient is treated at his own home without pain or loss of time from business. Free consultation and advice, either at his office or by mail.

J. NEWTON HATHAWAY, M. D.
Dr. Hathaway & Co.
22 South Broad Street. ATLANTA, GA

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

THE SPRING MEDICINE

gives new life and substance to the nerve and muscle tissues, restores strength and vitality to the human system.



Care and constant strain of work has first effect upon the nerves. Without strong nerves, the stomach, liver and kidneys are weakened, the blood is impoverished, the energy of the body is wasted, and disease is liable.

GEORGE H. GRAVES, LaCrosse, Wis., writes:

"Paine's Celery Compound is the greatest spring medicine on the face of this earth. I am taking it this spring with even better results than ever before. It will do all you claim for it; in fact, Paine's Celery Compound is the only tonic medicine that will cure the nervous and broken-down."

FINEST TEN-CENT CIGAR IN THE WORLD.

Smoke Our PEERLESS

Clear Havana.

Manufactured by CUESTA, RAY & CO., Tampa, Fla.
For Sale by the BIG BONANZA CIGAR STORE, 17 Peachtree St.

SOME INTERESTING FIGURES

Capital of the Four Great Banks of the World.

BANK OF ENGLAND,	$86,047,935
BANK OF FRANCE,	36,500,000
IMPERIAL BANK OF GERMANY	28,560,000
BANK OF RUSSIA,	25,714,920
TOTAL	$176,822,855

FUNDS HELD BY THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY FOR THE PAYMENT OF ITS POLICIES, DECEMBER 31, 1899, $301,844,537

Or $125,021,682 more than the combined capital of these amous banks.

The new form of policy of The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, Richard A. McCurdy, President, provides:

First—The SECURITY of $301,844,537 of assets.
Second—PROFITABLE INVESTMENT.
Third—LIBERAL LOANS TO THE INSURED.
Extended term insurance in case of lapse.
Automatic paid-up insurance without exchange of policy.
Liberal surrender values.
One month's grace in payment of premiums.

For Further Information Apply to

ROBERT F. SHEDDEN, General Agent.

English-American Building, Atlanta, Ga.

Horses==150 to 200==Horses.

The last big auction sale of horses for the season will be at

J. B. THOMPSON'S Tuesday, May 1st.

Most of these are good broke horses for city and livery purposes. Auction 10 a. m.

P. S.—Ask the buyers who have attended these sales—they will tell you there is no by bidding.



STANHOPES,

Rubber tired and stylish. Our livery and boarding stables are perfect in appointment and service.

Herren, Wallace & Co.,

'Phone 176. 35 to 51 Ivy St.

Nervous Wrecks,

Tired out, Weak and Exhausted in Body and Mind, Appetite Gone,

Unable to Sleep Night or Day, Find Rest and Relief

from Pain in the Great Restorative

Dr. Miles' Nervine.

Nothing has ever equalled Dr. Miles' Nervine in power to restore lost energy and build up wasted nerve strength and vitality. It gives relief where other remedies fail, because it does not drive the irritated nerves, but coaxes and feeds them, giving them new life and power before calling on them for renewed effort. If your nerves are getting weak; if you are tired, worn-out and cannot rest or sleep; if your strength is failing and you feel that you are losing ground, begin at once with Dr. Miles' Nervine, and you will be surprised how soon you will begin to feel better and stronger.

"When I commenced taking Dr. Miles' Nervine I was as nervous as any one could be and live. Day and night were both alike to me—no sleep that did me any good and no rest at any time. I used to have such terrible headaches that it seemed as though my head would burst at any moment, my appetite was very poor and I was run-down and exhausted in body and mind. Before I had taken one bottle of the Nervine I could go to bed and sleep soundly all night, and in the morning I would awake feeling so rested and refreshed. Dr. Miles' Nervine did me a world of good, and I am never tired of singing its praises."

MRS. D. D. OWEN,
23 Utica street, Ithaca, N. Y.

"Intemperate living and close confinement in my store resulted in a collapse of my whole nervous system and I was a total wreck. I was so weak that at times I was unable to stand on my feet and would fall to the floor wherever I happened to be. My legs would become numb and without any sense of feeling. I had dizzy spells when my head would swim so I could scarcely see. I had tried nearly every remedy recommended for nervous troubles without obtaining relief and finally became so discouraged that I did not care whether I lived or died. Four years ago I commenced using Dr. Miles' Nervine and was greatly benefited by the first bottle. This gave me new hope and I continued the medicine for several months, gaining strength all the time. I am now as strong and well as I ever was and can work sixteen hours a day when it is necessary without feeling any bad effects. I cannot speak too highly of Dr. Miles' Nervine for I think it was the only thing that saved my life."

W. G. WHITE, McGregor, Tex.

Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold at all druggists on a positive guarantee. Write for free advice and booklet to

DR. MILES' MEDICAL CO., Elkhart, Ind.

CLOSE WAS FIRM

Just Before the Close Prices Made Rapid Advance.

BOTH ACCOUNTS BOUGHT

Rumors of Bad Weather in Southwest Texas Main Cause—Closed 4 to 10 Points Up.

New York, April 27.—The cotton market was not so narrow today, working within a range of 10 points after opening unchanged to 5 points higher. The improvement was largely due to better cables, the Liverpool market closing 1@2 points higher, while there was some foreign buying, and for a time brisk local covering. Later, however, the market became easier as public support was not a factor, while crop accounts were conflicting. The market was not at any time weak, but it was hard to create any bull enthusiasm with the official announcement indicating almost perfect weather for the entire belt. During the morning Wall street sold the summer months against purchases of December and January. During the afternoon the room traders were in control, but just before the close speculation picked up and prices forged ahead rapidly on a flurry of buying for both accounts, based on rumors of bad weather in southwestern Teaxs. The close was firm at a net advance of 4@10 points.

Spot Cotton Quotations.

Official closing quotaions for spot cotton:
Atlanta—Quiet; middling 9⅛c.
Liverpool—Demand moderate; middling 5 15-32d.
New York—Quiet; middling 9 13-16c.
New Orleans—Firm; middling 9⅜c.
Savannah—Quiet; middling 9 5-16c.
Galveston—Quiet; middling 9 7-16c.
Norfolk—Firm; middling 9½c.
Mobile; nominal; middling 9¼c.
Memphis—Steady; middling 9⅝c.
Augusta—Quiet; middling 9⅝c.
Charleston—Quiet; middling 9¼c.
Houston—Quiet; middling 9⅜c.
St. Louis—Quiet; middling 9⅝c.

The following is the statement of receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS 1900	RECEIPTS 1899	SHIPM'TS. 1900	SHIPM'TS. 1899	STOCK. 1900	STOCK. 1899
Saturday	....	....	161	51	3156	12261
Monday	24	20	250	124	2930	12257
Tuesday	33	33	....	200	2963	12090
Wednesday	....	76	....	....	2963	12166
Thursday	5	40	....	....	2968	12206
Friday	....	112	....	....	2968	12318
Totals	62	281	411	375	......	......

The following was the range of cotton futures in New York yesterday:

MONTHS.	Opening	Highest.	Lowest.	Last Sale.	Closing bid and asked.
April	....	....	....	....	9 47-49
May	9 43	9 48	9 40	9 48	9 48
June	9 38	9 43	9 36	9 43	9 43-44
July	9 37	9 44	9 35	9 43	9 43-44
August	9 24	9 28	9 20	9 28	9 28-29
September	8 44	8 49	8 44	8 49	8 48-49
October	8 19	8 24	8 18	8 24	8 24-25
November	8 04	8 07	8 04	8 07	8 07-08
December	8 02	8 07	8 01	8 05	8 07-08
January	8 03	8 08	8 03	8 08	8 08-09
February	....	....	....	....	8 09-11
March	....	....	....	....	....

Futures closed steady.

The following table shows the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS 1900	RECEIPTS 1899	EXPORTS 1900	EXPORTS 1899	STOCKS. 1900	STOCKS. 1899
Saturday	3198	10349	15853	17625	846016	793162
Monday	5671	6963	723	3631	485636	789851
Tuesday	13356	1673	22970	9681	481706	783599
Wednesd'y	5441	12553	25378	9734	461997	788415
Thursday	6759	11168	14137	7130	455486	788013
Friday	5254	16449	4803	16913	452377	787489
Totals	39679	70955	83894	64714		

The following were the closing bids for cotton futures in New Orleans:

April	.....	October	8 00
May	9 35	November	7 8
June	9 35	December	7 87
July	9 33	January	7 88
August	9 08	February	....
September	8 36	March	....

Futures closed steady.

Comparative Cotton Statement.

New York, April 27.—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

Net receipts for the week	39,679
Same time last year	70,955
Showing a decrease of	31,276
Total receipts since September 1st	6,160,757
Same time last year	7,852,259
Showing a decrease of	1,691,502
Exports for the week	83,894
Same time last year	64,714
Showing an increase of	17,180
Total exports since September 1st	5,074,827
Same time last year	6,338,120
Showing a decrease of	1,263,293
Stock at U. S. ports	542,377
Same time last year	787,489
Showing a decrease of	335,112
Stock at interior towns	224,258
Same time last year	434,158
Showing a decrease of	209,900
Stock at Liverpool	647,000
Same time last year	1,616,000
Showing a decrease of	969,000
American afloat for Great Britain	110,000
Same time last year	66,000
Showing an increase of	44,000

Total Net Receipts at U. S. Ports.

New York, April 27.—The following are the net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1899:

Galveston	1,671,698
New Orleans	1,725,502
Mobile	196,399
Savannah	1,052,172
Charleston	253,852
Wilmington	274,282
Norfolk	371,623
Baltimore	84,154
New York	96,424
Boston	103,449
Newport News	15,060
Philadelphia	45,294
Brunswick	92,405
Pensacola	121,458
Sabine Pass and Port Arthur	56,985
Total	6,160,757

The Liverpool and Port Markets.

Liverpool, April 27—12:15 p. m.—Cotton, spot, demand moderate with prices higher; middling uplands 5 15-32; sales 7,000; American 6,100; speculation and export 500; receipts 1,000; American 700.

Futures opened steady.

	Open'g.	Closing	
April	5 23 64	5 23	Sellers
April-May	5 19-64	5 18½	Buyers
May-June	5 17-64	5 16½	Sellers
June-July	5 14-64	5 14	Sellers
July-August	5 11-64	5 11	Buyers
August-September	5 2-64	5 01½	Buyers
September-October	4 45-94	4 44½	Buyers
October-November	4 34-64	4 33½	Buyers
November-December	4 28-64	4 28	Value

Futures closed steady.

New York, April 27.—Cotton quiet; sales none bales; middling uplands 9 13-16; gulf 10 1-16; net receipts 390; gross 886; stock 112,-040.

New Orleans, April 27.—Cotton firm; sales 1,400; middling 9⅜; receipts 2,105; stock 186,101.

Galveston, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9 7-16; receipts 516; stock 30,488.

Mobile, April 27.—Cotton nominal; middling 9¼; receipts 10; stock 14,230.

Savannah, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9 5-16; receipts 858; stock 50,725.

Charleston, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9¼ bid; receipts 236; stock 21,290.

Wilmington, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9½; receipts 27; stock 7,222.

Norfolk, April 27.—Cotton firm; middling 9½; sales 418; receipts 49; stock 20,143.

Baltimore, April 27.—Cotton nominal; middling 9¾; receipts 356; stock 951.

Boston, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9 13-16; receipts 92; gross 803.

Philadelphia, April 27.—Cotton firm; middling 10 1-16; stock 51,732.

St. Louis, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝; receipts 365; stock 53,613.

Memphis, April 27.—Cotton steady; middling 9⅝; receipts 171; sales 300; shipments 359; stock 50,359.

Augusta, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅝; sales 572 receipts 12; stock 12,237.

Houston, April 27.—Cotton quiet; middling 9⅜; sales 213; receipts 155; stock 26,780.

S. Munn, Son & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, April 27.—Cotton advanced 7 to 10 points on this crop and 3 to 6 on the next, closing firm with estimated sales of 100,-000 bales. The rise was due to higher cables, light receipts, Wall street buying, some European buying of the next crop and the statistical position in general, including very bullish Liverpool figures for the week. The south sold December and January. The Liverpool stock fell off 34,000 for the week, and is 926,000 less than last year. Wedgefield, S. C., reports: "Rain has been very beneficial to cotton, but this was followed by the heaviest of the year, which resulted disastrously to cotton just sprouting." Hagood, S. C., says: "Great anxiety is felt for cotton just planted on account of the heaviest rains on record in this section last week. The ground is thoroughly packed." Henderson, N. C., writes: "In some sections around here more cotton will be replanted this year." Raleigh, N. C., says: "Farmers are making rapid progress after the rains, which, with the warmer weather, has left the ground in good condition for planting." Reports of storms in Texas and replanting in the Houston district encouraged the bulls. Alabama sales of fertilizer tags up to April 1st were 1,433,110, against 911,700 for the same time last season, an increase of 531,-380. The New York stock is said to be 35,000 bales smaller than officially stated, and it is understood that a recount will be made on May 1st. Even the nominal figures, however, are small enough. We believe in buying August on the recessions and selling January and later months on all rallies. There may be a severe pinch in the matter of supplies before the present season is out, but all signs point to a big crop next season. Yet as there is a possibility, if not an extreme probability, that the scarcity of cotton may be felt in the early months of the next season, we do not favor sales of those deliveries.

(Advertisement.)

Price, McCormick & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, April 27.—Price, McCormick & Co. in their circular published today say: "According to Mr. Hester's statement The World's visible supply shows a decrease for the week of 254,000 bales. He makes the amount in sight for the week 55,000 bales, showing a total absorption of cotton in one week of about 300,000 bales. The total absorption for the past five weeks has been about 1,100,000 bales. Should this rate of absorption continue the world would be absolutely denuded of supplies within about twelve weeks, or by the middle of July. This is, of course, impossible. An advance in the price that will check the absorption is the only issue to the situation, which is the strongest practically since the war. Southern holders of spot cotton can practically name their own prices for the balance of the season. The market has been very steady throughout the day and closed at top prices. The coterie of bearish operators in New York is coming to some appreciation of the situation.

"PRICE, McCORMICK & CO."

HESTER WANTS ACTUAL COUNT

New Orleans, April 27.—Tomorrow morning's papers here will publish lengthy telegraphic correspondence between Secretary Hester and the secretary of the committee on information and statistics of the New York cotton exchange in relation to the New York stock, which, it is alleged, is anywhere from 25,000 to 40,000 bales less than the official statement of the New York cotton exchange.

Secretary Hester desired the officials of the New York exchange to order an immediate count of the stock on hand and they finally stated that an actual count would be taken as soon as it could be done with accuracy.

Mr. Hester says he has information from leading members of the New York cotton exchange insisting on the incorrectness of the New York stock. He offers no opinion thereon, but claims that the New York committee owes it to the trade throughout the south to verify its figures by an actual count. He says he believes this will be done next week. In fact, he has a telegram from a member of a leading cotton firm in New York who is also a prominent member of the New York cotton exchange that the committee on receiving his last telegram so decided.

Weekly Cotton Crop Statement.

New Orleans, April 27.—Secretary Hester's weekly New Orleans cotton exchange statement, issued before the close of business today, shows a decrease in the movement into sight compared with the seven days ending this date last year in round figures of 16,000, a decrease under the same time year before last of 9,000 and an increase over the same time in 1897 of 1,000.

For the 27 days of April the totals show a decrease under last year of 113,000, a decrease under the same time year before last of 55,000 and an increase over the same time in 1897 of 51,000.

For the 239 days of the season that have elapsed the aggregate is behind the 239 days of last year 1,925,000, behind the same days year before last of 2,062,000, and ahead of 1897 by 312,000.

The amount brought into sight during the last week has been 55,778, against 71,282 for the seven days ending this date last year, 64,806 year before last and 64,865 the same time in 1897, and for the 27 days of April it has been 243,457, against 354,777 last year, 298,834 year before last and 192,015 the same time in 1897.

These make the total movement for the 239 days from September 1st to date 8,517,043, against 10,441,776 last year, 10,759,043 year before last and 8,205,809 the same time in 1897.

The movement since September 1st shows receipts at all United States ports of 6,322,994, against 7,923,590 last year, 8,278,353 year before last and 6,519,633 the same time in 1897; overland across the Mississippi, Ohio and Potomac rivers to northern mills and Canada 1,103,939, against 1,197,627 last year, 1,137,751 year before last and 830,115 the same time in 1897; interior stocks under September 1st 7,335, against 319,114 excess over September 1st last year, 236,273 year before last and 47,714 the same time in 1897; southern mill takings 1,097,445, aginst 1,001,445 last year, 926,666 year before last and 808,-047 the same time in 1897.

Foreign exports for the week have been 84,537, against 60,687 last year, making the total thus far for the season 5,211,035, against 6,414,236 last year, a decrease of 1,203,201.

Northern mill takings and Canada during the past seven days show a decrease of 9,197, as compared with the corresponding period last year, and their total takings since September 1st have increased 56,225. The total takings of American mills, north and south and Canada thus far for the season, have been 3,232,-926, against 3,070,824 last year. These include 2,101,313 by northern spinners, against 2,045,088.

Stocks at the seaboard and the 29 leading southern interior centers have decreased during the week 70,908, against a decrease during the corresponding period last season of 39,-951, and are now 547,504 smaller than at this date in 1899.

Including stock left over at the ports and interior towns from the last crop, and the number of bales brought into sight thus far for the new crop, the supply to date is 9,135,941, against 10,709,342 for the same period last year.

It must be remembered that the weekly, monthly and season's comparisons in Secretary Hester's reports are made up to corresponding dates last year, year before and in 1897. Comparisons to close of corresponding weeks are misleading, as totals to close of this week last year would take in 240 days of the season, year before last 241 and in 1897 242 days, against only 239 days this year.

World's Visible Supply of Cotton.

New Orleans, April 27.—Secretary Hester's statement of the world's visible supply of cotton, made up from special cable and telegraphic advices, compares this week with last week, this year, last year and the year before. It shows a decrease for the week just closed of 254,101, against a decrease of 84,-471 last year and a decrease of 78,002 year before last.

The total visible is 2,877,814, against 3,131,-915 last week, 4,915,075 last year and 4,208,-252 year before last.

Of this the total of American cotton is 2,314,814, against 2,476,915 last week, 3,755,075 last year and 3,253,252 year before last, and of all other kinds, including Egypt, Brazil, India, etc., 563,000, against 655,000 last week, 1,160,000 last year and 955,000 year before last.

The total world's visible supply of cotton shows a decrease compared with last week of 254,101 bales, a decrease compared with last year of 2,037,261 and a decrease compared with year before last of 1,330,438.

Of the world's visible supply, as above, there is now afloat and held in Great Britain and Continental Europe 1,801,000 bales, against 2,777,000 last year and 2,502,000 year before last; in Egypt 152,000, against 215,000 last year and 213,000 year before last; in India 227,000, against 678,000 last year and 499,-000 year before last, and in the United States 698,0000, against 1,245,000 last year and 994,000 year before last.

Hubbard Bros. & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, April 27.—European advices were quite in keeping with the expectations of the trade, showing a disposition to follow the improvement here of yesterday. Our market opened steady with buyers for May and July and sellers for August. This situation has continued the strength of the May position, which is being received by the houses supposed to be short of August and are thought to wish to retain the cotton which may be here or come here in their position. The strength of the statistical position has been thoroughly exploited and has brought a few buying orders, though the larger commission houses appear to be sellers on balance. There is little or no demand from the spinners for cotton on the advance. The holders of spots were sellers of May. The temper of the local trade is bullish on the strong statistical position, though they admit general goods trade is not so good.

BUSINESS IS GOOD

Suffers Merely by Comparison with Activity of Some Time Ago.

CROP PROSPECTS EXCELLENT

Retail Demand Is Improving and Nothing of Definitely Depressing Character Has Yet Developed.

New York, April 27.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"Evidences of the fact that there are now two sides to the general trade situation, where for a year past there was but one, come to sight this week. Different sections of the country and lines of business return different reports, but that the situation as a whole is a favorable one and suffers merely by comparison with the enormous and almost feverish activity of some time ago is also evident. Excluding the great speculative centers the aggregate of business is undoubtedly larger than a year ago, and the business done even in several industries reporting reduced activity would seem large even to those bearishly inclined had it not been for the enormous aggregate done some short time ago. Crop prospects, except in the wheat area of the central west and in some flooded sections of the south, remain all that might be wished for. Retail demand is improving and nothing of a definitely depressing character has yet developed.

"In the abrupt readjustment of Steel and Wire prices the iron and steel industry received a notable shock, but has stood the ordeal very well, confirming earlier advices of the substantial and non-speculative basis for the immense activity and greatly advanced prices of the past year. The possibilities of a renewed export trade in pig iron have constituted one of the foremost supports to that industry. Last week's reports of heavy sales of southern iron for export are amply confirmed, and an enormously large tonnage could be placed if freight rates and room were favorable.

"Hardware is in increasing distribution at the west, but rather quiet in eastern markets. Among other metals, copper is firm, while tin is rather weaker.

"One of the most favorably situated industries is that of shoes. Manufacturers are reported active, jobbers are busy and seasonable weather is inducing a good distribution from retail hands.

"Paints, oils and drugs are also in good distribution, while the strength of bituminous coal, partly owing to the strike, but also to the increased demand for this product, is sympathetically reflected in the enlarged demand for the steam grades of anthracite, which are expected to be advanced on May 1st.

"In agricultural products the situation is generally one of sustained strength. Some slight shading in wheat prices is largely the result of the flattering winter wheat crop prospects in the sections west of the Mississippi. Spring wheat seeding is reported almost completed in the northwest, much ahead of the average.

"Corn has been quite strong, partly on continued good export demand and partly in sympathy with provisions, which are stronger, more because of the steady consumptive requirements than because of lighter receipts in hogs.

"The sharp advance in prices of lumber last year and the unsettled position of the labor situation in the building trades are jointly held responsible for the rather disappointing business reported this spring. Hemlock lumber is lower and white pine is also weaker, but the hard woods maintain much of their old strength.

"Other lines reporting special quietness are the wholesale dry goods trades at the east, where retailers are reported well supplied with goods; the jewelry business, particularly the manufacturers who report business rather dull and the grocery trades.

"Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 3,683,863 bushels, against 3,-898,451 last week, 3,028,403 in the corresponding week of 1889, 4,449,009 in 1898, 1,-155,866 in 1897 and 1,260,494 in 1896. Since July 1st this season the exports of wheat aggregate 161,488,410 bushels, against 196,-290,521 bushels last year and 195,952,638 bushels in 1897-98.

"Corn exports for the week aggregate 3,-620,664 bushels, against 3,158,747 last week, 2,615,097 in this week a year ago, 4,216,066 in 1898, 3,657,465 in 1897 and 2,142,595 in 1896. Since July 1st this season corn exports aggregated 169,702,060, against 139,-662,823 during the same period a year ago and 151,349,391 in 1897-98.

"Failures for the week in the United States are well down to the minimum, numbering only 182, an increase of 21 over last week, but two less than in this week a year ago, and comparing with 245 in this week in 1893, 244 in 1897 and 254 in 1896.

Canadian failures for the week number 18, as compared with 19 last week, 27 in this week a year ago, 22 in 1898, 31, in 1897 and 26 in 1896."

Dun's Review.

New York, April 27.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say:

"Gold begins to go abroad and prices of iron products break sharply in the same week. Four months of the new year have passed and business does not so expand as to need the large increase of circulation which the new monetary bill has permitted, nor enough to sustain all the extraordinary advance in prices last year. The abundance of gold and of currency and the large disbursements by the treasury in exchange of bonds have rendered rates for money unusually low for the season here, while rare industrial and speculative activity in Europe, with the war in south Africa, have tended to make money dearer abroad. So new gold from Alaska answers the loss of supply from the Transvaal, and America builds up in credits abroad a breastwork against prostration in future here, as in the past, caused by troubles in Europe.

The reaction in prices came where it was expected least, in the industry more fully organized than any other to check competition, and in the branch which, through contracts covering rod-making and other machinery and through patents, seemed more fully controlled than any other. Reductions of $20 per ton in wire nails, barbed wire and galvanized fence and $18 in smooth wire showed that no control can afford to hold prices so high as to check consumption. In a week the prices of iron products have declined 5.86 per cent, and since February 7th 10.3 per cent. As the wire and nail prices have been relatively the highest, others in the iron and steel industry can be expected to fall in like measure. But pig iron is weaker. No. 1 local coke at Chicago $23.50 and southern pig iron also lower. Plates and bars can be obtained for about 1.8c in good contracts both at the east and at Pittsburg, the proposed advance in sheets to 3.6 has not been attempted and cut nail mills, which have gained much by selling at 7c per keg below wire nails, will now lower prices also. The stoppage of a dozen wire and nail mills, besides rod mills, indicates some change in the actual demand. In the minor metals, the only change has been in tin, which declined rather sharply to 29¾c in sympathy with lower London quotations.

The tendency toward lower prices is strengthened by the idea that overproduction may appear in other branches.

"In cotton goods, after the rise of about 30 per cent following the advance in cotton, it is asked whether the surprising increase in southern output has not cut off part of the demand which eastern mills find insufficient. In staple goods no change is seen, but in other lines and fancy goods irregularity is increasing and greater concessions are made for future delivery.

"Cotton futures fell and recovered with good prospects for the new crop, northern mills having taken already what they will require until September, but Ellison's estimate is thought likely to stiffen the foreign demand.

"Nor has wool changed in quotations, though some sales of fair amount are reported. The demand for woolen goods is small and disappointing except in staples, which are steady because well sold up. Prices are not encouraging.

"The produce market is inactive, though wheat yielded a fraction and corn gained 1c for the week. Exports of both continue larger than a year ago.

"Exports of merchandise from New York in three weeks have been 37.9 per cent larger than last year, and with the aid of the heavy cotton movement the aggregate of the month promises to considerably exceed one hundred millions, while imports here are 13.6 per cent larger than last year, but will fall below exports by more than thirty millions.

"Failures for the week have been 204 in the United States, against 184 last year, and 22 in Canada, against 23 last year."

Southern Exchange Cotton Letter.

New York, April 27.—Cotton was 1 to 5 points higher on the opening call, due to better cables than had been expected. Liverpool cables reported an advance of 1-32d on spots, which were quoted at 5 15-32d; futures were stronger, the near positions being 2-64 up. After the call our market fell off 3 to 5 points on realizing, but recovered quickly on good buying for local and foreign account. Prices reached the high mark in the late dealings, when the summer options were 8 points above the lowest and the distant deliveries 3 to 6 points higher. The market closed steady at about the best.

The Metal Market.

New York, April 27.—Tin ruled weak at a net loss of 37½ points, closing at $29.12½@29.37½.

Pig iron warrants weak at $15.50.

Lake copper unchanged at $17.

Lead dull at $4.67½ bid and $4.72½ asked.

Spelter dull at $4.45@4.60.

The brokers' price for lead was $4.45 and for copper $17.25.

St. Louis, April 27.—Lead firm at $4.70; spelter dull at $4.

The Liverpool Grain Market.

Liverpool, April 27.—Wheat, spot firm; No. 1 California 6s 4d@6s 4½d; No. 1 northern spring 5s 11½d; futures quiet; April nominal; May 5s 9⅛d; July 5s 8⅞d.

Corn, spot firm; American mixed new 4s 3d; futures steady; May 4s 2½d; July 4s 1¼d; September 4s 1¾d.

START WAS BETTER

Due Mainly to Free Early Buying for London Account.

EARNING REPORTS WEAK

Probability of Favorable Bank Statement Today Failed To Help the Market.

New York, April 27.—Yesterday's show of strength in stocks was dissipated in the course of today's trading on the exchange. The market opened generally higher, and an attempt was made to continue the upward rush in Pennsylvania and Baltimore and Ohio. It was very soon found, however, that the general demand for stocks was quite insignificant at the higher level of prices, yesterday's operations having so far diminished the short interest that the demand from that course was no longer an effective support. In Sugar especially yesterday's urgent demand from the shorts was decidedly relaxed. The price was run up after the opening to 119⅝, but the realizing sales from buyers on the recent advance overpowered the stock. It got back once again above last night's close and then fell an extreme 6⅝ with a feverish and uncertain rally. There was the same absence of authentic news concerning the stock as on the advance, and its movement was due entirely to technical causes. The same was true of the general market. The reaction was due to the general recognition that yesterday's sharp advance was due to a demand from an over-extended short interest. Some effort was made to combat the reaction by bidding up different stocks. There was a show of strength at different periods in the Tobacco stocks, Leather stocks, Brooklyn Rapid Transit and New York Central, but these maneuvers proved unavailing to hold the market. The opening strength was due in no small part to the buying for London account, which amounted to 25,000 or 30,000 shares. The railroad earnings reported for the day were on the side of reaction. St. Paul's net earnings for March fell off by reason of the high level of operating expenses. The statement of the Reading company and New Jersey Central for the same period were distinctly weak. Following the Ontario and Western statement of yesterday, the reactionary tendency in the anthracite group is sufficiently explained. The probability of a favorable bank statement tomorrow failed to help the market. The gains in cash from interior sources are expected to show an increase of nearly $2,000,000 over last week's gain from the same source, but on the other hand, the gains from the sub-treasury by the banks have fallen off almost as much from last week. On yesterday's operations the banks lost to the sub-treasury some $338,000, and that institution's debit balance at the clearing house today was again below $400,000. The decline in the government bond refunding operations has evidently about brought to an end the process of disbursement to the money market by the sub-treasury. The week's gain by the banks in cash is, however, nearly $5,000,000, thus promising an increase in the surplus even though the loan expansion has been quite liberal. No gold was engaged for export today, which was according to expectations. Whether there will be a further movement next week is still an open question.

Railroad bonds held firm today, but the volume of business was rather light. Total sales, par value, $2,485,000.

Total sales of stocks 644,200 shares, including Atchison preferred 24,175; Baltimore and Ohio 8,230; Canada Southern 7,200; Chesapeake and Ohio 6,610; Burlington and Quincy 10,095; Northern Pacific 16,450; Missouri Pacific 20,460; Pennsylvania 42,790; St. Louis Southwestern preferred 5,000; St. Paul 8,350; Southern Pacific 16,410; Union Pacific 21,110; Wabash 9,020; Wabash preferred 22,040; American Tobacco 38,180; Brooklyn Rapid Transit 29,879; Continental Tobacco 20,740; Federal Steel 7,175; People's Gas 11,875; Sugar 187,775; United States Leather 20,130.

Money on call steady at 2@2½ per cent; last loan at 2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper 4@5 per cent.

Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.88⅛ for demand and $4.84½ for 60 days; posted rates $4.85@4.85½@4.89@4.89½; commercial bills $4.83¾@4.84¼.

Silver certificates 59½@60c.

Bar silver 59⅜c.

Mexican dollars 47¾c.

Government, state and railroad bonds strong.

RAILWAY STOCKS.

Atchison	27⅛	Minn. & L. 2d pref.	95
do. preferred	70⅞	Missouri Pacific	57¼
Baltimore & Ohio	85¼	Mobile & Ohio	44
Canada Pacific	95¼	Mo. Kan. & Texas	11⅛
Canada Southern	56½	Mo. K. & Tex. pref.	35¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	31⅛	New Jersey Cent.	118¼
Chic. Great West	13⅛	New York Central	135¾
C., B. & Q.	125¾	Norfolk & Western	38⅛
Chic., Ind. & L.	26½	do. preferred	79
do. preferred	57½	Northern Pacific	58⅞
Chicago and E. Ill.	102	do. preferred	75¾
Chic. & N. W.	162¼	Ontario & Western	23⅛
Rock Island	108¾	Oregon R. & Nav.	42
C. C. C. & St. L.	61	do. 1st preferred	76
Colo. Sou	6¼	Pennsylvania	138¼
do. 1st preferred	42½	Reading	19
do. 2nd preferred	16¼	do. 1st preferred	59⅛
Del. & Hudson	115	do. 2nd preferred	31⅛
Del., L. & W.	178½	Rio Grande & W.	50
Den. & Rio Grande	19¾	do. preferred	82
do. preferred	70⅞	St. Louis & S. F.	10⅝
Erie (new)	13¼	do. 1st preferred	69¼
do. preferred	39¾	do. 2nd preferred	35¼
Great Nor., pref	157¼	St. L. & S. W.	12¼
Hocking Coal	17	do. preferred	30⅞
Hocking Valley	40⅞	St. Paul	119⅞
Illinois Central	114¾	do. preferred	173
Iowa Central	17½	St. P. & Omaha	119
do. preferred	50	Southern Pacific	37⅛
K. C., Pitts. & Gulf	18	Southern Railway	13⅝
Lake Erie & W.	31¾	do. preferred	58
do. preferred	95	Texas & Pacific	19¼
Lake Shore	210	Union Pacific	56⅜
Louisville & Nash.	82⅛	do. preferred	75¼
Manhattan L.	93¼	Wabash	8⅛
Metro. Street Ry	158⅛	do. preferred	23⅛
Mexican Central	13⅛	Wheel. & L. E. (new)	10⅛
Minn. & St. Louis	65	do. preferred	29¼

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

Adams	120	United States	48
American	146	Wells Fargo	125

MISCELLANEOUS.

Am. Cotton Oil	35¾	Int. Paper pref.	65⅛
do. preferred	96	La Clede Gas	71⅛
American Malting	3¾	National Biscuit	32¼
do. preferred	21	do. preferred	85
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	37⅜	National Lead	22⅛
do. preferred	89	do. preferred	104⅛
American Spirits	2½	National Steel	35⅛
do. preferred	17	do. preferred	89¼
Amn. Steel Hoop	27	N. Y. Air Brake	125
do. preferred	75¼	North American Co	14¾
A. S. & W.	41⅛	Pacific Coast	51
do. preferred	78½	do. 1st preferred	82
Amn. Tin Plate	27⅝	do. 2nd preferred	62
do. preferred	77½	Pacific Mail	32⅛
American Tobacco	104⅜	People's Gas	104⅛
do. preferred	133	Pressed Steel Car	56
Anaconda Mining	46½	do. preferred	81¼
Brook. Rap. Tran.	75	Pullman Palace	186
Col. F. & Iron	42¼	Stand. R. & Twine	6⅛
Cont. Tobacco	30⅛	Sugar	113⅛
do. preferred	81¾	do. preferred	111
Federal Steel	42⅛	T. C. & Iron	83¾
do. preferred	70	U. S. Leather	12⅛
General Electric	137	do. preferred	71
Glucose Sugar	50	U. S. Rubber	32⅛
do. preferred	96	do. preferred	97
International Paper	23¾	Western Union	82⅛

BONDS.

U. S. 2s reg	99½	M., K. & T. 4s	93⅛
do. 3s	108½	N. Y. Central 1sts	110½
do. 3s coupon	109⅛	N. J. Central 5s	122¾
U. S. new 4s reg	133⅛	N. Carolina 6s	127⅛
do. coupon	134¼	do. 4s	106
U. S. old 4s reg	114	Northern Pac. 1sts	—
do. coupon	114	do. 3s	68⅛
U. S. 5s reg	112	do. 4s	103⅛
do. coupon	113¼	N. Y., C. & St. L. 4s	107
District Col. 3 65s	121	Nor. & West con. 4s	97⅛
Atchison 4s	100⅛	do. gen. 6s	134
do. adj. 4s	84⅜	Oregon Nav. 1sts	108
Canada So. 2nds	107	do. 4s	103⅛
Cent. of Ga. con 5s	95	O. S. Line 6s	128
do. 1st income	44	do con. 5s	115
do. 2d income	14	Reading 4s	89
C. & O. 4½s	99⅛	Rio G. W. 1sts	99¼
do. 5s	117½	St. L. & I. M. con. 5s	110⅛
Chic. & N. W. con 7s	143	St. L. & S. F. Gen. 6s	124
do. S. F. deb. 5s	122	St. Paul consols	172¼
Chicago Terminals	96	St. P., C. & P. 1sts	120
D. & R. G. 1st	105	do. 5s	122
D. & R. G. 4s	99⅛	Southern Ry. 5s	112⅛
East Tenn. 1st	102⅛	Stand. Rope & T. 6s	71⅛
Erie General 4s	73⅛	Tenn. new set. 3s	79⅛
F. W. & D. 1sts	72⅛	Tex. & Pacific 1sts	115⅛
Gen. Electric 5s	120	do. 2nd	60
G., H. & S. A. 6s	107	Union Pacific 4s	105
do. 2nds	108	Wabash 1sts	118⅛
H. & T. Cent. 5s	111⅛	do. 2nds	103⅛
do. con. 6s	110	West Shore 4s	113
Iowa Cent. 1sts	115	Wiscon. Cen. new 4s	91⅛
K. C., P. & G. 1sts	73	Virginia centuries	91⅛
La. new consol 4s	107	do. deferred	5
L. & N. unified 4s	100⅛	Colo. Sou. 4s	84
M., K. & T. 2nds	70	Sou. Pacific 4s	83⅛

Commercial Advertiser's Financial Cable.

New York, April 27.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: The markets here were most inactive, there being no fresh business. The tone, however, was firm. The war loan again touched at 1⅝ premium and closed 1¼. This looks like working up the premium for a new issue. Americans started over parities, but business in them stopped within half an hour. New York came as an offerer on all issues and prices slipped back, the close being heavy.

Atchison issues alone were hard on the net earnings reported for March.

The bank bought £31,000 gold in bars and £16,000 in German coin. Hopes of American gold have been abandoned unless the bank offers terms.

Call money was firm on settlement demands.

Silver was easier on the decline in Manila exchange, which depressed Mexican dollars to 27⅛.

STOCKS.	Opening.	High	Low	Last Sale.	Closing Bid.
Am'n Tobacco	104⅛	106⅛	103⅝	105	104⅜
Am'n Sugar Rfg.	118	119⅝	113	113⅛	113⅛
Atchison	27⅜	27½	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛
do preferred	71⅝	71⅝	70⅜	71	70⅞
Balto. and Ohio	86¼	86⅞	65	85¼	85¼
Br'k Rap. Tran.	75⅛	77	74¾	75⅛	75
Third Avenue	.....	.....	.....	108⅛	108⅛
Bur. and Quincy	127⅛	127⅛	125¾	126	125¾
C. C. C. and St. L.	62	63	62	62⅛	61
Ches. and Ohio	31⅜	31¾	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
Canada Southern	56½	57⅛	56⅛	57	56⅛
Del. and Hudson	.....	.....	.....	.....	115
Cont. Tobacco	30⅜	32⅛	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛
do preferred	82	83¼	82	82⅛	81⅛
Con. Gas	187½	187⅛	185½	185⅛	183⅛
Gen. Electric	137⅞	137⅞	137	137⅞	137
Chic. Great West	13⅞	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛	13⅛
Jersey Central	119⅞	119⅞	119	119	118⅛
M., K. & Tex. pref.	36⅜	36⅜	35⅛	35⅛	35¼
Southern Pacific	37¾	37⅜	37	37¼	37⅜
Louisville & Nash.	83⅛	84	82¼	82⅛	82⅝
Am. Steel and W.	41⅞	42	41	41⅛	41⅛
Manhattan L.	94	94⅞	93¼	93⅛	93¼
Missouri Pacific	58¼	58⅜	57⅛	57⅜	57⅛
Metropolitan St. Ry	160	160	158½	159	158⅛
National Lead	.....	.....	.....	.....	22⅜
Northern Pacific	59⅜	59⅜	58⅞	59	58⅞
do preferred	76¾	76¾	76	76⅛	75¾
New York Central	135¾	137⅞	135⅝	136	135⅛
Northwestern	.....	.....	.....	163	162½
Pennsylvania	139⅞	140⅛	138	138⅜	138¼
Pacific Mail	33	33⅜	32¼	32¼	32¼
People's Gas	106⅛	106½	104½	104½	104⅜
Reading	19¼	19¼	19¼	19⅛	19
Rock Island	109⅜	109⅞	108¾	108¾	108¾
Southern Railway	13⅞	13⅞	13⅛	13⅛	13⅝
do preferred	58½	58⅛	58	58	58
St. Paul	121	121⅛	119⅝	119⅞	119⅞
Tennessee Coal & I.	85⅜	85⅝	84	84	83¾
U. S. Leather com.	11⅜	13	11⅛	12⅜	12¼
Union Pacific	57⅝	57⅝	56⅜	56⅞	56⅜
do preferred	75¾	75¾	75⅛	75⅛	75¼
Western Union	82¼	82⅛	82¼	82⅛	82⅛
Wabash preferred	28⅜	24⅛	23⅜	23⅛	23⅜
Am'n Cotton Oil	.....	.....	.....	.....	35¾
Nor. and West	38¾	38⅛	38	38	38⅛
do preferred	.....	.....	.....	79½	79
U. S. Rubber	.....	.....	.....	.....	32½
do preferred	.....	.....	.....	.....	97
Federal Steel	43¾	44	42½	42½	42⅜
do preferred	71¼	71¼	70⅛	70⅛	70
Illinois Central	.....	.....	.....	115¼	114⅜

*Ex-rights 1¼. †Ex-div. 2. ‡Ex-div.

The Treasury Statement.

Washington, April 27.—Today's statement of the treasury balance in the general fund, exclusive of $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance $146,304,523; gold $70,428,797.

Murphy & Co.'s Stock Letter.

New York, April 27.—The market opened very strong with renewed activity in Sugar. Pennsylvania gave way considerably from highest figures; considered not likely that dividend will be increased. All stocks followed movements of Sugar more or less. Tractions showed some strength in the day on the hope of some reduction in franchise tax valuation. Sugar broke badly before the close and finished very weak, but a trifle above lowest. Reported that the bull element who held stock so well at the lower levels had realized on advance and that the present bull clique was not strong enough to support it without definite trade news. People's Gas also sold off rapidly on heavy sales from Chicago and attacks by traders. The whole market more or less shared the depression, although there seemed to be good buying in Vanderbilts and some Pacific stocks on any decline. Steel stocks held very fairly as also did tractions, and there was good inside buying in both.

STOCKS AND BONDS.

The following are the bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND COUNTY BONDS.

Ga. 3½s, 27 to 30 year	110	112	Aug'ta 7s L.D.	109
Ga. 4½s, 1915	118	119	Macon 6s	118
Savannah 5s	112	114	Columbus 5s	108
Atl'a 8s, 1902	109		Rome 5s	107
Atl'a 7s, 1904	112		So. Car. 4½s	115
Atl'a 6s L. D.	118		New'n 6s L.D.	110
Atl'a 5s L. D.	115		Chat. 5s 1911	108
Atl'a 4½s	112		Col. S. C., gr'd 2s & 4s, 1910	91
Atlanta 4s	108		Ala. Class A	103

RAILROAD BONDS.

Ga. 5s, 1918	115	Atl'a & Chat. 1st 7s, 1907	117
Ga. 6s, 1922	118	Do income 6s, 1990	101
Ga. Pa. 1st	121		
C. C. & A. 1st 6s, 1909	107		

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	206	210	A. & W. P.	125
Southwestern	111	112	do deben.	105
Aug. & Sav.	110			

Foreign Finances.

London, April 27.—Closing: Consols for money 100 11-16; for the account 100¾. Illinois Central 118; Atchison 28¼; Louisville and Nashville 85½.

Bar silver steady at 27 7-16d per ounce.

Money 4 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short and three months' bills 4@4⅛ per cent.

Paris, April 27.—Three per cent rentes 100 francs 87½ centimes for the account. Exchange on London 25 francs 23½ centimes for the account.

Total Bank Clearings.

New York, April 27.—Total bank clearings at the principal cities of the United States for the week ending April 26th were $1,732,-446,408, a decrease as compared with the corresponding week last year of 4.5 per cent. Outside of New York city $647,935,678, an increase of 5.3 per cent.

Southern Exchange Stock Letter.

New York, April 27.—Prices at the opening were, with few exceptions, materially higher than the previous close. The principal strength was exhibited by the international railroad issues, which showed gains of ½ to ¾. In London American stocks were reported strong from ½ to ¾ above New York parity. As expected, the bulk of speculative interest centered in Sugar, which, on large trading, fluctuated between 116 and 118, until late in the session, when large profit taking and the uncovering of stop loss orders caused a break to 113. Weakness developed in the balance of the list, and on liquidation sold off ¾ to 3 points. The new York utilities, after showing some strength on reports of reductions in the franchise tax, became weak and lost all the previous gain. The market closed weak at about the lowest.

Murphy & Co.'s Grain Letter.

Chicago, April 27.—The wheat market was slightly better this morning, but not active. The improvement was in part the result of slightly better foreign markets, and there were light offerings of wheat during the morning. The Argentine report was more favorable, showing a smaller volume of exports. The total for the week was a decrease of 2,228,000 bushels in the Argentine visible supply. The weather on the other side was fair or fine, and weather west was fairly good. Buffalo again reported large receipts of all kinds of grain. Wheat was dull and firmer in the afternoon, with light offerings, closing quiet.

Corn—Trade was fairly active. Prices opened better, but fell off with some realizing. The foreign markets were all higher, which had an encouraging effect. Argentine exports were again small, only 132,000 bushels. The Argentine visible supply increased 34,000 bushels. The weather west was favorable. Corn was firm late, with fair trade, closing steady.

Provisions—The trade in hog products was rather quiet during the morning and prices were a little lower, with considerable selling by traders. The live hog market was quiet and about steady, with very little change in the supplies. Provisions were firmer in the afternoon, closing steady.

Cotton Seed Oil and Meal.

New York, April 27.—Cotton seed oil a little more active in a small way, but revealed no change in the price level, holding about steady. Prime crude, barrels, 35c, nominal; prime summer yellow 38c prompt; off summer yellow 38c; butter grades nominal; prime winter yellow 40@42c; prime white 40@41c. Prime meal $26.

Murphy & Co.'s Cotton Letter.

New York, April 27.—Cotton in Liverpool advanced 1-32d on spots, middling uplands 5 15-32d, sales 7,000 bales; futures opened 2 to 3-64d higher on old and about 1-64d on new crop deliveries, closing 2-64d above last night on old and about 1-64d on new crops. This was considered encouraging by our locals, and the opening prices showed 2 to 4 points improved over last night on the old, but the new crops were practically unchanged. Prices hardened a trifle more after the call on small receipts and the usual Friday statistics. Liverpool shows a loss of 30,000 bales in American cotton as compared with last week, the amount in stock and afloat of American cotton in Great Britain being only 650,000 bales, against 1,601,000 bales last year, and 1,247,000 bales two years ago. Weld is a heavy buyer on new crop months, supposed to be for New England account. Port receipts 5,254 bales, against 16,449 bales last year. New Orleans expects tomorrow 2,700 to 3,000, against 7,506. Houston 100 to 200, against 1,074 last year.

The Dry Goods Market.

New York, April 27.—Only a limited amount of business has been reported today. There have been more inquires after staple cottons, but at low prices. Brown sheetings and drills without change in price for either spots or future delivery. Bleached cottons slow throughout. No change in coarse colored goods. Prints inactive and ginghams quietly steady. Print cloths idle at previous prices. Linens dull but firm. Burlaps slow and prices tend in favor of buyers.

ROBY ROBINSON,
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Municipal, County and Corporation Bonds and Investment Securities. Write for list of choice Bonds and Guaranteed Stocks.
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TRADE WAS QUIET

There Were Spots of Activity Shown in Wheat and Corn.

BOTH CLOSE FRACTION UP

Oats Closed Unchanged to 1-8 to 1-4c Lower—Provisions Closed 2 1-2 to 12 1-2c Improved.

Chicago, April 27.—There was change of the bull sentiment today and the way of looking at the wheat situation. Wheat closed ½@⅝c higher, corn ⅛@¼c to ¼@⅜c up and oats unchanged to ⅛@¼c lower. Provisions closed 2½@10@12½c improved.

Trade in all the pits was rather quiet, with spots of activity in wheat and corn.

The wheat market opened ¼@⅜c over yesterday, because of the high cables from Liverpool and the Argentine shipments, which showed a decline of over 1,000,000 bushels last week. There was a shifting of sentiment apparent early, and it grew as the session progressed. The talent has been bearish for months and very much disposed to harken to Liverpool. Also they were saturated with the oft-repeated versions of good conditions of home crop prospects. Today the talk was that Liverpool had been wrong on cotton, and that it did not seem to show a proper respect for the American market. Instead, it acted very independently. Accordingly, the talk today was that the English market as a maker of Chicago quotation could not hang. The locals had other things to think about. Accordingly consideration was given the poor showing of Indiana, Ohio and Michigan, and the probability of 25 per cent of a crop in these states was discussed. The reports of the Hessian fly in Illinois was listened to seriously, and the reports that apprehension over the dry winds in France was felt in that country and that Argentine arrivals from the interior were lessening were given due consideration. The result was a firm, if quiet, market. There was considerable changing at 1⅝c difference between May and July. The shipping demand was slack and the export in quantity poor, New York taking but 5 loads for export. Atlantic port clearings in wheat and flour were equal to 144,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 247,000, against 350,000 a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 207 cars, compared with 262 last week and 296 a year ago. Local receipts were 29 cars, 2 of contract grade. May opened at 65⅝@65⅞c, sold between 65⅝@66⅛c and closed ½@⅝c over yesterday at 65⅞@66c; July opened at 67¼@67½c, sold between 67⅛@67¼@67¾c, closing ⅛@⅞c up at 67½@67⅝c.

The corn market was quiet but firm. A good business was done, but it was without special feature. Liverpool was higher on her small stocks. Argentine shipments were smaller, country offerings light and there were some reports of delayed planting, although the rains have ceased. Receipts here were 202 cars. May fluctuated from 39@39⅝@40c and closed ⅛@¼c higher. July ranged from 40½@40⅞@41¼@41⅜c and closed ¼@⅜c higher at 40⅞c. The easing from the top was on profit-taking. The cash demand was moderate.

The liquidation of May was the feature in the oats market. There was a good demand for cash and 150,000 bushels were taken for shipment. At the bottom there was fair buying, which had a steady effect and the close was steady. May ranged from 22⅜@23⅛c and closed ⅛@¼c lower at 23c; July from 23⅛@23⅜@23⅝c, closing unchanged at 23½c. Receipts were 126 cars.

Provisions were quiet, the main demand being for lard. Hogs were easier, which had a depressing effect early, but a good general demand developed later, and the wheat and corn strength was a help under which the market steadied and closed firm. July pork sold between $12.77½@12.92½ and closed 2½c higher at $12.87½; July ribs between $7@7.15, with the close 2½@5c higher.

Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat 2,020; corn 175; oats 130 cars; hogs 16,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat No. 2—				
April	—	—	—	65⅞
May	65⅞	66¼	65⅝	66
July	67½	67⅞	67¼	67⅝
September	68⅜	68½	68⅛	68½
Corn No. 2—				
April	—	—	—	39⅜
May	39⅝	40⅛	39⅝	39⅞
July	40⅞	41⅛	40⅞	40⅞
September	41⅜	41⅜	41⅛	41½
Oats N. 2—				
May	23⅛	23¼	22⅞	23
July	23⅜	23⅜	23⅛	23¼
September	22½	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝
Mess pork, per barrel—				
May	12.65	12.75	12.60	12.72½
July	12.80	12.92½	12.77½	12.87½
Lard, per 100 pounds—				
May	7.20	7.35	7.20	7.32½
July	7.25	7.40	7.25	7.37½
September	7.25	7.37½	7.25	7.35
Short ribs, per 100 pounds—				
May	6.95	7.07½	6.95	7.07½
July	7.02½	7.12½	7.00	7.12½
September	7.00	7.07½	7.00	7.07½

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	12,000	15,000
Wheat, bushels	165,000	357,000
Corn, bushels	18,000	3,000
Oats, bushels	32,000	3,000
Rye, bushels	108,000	19,000
Barley, bushels	218,000	10,000

Flour, Corn and Meal.

Atlanta, April 27.—Flour, all wheat, first patent, $4.90; second patent $4.25; straight, $3.90; extra fancy, $3.70; fancy, $3.60; extra family, $2.85. Corn, white, 58c; mixed 57c. Oats, white, 40c; mixed, 37c; Texas rustproof, 40c. Rye, Georgia, $1. Hay, No. 1 timothy large bale, 95c to $1; No. 1 small bales, 95c; No. 2 90c. Meal plain, 55c. Bran, small sacks, 95c. Shorts $1. Stock meal, 95c per 100 lbs. Cotton seed meal, $1.10 per 100 lbs. Grits, $3.00 per bbl, $1.45 per bag.

New York, April 27.—Flour moderately active and steady. Wheat, spot firm; No. 2 red 78⅜; options were generally firm all day, especially in the afternoon, stimulated by rumors of good export trade at the west, higher English cables and chinch bugs in Kansas. Local shorts were best buyers, and the market closed firm ½@⅝c net advance; May 73⅜; July closed 73⅝. Corn, spot firm; No. 2 46¾; options strong and higher today on the unexpected advance of English cables, rains in Kansas and small country acceptances; closed firm at ⅛@⅜c advance; May 45½; July 46⅛. Oats, spot quiet; No. 2 28; options neglected, closing dull ⅛c decline; No. 2 white May 29¼.

Chicago, April 27.—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady. No. 2 spring wheat —; No. 3 spring wheat —; No. 2 red 70. No. 2 corn 39⅛@39.⅜; No. 2 39¾@39⅞. No. 2 oats 24¼@24⅜; No. 2 white 27¼@27¾; No. 3 white 26½@28¼. No. 2 rye 53⅜.

St. Louis, April 27.—Flour dull. Wheat, April 71; May 69⅞; July 67⅜@67½. Corn, No. 2 cash 39½; April 39¾; May 39½; July 39¾. Oats, No. 2 cash 25; April 25; May 24⅜; July 23¼.

Cincinnati, April 27.—Flour quiet. Wheat firm; No. 2 red 72½. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 42½. Oats quiet; No. 2 mixed 26.

Provisions.

Atlanta, April 27.—Clear side ribs boxed 7¾, half ribs 7⅝, rib bellies 8⅛@8½; ice-cured bellies 9¼. Sugar cured hams, 11½@13¼. Lard, best quality, 8⅞; second quality, 8@8¼, compound 7⅛.

St. Louis, April 27.—Pork steady; jobbing 13.00; old 13.50. Lard higher; prime steam 7.12½; choice 7.17½. Dry salt boxed meats strong; extra shorts 7.12½; clear ribs 7.25; clear sides 7.23½. Bacon boxed strong; extra shorts 7.82½; clear ribs 7.75; clear sides 7.87½.

Chicago, April 27.—Mess pork 11.75@12.80. Lard 7.20@7.35. Short ribs sides (loose) 6.95@7.25; dry salted shoulders (boxed) 6⅜@7; short clear sides (boxed) 7.50@7.60.

Cincinnati, April 27.—Lard firm at 7.15. Bulk meats in fair demand at 7.35. Bacon firm at 25.

New York, April 27.—Lard firm. Pork firm.

Groceries.

Atlanta, April 27.—Roasted coffee: Arbuckle, $12.80, Lion, $11.75, all less 50c per 100 pound cases. Green coffee, choice 10¾; fair 9c; prime 3@9c Sugar, standard granulated, New York 5.55. N. O. granulated 5⅛c. Sirup, New Orleans open kettle 25@40c; mixed choice 20 to 18c. Salt dairy sacks, $1.25; salt barrel bulk $2; 100 3s $2.75 Ice cream $1.25; common 65@70c. Cheese, full cream 13½. Matches 65s 45@55; 200s $1.50@1.75; 300s $2.75. Soda, boxes 6c. Crackers, soda 5¾; cream 6¾; gingersnaps 6c. Candy common stick 6½; fancy 12@14c. Oysters F. W. $2.20@2.10; L. W. $1.25.

Fruit and Confectioneries.

Atlanta, April 27.—Apples, Baldwin $5.50, russetts $4.50@5; oranges, box $3@3.75. Lemons, choice, $3.25@3.50; fancy, $3.50@3.75. Figs 10 to 11c. Raisins, new California, $2.00. Nuts, almonds, 13@14c; pecans, 8 to 9c; Brazil, 6 to 7c; filberts, 11½c, walnuts, 10 to 11 cents; mixed nuts 10c. Peanuts, Virginia electric light, 5¼ to 6c; fancy hand-picked, 4½ to 5c; Georgia, 3@3½c.

Florida Vegetables.

Fancy tomatoes, $2.50@3.00; choice tomatoes, $2@2.50; string beans, $2@2.25 crate; radishes, 50c@$1.00 per drum; okra $3.00 per crate; lettuce, head, per drum, $1.25@1.50; cucumbers, per crate, $3.00@3.50; bell pepper, $3.00@3.25 per crate; cabbage, per pound, 3½@4c; new potatoes, per barrel $5@7; strawberries, per quart, 11@12@14; early peas, crate $1.50@1.75; bunch onions per dozen 15@20c; cauliflower, 8@9c; beets in one-bushel crates, $1.@1.25; beets in cabbage crates $2.50@3.00; squash, $1.00@1.25 crate; grape fruit per crate $3@3.50; pineapples per dozen $2@3.00.

Country Produce.

Atlanta, April 27.—Eggs active 12½@12c. Butter, fancy Jersey, 18¾@22½; choice 15@18; fancy Tennessee, 18@22½; choice 14 to 16c Live poultry in demand; hens 25@27, fry 25@30, spring broilers 25@30, good sale. Ducks, puddle 20@22½; peking, 22½@25. Irish potatoes 65@70 per bushel; sweet potatoes, white yams 75 to 80c; pumpkin yams, 90c to $1.00. Honey, strained, 6@7c; in comb 9@10c. Onions, $1.40@1.50 per bushel, $2.50@3 barrel. Cabbage, Florida stock, green 3½@4c pound. Dried fruit, apples 6@7c; peaches ½@7½. Figs 6@7c; prunes 5@7c; peeled peaches 16@18.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, April 27.—Spirits turpentine firm at 47½; receipts 2,077; sales 1,830; exports 444. Rosin firm; receipts 3,811; sales 3,987; exports 435. Qote A B C D $1.25; E $1.30; F $1.35; G $1.40; H $1.55; I $1.65; K $1.75; M $1.85@1.90; N $2.10; windowglass $2.20@2.25; waterwhite $2.50.

Wilmington, April 27.—Spirits turpentine steady 46⅞@47¼; receipts 60. Rosin steady and unchanged; receipts 117. Crude turpentine firm at $1.85@3.15; receipts 25. Tar steady at $1.30; receipts 168.

Charleston, April 27.—Turpentine steady at 46½; sales none. Rosin firm and unchanged; sales none.

The Live Stock Market.

Chicago, April 27.—Cattle: Receipts 2,000. Light steers steady. Heavy 5@10c lower. Natives, good to prime steers $4.90@5 85; poor to medium $4.25@4.80; selected feeders $4.25@5.05; mixed stockers $3.40@4; cows $3@4.50; heifers $3.25@4.85; canners $2.20@2.90; bulls $2.90@4.30; calves $4.50@6.05; Texas fed steers $4@5.25; Texas bulls $3.25@3.75.

Hogs—Receipts 23,000. Top $5.60. Mixed and butchers $5.30@5.55; good to choice heavy $5.40@5.60; rough heavy $5.25@5.35; light $5.20@5.47½; bulk of sales $5.40@5.50.

Sheep and lambs slow to a shade easier. Good to choice wethers $5.25@5.60; yearlings $5.50@6.25; native lambs $5.50@7.25.

St. Louis, April 27.—Cattle: Receipts 500, including 150 Texans. Market steady; native shipping and export steers $4.70@5.90; dressed beef and butchers' steers $4.40@5; stockers and feeders $3.40@4.80; canners $1.50@4.85; Texas and Indian steers $3.80@5; cows and heifers $2.40@2.55.

Hogs—Receipts 3,700. Market steady; pigs and lights $5.25@5.35; packers $5.35@5.40.

Sheep—Receipts 3,200. Market steady; native muttons $4.50@5.50; spring lambs $7.25@8.

Coffee and Sugar.

New York, April 27.—Coffee, spot Rio quiet; No. 7 invoice 7⅞; mild quiet; Cordova 9¾@13¾. Futures opened steady with prices unchanged to 10 points decline, cables being of an unsatisfactory average, spot supplies weak and warehouse deliveries decidedly smaller. May liquidation was the feature. The market changed but little after the opening; closed quiet and unchanged to 15 points net decline; sales 14,000 bags, including May 6.60@6.65; September 6.85; October 6.90; November 6.95; December 7.15.

Sugar, raw firm; fair refining 3 15-16; centrifugal 96-test 4⅞; molasses sugar 3⅝. Refined quiet.

New Orleans, April 27.—Sugar steady; open kettle 3⅝@4 3-16; open kettle centrifugal 4¼@4½; centrifugal yellows 4⅝@4 3-16; seconds 2¾@4¼. Molasses quiet and nominal.

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WOMAN and ...SOCIETY

A Glimpse of French Life.

It was like a dream visit to Paris, a glance at the exposition, and a momentary and new insight into French life, that the guests of Mrs. Tyng's first "Travel Talk" realized last night. So vivid were her descriptions, so keen her perceptions of the real life of the French people, and so charming her manner of imparting her perceptions and impressions to her hearers, one regretted sincerely when she gracefully bowed her adieus to her audience until tonight.

She is a woman of unusual personal magnetism, an attribute that must be possessed by the successful lecturers of today and gives to her travel talks a value far above the mere standard of the amusing and educative value, only when brought face to face with the life of the people of the country and not of the country as a merely interesting and picturesque abode in which the people live.

Mrs. Tyng illustrated her lectures by stereopticon views and interspersed her descriptions of places and objects with incidents of the people individually and as a whole that illustrated their characters and lives and natures.

Introductory to her lecture, she contrasted the difference of our country and that of France and as republics. The former she assumed as being ideal as to its basis and principles, while that of France, she explained, was founded in a wrecked monarchy, brought about by the revolution of a people who clamored for freedom, and who, as they grow day by day, long for the ideal republic when they realize they have not.

"We do not understand these people any better than they do us," observed Mrs. Tyng; "they appear to us to live as if the whole of mankind was a fraternity, with nothing that tends to individual development, while they attribute what they call our narrowness to our over-development of the individual, and our lack of community of interests. We again claim that they attach more importance to good manners than to good morals; and they in meeting the argument might quote the well known saying, 'That man is a sporting animal as well as a praying animal.'"

Further in her preamble of the French people, Mrs. Tyng explained that they were not the people today that they were even ten years ago. They were becoming more solidified politically, the divisions of the provinces having done a great deal to bring this about, or rather the change that had been made in the former division of the provinces. Another powerful influence brought to bear which is signally doing away with sectional feelings, being the compulsory teaching of the correct French language, thereby doing away with the various kinds of patois, one province having its patois, so unlike that of another that such a condition brought about a similar variance in all lines.

Mrs. Tyng gave one a charming sight of the rugged cliffs of Normandy as she brought her hearers with her to Rouen, and gave a picturesque view of the fishermen and their wives and daughters, the latter in their quaint costumes.

A striking contrast in pictures was brought about in the view she suggested to the imagination of the old market place, and then the great cathedral of Amiens, the beautiful carving of the choir of which Ruskin has called the "Bible of Amiens." A glance was taken at the statue of "Peter the Hermit" in the rear of the cathedral, and then came a study of the cathedral of Rouen, with its famous Norman staircase and the tombs of the old dukes of Normandy and that of Richard Coeur de Leon.

Entering Paris there was presented a realistic idea of the "Place de la Concorde," Les Champs Elysees, and the section through which the exposition is; then down by the Louvre to the Cathedral of Notre Dame, and a quiet sunset ride up the river to the section of the salon, stopping at the Sorbenne for artistic pleasure.

Here Mrs. Tyng talked beautifully of famous pictures and their famous artists, and incidentally made a most interesting story of a meeting of the academicans at the Institute of Paris, the reception of a new member being the attraction. She described also her meeting with Pierre Loti, and subsequent visit to his home, where she was the guest of his charming sister. By request she talked of the United States' building, of the exposition, which building will be used as a rendezvous for the American people, each nation having its similar building, and of the magnificent showing being made by the United States in the exhibit of mechanical arts.

She mentioned as being among the amusing and at the same time educative exhibits of the exposition, that of the dances of nations, which far from being presented in the low plane that one is apt to regard them, will be shown in a lavish and beautiful manner, portraying veritable pictures of the lives and customs of the people in their pleasure-loving moments.

The French theater was the concluding subject, brilliantly treated of by Mrs. Tyng, and she gave an insight not only into the French plays now dazzling the world, but their beauties as conceived by the French artists of note for whom they were written. She talked of "Cyrano," its creator, Rostand, and its original interpreter, Coquilin, and gave to admirers of the masterpiece fresh suggestions as to its strength and beauty.

The Kimball house ballroom was beautifully decorated for Mrs. Tyng's delightful travel talk, and she had as an appreciative audience Atlanta's most prominent and cultivated people.

She delivers her second, and last lecture, tonight.



MRS. EMMA MOFFETT TYNG,

Who Delighted a Brilliant Atlanta Audience Last Night With the First of Her Travel Talks.

To Miss Murchison.

Miss Jennie English gave a delightful luncheon yesterday in compliment to Miss Lucile Murchison, whose departure for home last night was a source of regret to the many friends she has made since her visit to Atlanta, as the guest of her cousin, Mrs. Frank Ellis.

Miss English sustained her reputation as an ideal hostess, and imparted to the occasion that hospitality that makes every occasion in her home a delightful one.

The table was beautifully decorated with LaFrance roses, the centerpiece being a bowl of those lovely flowers in graceful clusters.

Roses were the souvenirs of the occasion, and the bonbons were in rose color and the ices in designs of LaFrance roses.

The guests of the delightful occasion were Mrs. James D. Robinson, Mrs. J. E. Butler and Mrs. Lollie Ray Parrott, Misses Marion and Ethel May, Miss Wilson, of Kentucky; Miss Glover, Miss Ruth Hallman, Miss Rebecca Raoul, Miss Isma Dooly and Miss Murchison, the fair guest of honor.

To Miss Dargan's Guests.

Miss Virgie Phillips entertained delightfully yesterday afternoon in compliment to Miss Ret Dargan and her guests, Misses Alice McClure, Helen Wolf, Mara Bell Wilson and Clara Doughty. Six-handed euchre was enjoyed for an hour or more by thirty young ladies who were served afterwards with delicious refreshments.

Miss Annie May Hall won the first prize, a hand-painted powder box, the dainty work of the hostess, and Miss Bessie Draper won the consolation, a gold horseshoe for the hair, which she presented to be cut for by Miss Dargan's guests, when Miss Wolf was the winner.

The decorations consisted of honeysuckles and dogwood blossoms tastefully arranged about the house, and all the details of the occasion were artistic, the score cards being horseshoes painted by Miss Phillips. Miss Phillips looked charming in a gown of turquoise blue silk with chiffon overdress and she made a graceful and pleasing hostess.

Mrs. Frank Brock Meador complimented with a card party last night Miss Ret Dargan and her guests, eighteen guests being enjoyably entertained at six-handed euchre. The prizes were well chosen and handsome and a delightful supper was served during the evening.

Letter from Mrs. Gabbett, Custodian Cross of Honor

Santa Monica, Cal., April 27.—(Special.)—Mrs. Gabbett, custodian of the crosses of honor which are intended for presentation to the veterans of the confederate army, desires to notify the various camps and veterans who are not members of a camp—who are in good standing—that the crosses are now ready for presentation. She desires to simplify and expedite matters by explaining to the veterans the mode of proceeding, as follows:

"Comrades—As the Daughters of the Confederacy consider it necessary to take every possible precaution to protect the cross and prevent it falling into unworthy hands, we have had a form of certificate printed which we request the veterans to have filled and signed, thus: The date of his enlistment, the company, regiment, where resident at the time he joined, when discharged, rank held when discharged.

The certificate must be signed by the commander of the camp of which the veteran is a member, or, in case he is not a member of a camp, by an officer in the regiment in which he served and a comrade of same regiment.

The confederate veterans will greatly assist our work by making themselves known to the presidents of chapters and asking for copies of the certificate, which they will have properly filled.

"The certificates are then forwarded by the presidents to the custodian, who files them, eventually to be placed in the general archives of the United Daughters of the Confederacy. There they will be safely kept ready for reference at any time. It can be readily understood that these records will possess great interest for the children and great-grandchildren of confederate veterans, being in themselves a badge of honor.

"S. E. GABBETT,
"United Daughters of Confederacy Custodian Cross of Honor."

Important Meetings.

The Atlanta Woman's Missionary Association and Prayer Circle will meet Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the First Methodist church. Officers and members of all missionary societies are earnestly requested to be present as business of importance will be transacted.

Committee To Meet.

Mrs. Clement A. Evans requests that the young ladies composing her committee meet with her this morning promptly at 11 o'clock at the Young Men's Christian Association hall. The members of the committee who have been working earnestly this week to contribute their part to the movement for the benefit of the maimed veterans have accomplished a great deal, and they are expected to make their reports today.

The Saturday Night Mock Trial.

The Saturday Night Club will give a mock trial at its meeting tonight at the Carnegie library. The entertainment will be for the benefit of the Southern Music Teachers Association, which will meet in Atlanta this year. A small charge of 10 cents for admission will be made.

The cause reads: "John Corrigible vs. Miss Birdie Truelove, No. 3 in the High Court of the Saturday Night Club," being a suit by Mr. Corrigible for $50,000 damages for breach of contract of promise of marriage.

Judge Linton C. Hopkins will preside over the court. The other characters are as follows: John Corrigible (Mr. John Corrigan), Miss Truelove (Mr. W. F. Parkhurst, Jr.), Mr. Erastus Johnsing (Russell Mitchell, Jr.), Miss Minnie McGinty (Mr. Ernest Brooks), Senior Guiseppe Aguinaldo de la Nicotini (Mr. E. Y. Clarke, Jr.), Miss Priscilla Truelove (Mr. Sidney Wellhouse), Ketchum, Skinem & Eatum, attorneys for defendant; Rake, Scrape & Take, plaintiff's attorneys. Besides these there will be a clerk of court and high sheriff. The jury will be composed of ladies. The trial will be called at 8:15 o'clock sharp.

Social Items.

A number of Atlanta people have made their plans for a trip abroad this summer, among them Mr. and Mrs. E. C. Spalding, Mr. J. W. Huger, Hon. Charles A. Collier, Mr. Clark Howell, Mr. Thomas Egleston, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Peel, Misses Sara and Marion Peel. Mr. and Mrs. Leon Douglass go abroad this week, also Mrs. Eula Griffin. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Beck, Mr. and Mrs. A. G. Rhodes, Miss Myrtle Everett, Mrs. Dodd are among those already abroad. Mrs. Maud Andrews Ohl sails for Europe this month, and Miss Jennie English and Miss Bessie Draper are planning a trip abroad. Mrs. W. B. Lowe and Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Lowe will go abroad next fall. Dr. and Mrs. Spalding sails for Europe this week, and there are as many as fifty others who will go abroad during the summer months.

***

Athens, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—Last evening, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. C. R. Bird, on College avenue, occurred the marriage of Miss Eula Bird to Mr. Claude Massey, Rev. E. D. Stone officiating.

***

Miss Ora Sue Mitchell entertained informally at cards last night in compliment to her guest, Miss Lucia Cromer, the occasion being a very delightful one.

***

Miss Ret Dargan and her guests will be complimented this afternoon by a coaching party to the baseball game.

***

Dr. J. Meador Goldsmith leaves Monday for Baltimore to pursue the study of medicine in Johns Hopkins university.

SYRUP of FIGS



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CLEANSES THE SYSTEM
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CHAINLESS.
Reduced in weight and improved throughout, $75. $60.
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Meet every preference as to Pattern or Price. $50. $35, $30. $25.
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Gas Cook Stoves
16-inch ovens, $12.00.
18-inch ovens, $14.00.
Connected ready for use.
Atlanta Gas Light Co.

MARSHAL TENDERS THANKS

Major Haskell Issues a Final Official Order.

COLONEL BYRD COMMENDED

Thanks of Memorial Association to Different Organizations Has Been Given.

Major J. C. Haskell, the grand marshal in the Memorial parade of Thursday, issued an order yesterday in which he thanks in the name of the Ladies' Memorial Association the organizations, both civic and military, that helped to swell the big parade. Especial thanks are tendered to Acting Adjutant General Byrd for his services in the arrangement and control of the procession. The final order of the grand marshal is as follows:

Atlanta, Ga., April 27, 1900.—In behalf of the Ladies' Memorial Association of Atlanta, I beg leave to express thanks to the veterans and all associations, both military and civil, as well as to individuals who participated in the parade of yesterday, and who, by their cheerful compliance with all requests made of them, contributed whatever success was attached to the parade.

I desire to especially thank Colonel Phill G. Byrd, acting adjutant general, G. S. T., for his unremitting work in the arrangement of and conducting the parade.

To Chief Manly, also thanks are due for the very intelligent care he showed in making police arrangements to preserve order and to assist in the handling of the parade. The thanks of all in the parade are also due to the management of the Consolidated Street Railway Company for their considerate action in clearing Peachtree street so as to allow the parade to march down that street.

J. C. HASKELL,
Grand Marshal.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.
Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts

ALL OF THE EVIDENCE IS IN.

Argument Will Begin in the Derone Damage Suit This Morning.

The case of J. C. Derone against the Collins Park and Belt Railway Company was taken up yesterday morning before Judge A. E. Calhoun, in the second division of the city court, and will go to the jury today. All the evidence was introduced before adjournment was taken yesterday and Attorney C. D. Maddox will make the concluding argument this morning.

The plaintiff is suing the defendant company for $5,000 damages, alleging that he has suffered injuries to that amount by reason of a car running into his vehicle. A number of witnesses were introduced during the first day of the trial. The plaintiff is represented by Attorneys C. D. Maddox and Walter Sims, while Attorney C. J. Simmons appeared for the defendant.

Bad blood breeds catarrh, rheumatism and humors, all of which Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier, effectually cures. It also overcomes that tired feeling and loss of appetite.

HAMMOCKS—CROQUET SETS.
While you are thinking of getting out doors for rest and recreation, it will be to your profit to think of Miller and then to go to see the hammocks and croquet sets which you will find at 39 Marietta street. The hammocks we have are so suggestive of restfulness that to look at them is to begin to chase away that "tired feeling." John M. Miller Co.

Don't take poisonous drugs for headache, Neuralgia or Insomnia—Only a glass of Saratoga Arondack Water is needed. All you can drink for 5 cents at Joseph T. Eichberg's, 23 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

Supreme Court of Georgia.

Friday, April 27, 1900.
TALLAPOOSA CIRCUIT.

1. Argument concluded.
2. A. S. Thurmond v. Cedar Spring Baptist church. Argued.
3. P. M. Bomar v. Equitable Mortgage Company. Argued.
4. Samuel Funkhouser v. W. H. Male et al. Argued.
5. W. S. Shiflett v. City of Cedartown. Argued.
6. W. P. Phillips et al. v. B. F. Lowther, ex'r Argued.
7. M. C. Hollin v. T. J. Cooper. Dismissed.
8. W. H. Morgan et al. v Coweta Fertilizer Company. Argued.
9. J. H. Barber, next friend, v. East and West Railroad Company. Argued.
10. C. A. Eaves v. J. H. Garner et al. Submitted.
11. B. F. Morgan v. R. D. Latham et al. Submitted.
12. B. F. Morgan v. G. S. Prior. Submitted.
13. J. A. Morse v. William Lowe. Argued.
14. G. M. Roberts v. T. O. Kecler. Argued.

The Flint circuit will not be called before Monday.

For Backache use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU.

Gurney Refrigerators at cost. King Hardware Co.

Young's Hotel,
36 N. Forsyth St.
Three blocks of depot, next door to postoffice. Fifty rooms newly furnished. Transient and day boarders solicited. Northern tourists will find this a homelike hotel. Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Young, proprietors. Formerly of Tallulah Falls, Ga.

ESTERBROOK'S STEEL PENS
ESTERBROOK & Co. FALCON PEN
The Reputation of Half-a-Century is Behind These Pens.
150 Varieties. For sale by all stationers.
THE ESTERBROOK STEEL PEN CO.,
Works, Camden, N. J. 26 John St., N. Y.

Thos. H. Northen. Walker Dunson.
NORTHEN & DUNSON,
Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable.
REAL ESTATE BARGAIN in an eight-room modern house, good condition, paved street. In one mile of union depot for only $2,250. On terms to please anyone.
CENTRAL store property paying 8 per cent; cheap as investment for only $35,000.
Peachtree street, large lot, 150x300, covered with an oak grove, on electric car line, for $40 per front foot.
If you wish to sell, buy real estate or borrow money, call on Northen & Dunson, Bell telephone 2187.

C. H. Girardeau, Real Estate and Renting Agents, 8 E. Wall.
$4,250 buys 9-room, modern home, corner lot, West Baker, near Spring street.
$2,250 buys 7-room, entirely new home, Loyd street, near Georgia avenue, east front.
$3,750 buys 8-room, Washington street home, near Georgia avenue.
$1,400 buys two 4-room houses, rent freely at $16 per month.
$900 buys new 4-room house on car line, rents for $8 per month.
$2,250 buys new 6-room house, two servants' rooms and stables; rents for $24.
$700 buys Georgia avenue lot, near Grant street, 50x164 feet to 25 foot street.
$350 each buys 3 lots on Kirkwood avenue, near Pearl street, well shaded.
$5,500 buys elegant West Peachtree home corner lot, owner leaving town.

MONEY TO LOAN
On Atlanta central real estate at 5 per cent. Good residence real estate 5 1-2 per cent. Any amount from $2,500 to $100,000. Call or address J. L. RILEY & CO.

Real Estate for Sale by Owner.
TWO STORY brick, with vault suitable for bank or bar, second floor used for offices, one block from car shed, 24 South Pryor street. Excellent residence, 14 rooms, gas, hot and cold water, good stables, on car line, lot 186x250, 61 West End avenue. Double three-story brick, 9 rooms, each good renting property, 52 and 54 McDaniel street. Two-story frame house, all conveniences, on car line, lot 50x150, 88 Pulliam street. Excellent residence, 14 rooms, all conveniences, splendid neighborhood, on car line, 319 Jackson street. Splendid residence, 9 rooms, all modern conveniences, nearly new, lot 50x200, 610 Washington street. Terms one-fourth to one-fifth cash, balance to suit purchaser, at low rate of interest. If you are looking for real estate bargains, call and see me. D. L. Ryder, 50 North Broad street.

MONEY TO LOAN.
CHEAPEST money in the city to loan on real estate, bonds and stocks. Purchase money notes wanted. Come to me and save money. W. A. Foster, room 22 Inman building.
WEYMAN & CONNORS, 825 Equitable building, have money to lend on city property at 5 and 6 per cent. Money on hand for those desiring quick loans.
MONEY LOANED on diamonds, watches, jewelry, etc.; all business strictly confidential. Pickert Jewelry Co., 6½ Whitehall street.
STRAIGHT LOANS and monthly payment loans made on Atlanta real estate at lowest rates without commission charge. E. S. McCandless, cashier, 9 E. Alabama street.
6 PER CENT loans on city real estate repayable monthly; no delay. E. L. Morse, 809 Equitable building.
FARM LOANS a specialty; will lend on or purchase life insurance policies. W. P. Davis, atty., 613 Temple Court, Atlanta.
LET ME figure with you if you need a loan on your real estate, I can save you money. Edwin P. Ansley, No. 12 E. Ala.
BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate loans on improved Atlanta real estate at low rates. Room 407 Gould building.
SEVERAL thousand dollars on amounts to suit on city or suburban dwellings. No commission charged. W. P. Pattillo. 4-28-3t

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED—Car lots dry bone for our fertilizer mills; cash market prices paid. Helm Milling Co., Birmingham, Ala. 4-18 6t e o d
WANTED—Second-hand paper cutter and 7x11 press. 513 Austell bldg.

BOARDERS WANTED.
COUPLE can secure front room on first floor with board; no objection to children. 57 Walton street. thur sat
THE CARROLL—28 Houston; centrally located; family hotel; newly and handsomely furnished; rates per week $5; transients accommodated.

FOR RENT—Rooms.
FOR RENT—A nicely furnished room with bath and all conveniences, 22 W. Harris street, second house from Peachtree. sat sun
FOR RENT—3 rooms on second floor or 2 rooms on first floor. 170 Ivy street. 4-24-4t

FOR SALE—Horses, Carriages, Etc.
FOR SALE CHEAP—One second-hand T-cart. Address P. O. Box 207, city. 4-28-2t

LOST.
LOST—Scarf pin, large pearl with four diamonds. Liberal reward paid for return to Hotel Aragon.

UPHOLSTERING
AND repairing; all kinds of furniture cleaned and polished, packing and shipping, moving given special attention; wool and hair mattresses made like new. Call City Repair Shop, N. Broad street 84. 'Phone 849. Cabinet maker wanted.

STORAGE.
SECURITY Warehouse Co.—Storage of all kinds; separate rooms for furniture. Foundry st., W. & A. R. R. Tel. 1956. 2 calls.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.
FOR SALE—Two steam shovels, in good condition, with plows and grader. For full information address T. S. Tutwiler, chief engineer Plant system, Savannah, Ga. 4-22—4t
FOR SALE—One freight elevator complete, except car; two Jersey cows, good qualities, 5 gallons. Georgia Soap Co.
TOMATO PLANTS—The finest that grow south; will deliver in city 10c per dozen. Address Mrs. M. Ball, care Constitution. sat-sun

TYPE WRITERS AND SUPPLIES.
THE LARGEST single order ever given by the United States government was given to the Smith-Premier typewriter. We can prove this to all doubting Thomases. We can repair any machine. Smith-Premier Typewriter Co., Ground Floor Y. M. C. A. bldg. 4-8-6-tf
TYPEWRITERS—Don't buy one until you see us. We are sole agents for the best machine made. Delbridge & Rice.

RATES FOR CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS.
Advertisements in the classified columns of The Daily or Sunday Constitution are 10 cents a line each insertion; six words make a line. Count the words in your advertisement and accompany your order with cash at the rate of 10 cents a line each insertion for the number of insertions desired. No advertisement taken for less than the price of three lines.

HELP WANTED—Male.
WANTED—Experienced butler and driver; must live on place. Address, with references, "Field," care Constitution. tf
GENERAL MANAGERS WANTED who can organize and manage a force of salesmen; large income guaranteed. Choice of territory requires early application. Article to be sold is in universal demand. Apply to E. M. Massengale, No. 704 Austell building, Atlanta, Ga. 4-21—2t

HELP WANTED—Female.
WANTED—Experienced lady stenographer; none other need apply. Room 41, Grant building.
WANTED—A fine milliner for Knoxville. E. L. Rhodes & Co., 71 Whitehall street.

WANTED—Salesmen.
WANTED—Harness salesman to travel Georgia, Florida and Alabama; best references required. Address the Harness and Collar Mfg. Co., Monticello, Ga. fri sat
SALESMEN for lubricating oils, boiler compound, mixed paints, roofing paints and specialties. Very liberal terms. The Detroit Refining Co., Detroit, Mich. e o d
WANTED—Experienced Salesman for Atlanta and surrounding territory. American Printing Ink Co., 194 Randolph St., Chicago.

WANTED—Agents.
AGENTS—Quick men to visit stores and sell machine for printing signs on fences, bridges, etc. Arc Co., Racine, Wis. 4 20-3t tue thur sat
WANTED—AGENTS—Can make $5.00 a day easily by selling "Wonder" waterproof shoe polish, self-shining, no brush required, water nor mud will affect its luster. Demonstrative sample free. Wonder Shoe Polish Co., 234 LaSalle street, Chicago. sat sun wed
AGENTS on salary or commission; the greatest seller ever produced; every user of pen and ink buys it on sight; 200 to 500 per cent profit; one agent's sales amounted to $620 in six days; another $32 in two hours. Monroe Mfg. Co. X, 46 La Crosse, Wis. 4-28-2t

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.
NEVER BEFORE in Atlanta was there such a large block of property sold in a single day as I will offer next Tuesday of the Dr. Green estate, 162 lots and every lot will be sold on its merits. Call for plats. 'Phone 756. J. F. Green, administrator. 4 27 3t
IF YOU intend to ever quit paying rent and want to buy a home and pay for it "like paying rent," see Equitable Loan and Security Company.
148 FORMWALT ST., will sell cheap on installment plan, this is a foreclosure; 218 Cooper st., new, big bargain, easy terms; 86 Hood St., $800; 37 Hood, $2,100; 22 Windsor, $1,800; 302 Grant, $1,500; 140 Rawson, $1,650; have vacant lots will sell cheap or improve and sell on easy terms. 51 Robbins, very cheap. W. A. Foster, 22 Inman building.
IF YOU MISS a bargain by not attending my sale of the Dr. Green property next Tuesday don't blame me. I will sell 162 beautiful lots. Call for plats. 6 Wall st. J. F. Green administrator. 4 27 3t
ADMINISTRATOR SALE—I will sell 162 beautiful lots of the Dr. Green property at auction on the premises May 1st, 10:30 a. m. Money in this sale for somebody. Call for plats. 6 Wall street. 'Phone 756. J. F. Green, administrator. 4 27 3t
REAL ESTATE at auction on the premises, May 1st, 10:30 a. m., 162 lots of the Dr. Green estate. Call for plats. 6 Wall street. J. F. Green, administrator. 4 27 3t
MY PLAT is ready for my May sale of the Dr. Green estate; get a plat, examine this property and attend the sale on the premises May 1st, 10:30 a. m. 6 Wall street. J. F. Green, administrator. 4 27 3t
FOR SALE—Cheap, beautiful residence lot in Inman park, taken under foreclosure proceedings. E. S. McCandless, No. 9 E. Alabama street. 4-28—2w

PERSONAL.
WE WANT the address of all persons who have used Swamp Root and been benefited thereby. Address Box 436, Atlanta, Ga. 12 30 tf

FOR SALE—Chickens, Eggs, Etc.
FOR SALE—Eggs for hatching—Mammoth Bronze Turkeys; Barred and White Plymouth Rocks. It will pay you to write us before ordering elsewhere. Glengarry Poultry Yards, Somerville, Tenn. Largest breeders in the south.

Money To Loan on Furniture.
MONEY TO LOAN on furniture. We will loan you any amount of money on your piano or household furniture in sums from $10 to $300, repayable in easy weekly or monthly payments, without removal or publicity; all business strictly confidential; private office for ladies; will call to see you; money in two hours. Office hours 9 a. m. to 5 p. m. Frank O. Singer, Jr., 57½ Whitehall street, over Emmons's clothing store. Standard phone No. 622.

FOR EXCHANGE.
SMALL truck or dairy farm adjoining new prison site; will exchange for vacant or improved property or sell cheap. This is a big bargain and will increase in value rapidly. W. A. Foster, 22 Inman building. apr 27 3 t

BUSINESS PERSONALS.
ARCHITECTS, contractors, supply dealers, insurance agents and other business men will find our "Daily Construction Bulletin" and "Weekly Construction Sheet" invaluable in securing new business. We furnish building news in advance of all other sources from the southern states. Southern Press Clipping Bureau, Austell building, Atlanta, Ga.
MORPHINE, opium, laudanum, cocoaine habit; myself cured; will inform you of harmless, permanent home cure. Mary S. Baldwin, Box 4212, Chicago. 4-1—1mo

FURNITURE.
FOR SALE—Parties who have a nicely furnished 7-room cottage on desirable street, elegant neighborhood, will sell furnishings in whole or in part. The cottage can be leased from owner. One of the coolest places in city. Awnings, screen doors and windows; electric bells, hot and cold water, flowers, outhouses, etc. The opportunity of a lifetime for young married couple who wants to start housekeeping. Will step out and let you step in. The furnishings include everything needed in a well appointed home. Reason for selling, leave the city on May 15th. Address Quick Sales, care Constitution, or apply in person 263 Jackson street. 4-26 6t

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.
A BAKERY TO RENT—A first-class baker can secure a good location. Box 200, Sandersville, Ga. e o d

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages, Etc.
SEND for weekly rent bulletin, full description of everything to rent; we move tenants free, see notice. John J. Woodside, the renting agent, 50 N. Broad.
FOR RENT—The Hancock cottage, corner Forrest and Piedmont avenues, for rent for one year to an acceptable party. The house has all modern improvements; four bedrooms, two bath rooms, parlor, dining room and library connecting, with numerous closets, trunk room, servants' house, etc.; prefer to rent furnished; lot 75 by 150 feet. This is a rare opportunity. Price $60 per month furnished. Apply on premises. 4 27 7t

It's Hard To Get
Just what you want in shade, fit, price, quality and general make up at the ordinary Clothiers.
We have worked hard and made it easy for you to get exactly what your taste dictates here.
Men's Suits $7.50 to $25
Boys' Suits $2 to $6.50
Good cool Underwear, cotton, lisle or nainsook, from 25 cents to $1.00 a garment.
Your money back if you want it.
Eisenman & Weil
3 WHITEHALL.

THE GRAND
MATINEE TODAY—TONIGHT.
Bargain Matinee
Today, 25 and 50 Cents.
The Prosperous Comedians
Murray and Mack
The Inventors of Fun. Presenting the Joyous Happening
FINNIGAN'S BALL.
Twenty-two People—All Lively, Chorus of Pretty Girls, New and Catchy Music, All New Features.
All mirth, melody and sunshine.
Night Prices, 25c to $1. Bargain Matinee, 25c and 50c. Sale now open.
4-25 thu fri sat

BLIZZARD FREEZERS
2 Quarts..... $1.04
3 " 1.21
4 " 1.41
6 " 2.83
Prices Good for Season.
King Hardware Co.

"GRIT" IS A GOOD THING
For persons to have, but it does not improve paint. On the contrary, where paint is gritty, it shows that it is not well mixed, or contains foreign substances.
Parian Paints are made of the purest of oil and pigments, and thoroughly mixed. They flow smoothly and evenly under the painter's brush, and when dry show a surface as hard, bright and shining as if enameled.
Parian Paint Co.
41-43 East Alabama Street.

ESTABLISHED IN 1857.
PETER LYNCH.
At 95 Whitehall St.
Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Wines, Liquors, Cigars, Tobaccos and all such goods as belong with a first-class Liquor store.
Peter Lynch's Seed and Variety Store is at No. 7 W. Mitchell st. and has on hand and receiving daily during planting season a good and reliable stock of Garden, Field and Flower Seeds, and English Peas. Also Gardening and Farming Tools, Wheelbarrows, Plowgear, Harness, etc., and various other goods, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices.
250 empty Whiskey and Wine Barrels and Half Barrels and Kegs for sale.
Terms Cash.

PUBLIC SALE OF ACCOUNTS BELONGING TO BANKRUPT ESTATE
I will receive sealed proposals for about $7,000 of accounts due the estate of Frances Loeb, bankrupt, until 11 o'clock a. m., Tuesday, the first day of May, 1900, and on said first Tuesday in May, 1900, I will, before the courthouse in Fulton county, Georgia, expose to sale and sell at public outcry all of said accounts to the highest bidder for cash, beginning the sale with the highest sealed proposal. Sale made subject to confirmation of court.
HENRY WELLHOUSE, Trustee.
5-20 3t sat tue sat

A. J. WEST & CO.,
Real Estate Auctioneers.
Thursday, May 3, 1900, at 3 p. m. on the premises, we will sell at auction Nos. 52 and 56 Gilmer street. Each lot is 50x200 feet. No. 52 has on it a 7-room house and double kitchen. No. 56 a 4-room house and double kitchen. This property is in third block from Equitable building, between Courtland and Piedmont avenues, opposite Boys' High school, close in, large lots and well located. Immediately after this sale the crowd will go around to Jenkins street, a short distance, where we will sell Nos. 76, 80 and 86 Jenkins street and a vacant lot. Plats at our office. Perfect titles. Terms at sale.
A. J. WEST & CO., Auctioneers.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper. Sold by L. N. Brunswig & Co., Whole. Druggists, New Orleans.
Sold by L. N. Brunswig & Co., Wholesale Druggists, New Orleans.

Silver Polish.

We have the best there is made.

We use it ourselves, and it is all right.

You can have a sample bottle for FIVE CENTS.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,
Jewelers and Opticians,
Both 'Phones 1801.
7 WEST ALABAMA ST.
☞ Cash Paid for Old Gold and Silver.

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M.D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 104 N. Pryor St.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES.

Sullivan, Crichton & Smith's Business College ATLANTA, GA. The Complete Business Course, Total Cost, $35.00. "Actual Business from start to finish." Most thorough Shorthand Dep't in America. 4000 graduates. Cat. free.

China Painting Taught at Lycett's.

White China and all Art Materials at Bottom Prices. Firing and Gilding done and China Painted to order. 83½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. Mail orders command prompt attention.

SUMMER LAW LECTURES
UNIVERSITY OF VIRGINIA.
31st Summer, July 2 to Sept. 1, 1900. Especially helpful to beginners; to candidates for admission to the bar; and to young practitioners who have lacked systematic instruction. For Catalogue address R. C. MINOR Secretary, Charlottesville, Va.

Strictly Reliable.
DR. TANNER & CO.,
Preston L. Manning, M. D.
SPECIALISTS
For Acute and Chronic Diseases of
MEN—ONLY.
We employ the most modern and painless methods known to the medical profession for
All Genito-Urinary Diseases.
The cures are satisfactory and permanent, therefore the most economical.
Stricture and Varicocele
Speedily and permanently cured without pain or detention from business.
We are willing to wait for fee till cure is effected. Hours 9 to 4, 7 to 8 evenings. 10 to 1 p m. Sundays.
Gould Building, 10 Decatur Street.

COPLEY SQUARE HOTEL,
HUNTINGTON AVENUE AND EXETER STREET, BOSTON, MASS.
This House, located at the junction of two broad avenues, is of modern construction and up to date in all of its appointments. Guests arriving from the South or West should check baggage to New Back Bay stations of Boston and Albany or N. Y., N. H. & H. Railways, but three minutes' walk from house. European plan. $1.50 to $3.00 per day. F. S. RISTEEN & CO., Proprietors.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

O. H. SHEFFIELD & CO., Civil Engineers, 618 Austell Building, Atlanta, Ga. Engineering of railways, water powers, municipal public works, bridges and buildings. Contracts for construction.

L. D. TEACKLE QUINBY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, 632-540 Equitable. 'Phone 1227, Atlanta, Ga.

R. T. Dorsey. P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr. DORSEY, BREWSTER & HOWELL. Offices, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 209, 210, 211 and 213 Law building, Pryor and Hunter streets, Atlanta, Ga. Long distance telephone 520.

OPIUM Morphine and Whiskey habits treated without pain or confinement. Cure guaranteed or no pay. B. H. VEAL, Man'gr Lithia Springs Sanitarium, Box 3, Austell, Ga.

FREE: TO LADIES A monthly regulator that is harmless and CAN NOT FAIL. Mrs. B. Rowan, Milwaukee Wis.

SPRING NOVELTIES
A. SATZKY,
MERCHANT TAILOR
37 N. Forsyth St., Prudential Bldg.

TO TRAVELING MEN:
THE DUVAL HOTEL,
Jacksonville, is open. Newly furnished and repaired. B. W. SPERRY, Proprietor.

FOR SALE. The complete milling machinery of a 100 barrel mill. A first class plant and in complete running order. Owing to removal will be sold at a bargain, rare chance for right party. Would organize a stock company and erect mill in a good wheat growing section. Correspondence invited. **A. S. BARR,** Bement, Ill.

E & W TRADE MARK The SYOSSET Collar

Ink Used on This Paper Made by the
STANDARD Printing Ink Co
CINCINNATI, O.

CROP BULLETIN IS ENCOURAGING

Shows Crops in Good Condition Throughout Country.

HEAVY RAINS ARE RECORDED

Week Was Marked by Unusually Heavy Precipitation.

FREEZES IN THE ROCKY MOUNTAINS

Weather Was Cooler Than Usual in the West—Rains Have Retarded Cotton Planting.

The climate and crop bulletin for last week, issued by the weather bureau at Washington, gives some interesting data. In part it follows:

Washington, April 24, 1900.—The week ending 8 a. m., April 23d, was cooler than usual in the west gulf states, over the southeastern Rocky mountain slope, and in California, the temperature averaging from 1 to 3 degrees per day below normal. Elsewhere the week was warmer than usual, the average daily temperature excess amounting to 3 degrees or more throughout the northern Rocky mountain districts, central valleys, lake region, middle and south Atlantic states, and New England, the most marked excess occurring in the more northerly sections, where the temperature ranged from 6 to 12 degrees per day above normal.

The 20th was an unusually warm day for the season over the upper Missouri and upper Mississippi valleys and lake region. At Bismarck the temperature rose to 90 degrees, which has never been exceeded at that station in the second decade of April, while at Sault Ste. Marie the maximum, 76 degrees, is 1 degree above the previous maximum record for the second decade of April. Temperatures above 90 degrees occurred in Arizona and southern California, but such readings are not unusual.

Freezing temperatures occurred over the central and northern Rocky mountain districts and in the upper Missouri valley, northern Minnesota and in extreme New England; in the central valleys the minimum temperatures generally ranged from 38 to 48 degrees and in the gulf and south Atlantic states from 40 to 66 degrees.

Precipitation.

The week has been characterized by excessive precipitation throughout nearly the whole of the Atlantic coast and gulf districts, lake region, and over portions of the upper Mississippi and Missouri valleys. In the central and east gulf and south Atlantic states the rains were unusually heavy, extensive areas receiving from 2 to more than 10 inches, the heaviest occurring over the southern portions of Louisiana and Mississippi, northern Georgia, western South Carolina and northern Florida. There was slightly more than the usual amount of rain in Montana and the greater part of California, the San Joaquin and Sacramento valleys receiving from 0.50 to more than 1 inch. The precipitation over portions of the central Mississippi and lower Ohio valleys was lighter than usual and there was also less than the weekly average on the north Pacific coast, over the greater part of the Plateau region, and in the Dakotas and northern Minnesota.

Seasonal Precipitation.

The seasonal precipitation from March 1st to date (54 days) is largely in excess of the average in the gulf and south Atlantic states, over the middle Rocky mountain slope, northern New England, New York, and in portions of the upper Mississippi and central Missouri valleys. More than double the seasonal amount has fallen over the Florida Peninsula and in portions of Texas, New Mexico, and Colorado, with from 10 per cent to 50 per cent more than the seasonal average over the central gulf and interior of the south Atlantic states. From the lower Missouri and central Mississippi valleys eastward over the Ohio valley to the middle Atlantic coast the seasonal precipitation is much below the average, the deficiency amounting to 50 per cent or more in the Ohio and central Mississippi valleys. A decided deficiency also exists over a large part of the lake region and in Minnesota and the Dakotas.

Summary of Crop Conditions.

The temperature conditions of the week ending April 23d were generally highly favorable, but excessive rains in the southern states greatly interfered with farm work and caused destructive floods. In portions of Alabama, Mississippi and Louisiana much replanting will be necessary as a result of the inundation. Farm work has also been retarded as a result of heavy rains in the eastern portions of Kansas and Nebraska and southern Missouri. Rain is much needed in Montana, North Dakota and over the northern portion of Minnesota. While freezing temperatures occurred in the upper Missouri valley and middle and northern Rocky mountain regions, it appears that no serious injury has been done.

The week has not been favorable for the rapid progress of corn planting, but preparations for this work have been very active in the more northerly sections, and under favorable weather conditions will progress rapidly. Planting has been generally retarded where not completed in the southern states, and also from Kansas and Oklahoma eastward over the central Mississippi valley, being later than for many years in Tennessee.

An improvement in the condition of winter wheat is generally reported, except in Michigan and Wisconsin, where plowing up for other crops continues. With ample moisture and favorable temperature the crop has made rapid growth in the central valleys and southern states, its condition in Kentucky and Tennessee being exceptionally fine. Wheat is heading in Texas, where a good yield is indicated. The favorable outlook on the Pacific coast, except in southern California, continues.

Early sown spring wheat is coming up to good stands over the southern portion of the spring wheat region. Seeding is now nearly completed, except in North Dakota and Montana, where from one-quarter to one-half of the crop is yet to be sown. Rain is quite generally needed for germination over the northern portion of the spring wheat region.

All reports respecting the oat crop are encouraging, seeding being well advanced in the northern sections.

The continuous excessive rains over the central and eastern portions of the cotton belt have retarded cotton planting and washed up much of the acreage previously planted. In southern Texas planting is well advanced and it is progressing rapidly in the northern portion of the state. Planting over the northern portion of the eastern part of the cotton belt is unusually delayed.

The reports concerning fruit are more favorable than in the previous week and are generally encouraging.

Special Telegraphic Report.

Virginia—Richmond: Week favorable for growth, unfavorable fo farm work; too wet; winter wheat making fine progress; winter oats improved somewhat; spring oats mostly seeded and some up; clover, grass and pastures improved; some corn planted in tidewater sections, but delayed elsewhere; tobacco plants plentiful and growing nicely; fruit blossoming heavily.

North Carolina—Raleigh: Rainfall excessive, causing rivers to overflow, submerging lowlands and drowning some cattle; land badly washed, farm work brought to complete standstill; excess in temperature caused rapid growth; wheat, spring oats, grass and clover thrifty; corn coming up to good stands; cotton planting late, none up; shipments of early strawberries and vegetables beginning.

South Carolina—Columbia: Excessive rains delayed planting, washed lands, destroyed roads and bridges, damaged cotton land and crops and leached fertilizers but benefited wheat, oats, pastures, truck and gardens; early corn and cotton coming up, but bulk of both crops unplanted; transplanting tobacco general; sea island cotton about all planted; pear trees blighting; peaches abundant; strawberries ripening.

Georgia—Atlanta: Heavy and almost continuous rainfall during week retarded farm work, but benefited growing crops; fruit prospects continue good, except pears, which are blighted in south; grapes blooming in few southern counties; considerable corn replanted, stand not entirely favorable; cotton coming up to fairly good stand in south, some being chopped, planting delayed in middle and north portions.

Florida—Jacksonville: Excessive rains damaged crops on lowlands; early cotton being chopped; corn and oats look well; tobacco improving; good prospects for peaches; citrus fruits have set well; pineapples good growth; strawberries and vegetables plentiful; cane well advanced.

Alabama — Montgomery: Average warmth; heavy to excessive rains, damaging in central and northern counties, damage so great in few localities as to necessitate entire repreparation; all work decidedly behind; corn making good stands, some ready to plow; early cotton fair stands, but planting progressing slowly; wheat and oats satisfactory; gardens thriving; fruit promising; strawberries ripening slowly.

Mississippi—Vicksburg: Work practically suspended during past week because of heavy rains, especially in southern and central portions; lands badly washed, carrying growing crops and seed into submerged bottoms; cotton much damaged except in delta and northern counties, much replanting necessary; corn less seriously damaged, but washed badly and needs working in places; oats doing well; irish potatoes excellent in south part of state; fruit prospects bright; gardens somewhat damaged by water.

Louisiana—New Orleans: Rain heavy over entire state, excessive in many and torrential in several parishes; damage serious; cotton and corn badly washed or smothered; much will have to be replanted; cotton seed scarce, ground badly washed or packed; strawberry crop almost ruined; sugar cane and rice not injured.

Texas—Galveston: Fair weather in north portion; favorable for farming operations; but nights too cool for vegetable growth; showery in south portion, much low land still too wet for cultivation; bulk of corn planted, early planted plowed first time, but growing slowly, much replanting necessary; cotton planting well advanced in southern portion, progressing rapidly in northern portion, stand irregular; sugar cane and truck gardens improving; wheat heading, good yield indicated; oats and hay crop doing well; fruit promising.



$10

For Your New SPRING SUIT

In most stores you will pay $12.00 for as good as we offer at $10. Of course, we know that other stores offer suits at $10, but what is their character? We do not think a suit is worth anything unless it has style, is made from a thoroughly reliable fabric, is tailored right and, above all, fits perfectly. Some stores disregard these essentials and do business, but their business, like their clothing, will have a short life.

THE SUITS WE OFFER AT $10

Will strengthen our reputation for reliability. We know they will give absolute satisfaction and, furthermore, we know—experience has taught us—that every suit that leaves our store sells another—the wearer tells his friend. This is our way of doing business and it's going to last and grow larger.

Don't you think that your $10 is better invested in a store like this?

M. R. Emmons & Co.

BLEEDING PILES, No Cure No Pay. Your druggist will refund your money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure you. 50 cts.

SOME STATIONERY SENSE.

It is just as easy to get the right kind of stationery as it is to get the anything-to-write-on kind, if you only go to the right stationer. Miller's is the place to find stationery that has the approval of good usage. You know, of course, that our prices are popular. John M. Miller Co., 39 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.

For Diabetes use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU.

AMUSEMENTS..

"Now wouldn't that jar you?"

This in a plaintive tone of voice from one of the ushers at the second intermission of "Finnigan's Ball." An usher is ofttimes an unerring critic. True, he may not be as analytical as one would wish, but he arrives at final estimates of a play's worth by methods all his own that are in the majority of cases correct. When he confesses that he has been "jarred" (jar is purely a technical phrase and has a various meaning, as for instance: to make one tired, to upset one's equilibrium, to cause a vague feeling of unrest) you may know that something is radically wrong.

In the case of "Finnigan's Ball" it is small wonder that the usher was "jarred." It was fatiguing to sit through the three acts—"rounds" they were appropriately called on the programme—and it would add fatigue to tell of the experience.

Messrs. Murray and Mack are rather clever comedians in their particular line, but they are not sufficiently amusing in "Finnigan's Ball" to redeem a play which is hopelessly dull. There is no new or attractive music, no goodlooking girls (this is putting it in the mildest possible manner) and the jokes are antique.

But every play has features that are distinctive. In this case the quartet in the first act and the imitation of Sousa's band in the second act were good in their way. As to the general estimate of a house which was rather small, it must be admitted that there was considerable laughter and applause. However, a certain proportion of the theatergoing public is easily amused.

You will look better and feel better if you begin taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, America's greatest medicine for the blood. It cures catarrh, scrofula and rheumatism. Get a bottle today.

Experiment in Fattening Beef.

Several animals were fed as a test of the effects of cassava in keeping animals in condition and of restoring poor animals to proper condition. Several animals have satisfactorily been fattened with cassava as the sole fattening food used. Only one animal, however, was actually experimented with for a definite fattening period, and the result finally tested by slaughtering of the animal.

The tests were really simply tests of the question as to whether cassava could be used in the same way that corn is so nearly universally used in the corn belt of the central west, in preparing steers for the Chicago and Kansas City markets. There hay and cornstalks form the coarse fodders and corn fed in cribs is the sole fattening reliance. In the test made by us dry hammock pasture grass furnished the coarse feed, but cassava was substituted for corn as the fattening material, supplemented by a little cotton seed meal to improve the nutrative ratio and supply the protein actually present in corn. Two animals were included in the experiment, but as one of them was needed for future breeding purposes, the record and slaughtering test is confined to one animal. This was a common Florida cow of the larger class, though at the time of the beginning of the test she had received no food except such as she picked up for herself on the woods range for some months.

CASTORIA. Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CATARACT WAS REMOVED.

Operation Was Performed on Mrs. William M. Wadley.

Dr. Calhoun performed a delicate surgical operation on Mrs. William M. Wadley yesterday. Mrs. Wadley, who is eighty-one years of age, had been troubled with a cataract which destroyed her sight. She came to Atlanta for treatment, and yesterday the cataract was removed at St. Joseph's infirmary. The operation was apparently successful. Last night Mrs. Wadley was resting easy and hopes were entertained of her recovering her sight. She is the widow of the late William M. Wadley, of Wadley, Ga., at one time president of the Central, and has many friends throughout the state.

Bricklayers' Strike in Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., April 27.—(Special.)—The bricklayers employed by Griffin & Fitz, the Atlanta contractors on the new guano factory here, struck today for higher wages and a nine-hour day. Every man but one stopped work. Non-union men may be imported from Atlanta.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR, GEORGE W. ADAIR.

On next Tuesday, May 1st, at 11 o'clock, we will sell before the courthouse door for the Beermann estate 450 shares of

BREWERY STOCK

in blocks of ten shares. Nothing in the way of stocks pays better than this, the net earnings for the past eight years being over $124,000.

We also sell stocks in Atlanta Savings bank, Fourth National bank, American Banking and Trust Company, Gate City National bank, Piedmont Exposition Company, Germania Loan and Banking Company, and Little Tyrol Land Company. Also buggies and harness.

At the same time a lot of valuable real estate, including No. 375 Whitehall street and the vacant lot adjoining. G. W. ADAIR.

A. F. LIEBMAN,
REAL ESTATE, RENTING AND LOANS.
28 Peachtree Street.
WHY PAY RENT?

$1,150 buys a well-built 4-room cottage in thorough condition and repair—water, gas, sidewalk and curbing—on Rankin street, 300 feet east of Boulevard. Terms, $300 cash, balance monthly. This little home must be seen to be appreciated, and is just the place for a modest home seeker.

A. J. WEST & CO.,
Real Estate Agents.
MILLS ST., next to corner West Peachtree, 50x100, 4-r. house, $1,600.
PIEDMONT AVE., near exposition gate, 50x250 to Pause street, $1,500.
MARIETTA ST., 60 feet front, 2-story brick building, $2,600.
PRYOR ST., 50x208 to Loyd street, modern 8-r. 2-story house, $3,500.
PEACHTREE ST., 50x200, 10-room residence, $8,500.
PEACHTREE ST., Vacant lots, various prices and locations.
JUNIPER ST., near Peachtree, 60x200, lovely grove, $2,400.
ALEXANDER ST., 50x100, worth $1,000, price $600.
MANUFACTURING SITES in and out of the city. A. J. WEST & CO., 18 Pryor St., Kimball House.

J. C. HENDRIX,
A BIG BARGAIN.
No. 225 Forrest avenue, lot 55x113, 7-room house in one of the most select neighborhoods in Atlanta. Finished street. All conveniences; will sell at a figure that will suit any one wanting a nice home in a choice locality. Call soon, as I must sell. J. C. HENDRIX, 13 South Broad Street.

Sheriff Sale for May, 1900.

Will be sold before the courthouse door in the city of Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia, on the first Tuesday in May, 1900, within the legal hours of sale, the following described property, to-wit:

A certain city lot in the city of Atlanta fronting on Bradly street 50 feet and running back uniform width 100 feet, adjoining lands of Frank Jones on the north, G. Gibson on the south, Turner Holmes on the west and fronting on said Bradly street on the east. Levied on as the property of Indiana Johnson to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from J. P. and N. P. court, 1234 district, G. M., in favor of John Short vs. said Indiana Johnson. Levy made by W. W. Blackburn, L. C.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, in land lot No. 52 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, being part of land lot No. 276, according to Cooper's map of the city of Atlanta, more particularly described as beginning at the northeast corner of Pratt and Gilmer, running in a northeasterly direction along Pratt street 156 feet, thence east 19 1-3 feet, thence southwesterly 71 feet, more or less, to a point, thence southerly 65 feet, more or less, to Gilmer street, thence west 60 feet, more or less, to beginning point. Also all that tract or parcel of land situated, lying and being in land lot 86 of the 14th district of Fulton county, commencing at a point on the west side of Humphries street 208 1-3 feet north of the northwest corner of Rockwell and Humphries and running thence north along the west side of Humphries street 50 feet to a 25-foot street, thence west along south side of said street 410 feet to a 30-foot street, thence south along the east side of said street 83 1-3 feet, more or less, to a stake, thence east 205 feet, thence north 33 1-3 feet, thence east 205 feet to the beginning point, being parts of lots 13 and 23, of the Freeman sub-division, deeded to Matilda M. Wells by deed from L. T. Boyle and Margaret Hitchins, recorded respectively in book P3, page 34, and book Z3, page 88, of the clerk's office. Levied on as the property of Wallace T. Newman to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Mrs. Adah L. Durant vs. said Wallace T. Newman.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta commencing at a point one hundred and forty-five and one-half (145½) feet from the southwest corner of Baker and Fort streets and running thence westerly along the south side of Baker street forty-seven and one-half (47½) feet, more or less, thence southerly of uniform width ninety-three and one-half (93½) feet, being part of land lot fifty-one (51) of the fourteenth (14th) district of Fulton county, Georgia, and being the property conveyed to said association by deed of September 27, 1894, recorded in book 106, page 263, records of said county, less the eastern portion of same fronting forty-seven and one-half (47½) feet on Baker street, and which has been sold heretofore and is now occupied by Julia Mitchell. Levied on as the property of Mrs. E. A. Corrigan to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of P. F. Clarke, receiver, vs. said Mrs. E. A. Corrigan. Deed filed and recorded for purpose of levy and sale as required by law.

Also, at the same time and place, the following personal property, to-wit: Certificate No. 208 for thirteen and one-third shares of $100 each of the capital stock of the Peachtree Land Company. Also certificate No. 29 for six and one-third shares of $100 each of the capital stock of the Peachtree Land Company. Levied on as the property of William G. Haynes to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Equitable Loan and Security Company vs. said William G. Haynes.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land situate, lying and being in land lot No. 87 of the 14th district of Fulton county, Georgia, commencing at the southeast corner of Garden and McDaniel streets and running thence south 50 feet, thence east 103 feet, thence north 50 feet, thence west 103 feet, being known as lot 43 of the subdivision of the Gardner property, bounded on the north by Gardner street, on the east by lot No. 1, on the south by lot No. 44 and on the west by McDaniel street. A deed having been filed and recorded in the clerk's office for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of Lurency E. Peacock to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Atlanta Savings bank vs. Lurency E. Peacock, maker, and W. P. Manley, indorser.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the city of Atlanta, Ga., being part of block E in land lot No. 77 of the 14th district of originally Henry, then DeKalb, now Fulton, county, Georgia, and more particularly described as being on the north side of East Fair street 150 feet west from the corner of Capitol avenue, formerly McDonough street, and running thence north parallel with Capitol avenue 100 feet, more or less, to an alley, thence west along said alley 41 feet, more or less, to the lot mortgaged by said Milledge to Mitchell Harrison, thence in a southeasterly and southerly direction along the line of the lot mortgaged to Mitchell Harrison 100 feet, more or less, to Trinity avenue; thence southeasterly along Trinity avenue to the junction of Trinity avenue and Fair street; thence east along the north side of East Fair street 68 feet, more or less, to beginning point, being part of the property conveyed by G. B. Haygood to Fanny C. Milledge by deed recorded in book M, page 511, and willed to said John Milledge by Fannie C. Milledge by will in book C, page 84. Deed having been filed and recorded in clerk's office for purpose of levy and sale as required by law. Levied on as the property of Mary G. Milledge, administratrix of John Milledge, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Scottish American Mortgage Company, limited, vs. said Mary G. Milledge, admx.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, towit: All that tract or parcel of land and premises situate, lying and being in the city of Atlanta and being a part of land lot No. 108 of the 14th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, and being known as lots 127 and 128 of the John H. James subdivision of what was known as the Swift race track, and said lots lie between Culver and Henry streets; lot 128 commences 189 feet from Ella street and runs northerly along Culver street 90 feet, thence back westerly same width 200 feet to Henry street; lot No. 127 adjoins lot 128 on the north and fronts on said Culver street 103 feet and extends back same width to Henry street, conveyed to G. B. Strickler by mortgage dated 14th day of October, 1893, for security of note. Levied on as the property of Mrs. Emma J. Culver and Walter A. Culver to satisfy a mortgage fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Cyrus W. Strickler vs. said Emma J. Culver and Walter A. Culver.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, towit: Lying and being in the 17th district of Fulton county, and part of land lot No. 110, commencing at the southeast corner of E. H. Thornton's land, on Peachtree road, thence west one thousand three hundred and thirty-three (1,333) feet to A. L. Collier's land, thence a little east of south four hundred (400) feet, thence a little south of east two hundred (200) feet, more or less, to the right-of-way of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railroad Company, thence east one thousand (1,000) feet, more or less, along said right-of-way to Peachtree road, thence north along Peachtree road two hundred and fifty-one (251) feet to the beginning point, and containing ten (10) acres, more or less. Levied on as the property of Mrs. C. A Black to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from city court of Atlanta in favor of Mrs. A. D Payne vs. said Mrs. C. A. Black.

Also, at the same time and place, the following described property, towit: All that tract or parcel of land in the city of Atlanta, being part of land lot No. 47, of the 14th district of Fulton county Georgia, commencing at a point on the west side of the Boulevard, at the north east corner of Peter F. Clark's lot, thence west along Clark's lot 137 feet, thence north 70 feet, thence east 135 feet, more or less, to the Boulevard, thence south along the west side of the Boulevard 70 feet to the beginning point. Levied on as the property of John Carey to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton superior court in favor of Samuel D. Rambo vs. said John Carey and R. E. Watson.

April 6, 1900. JNO. W. NELMS, Sheriff.

apr7 14 21 28 sat

Gurney Refrigerators at cost. King Hardware Co.

G. W. ADAIR. - - - AUCTIONEERS.

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—By virtue of an order of the court of ordinary of said county, granted at the June term, 1898, will be sold on the premises for lots No. 1 and No. 2 of real estate and for all the balance, before the courthouse door, on the first Tuesday in May next, within the legal hours of sale, the following property of the estate of Charles Beerman, deceased, to-wit:

REAL ESTATE.

1. One lot and house situated on the west side of Whitehall street, in Atlanta, in land lot No. 85 of the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, known as 375 of said street, fronting 60 feet on said street, running back 186 feet, more or less, to the right of way of the Macon and Western railroad.

2. One vacant lot in land lot No. 85 of the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, situated on Whitehall street, in Atlanta, fronting on Whitenall street 59 feet, more or less, running back along the south side of preceding lot No. 375 to the right of way of the Macon and Western railroad 180 feet, more or less.

3. One-fourth interest in a vacant lot in land lot No. 46 of the fourteenth district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, known as lot No. 10 of the subdivision of Albert Campbell property, fronting 50 feet on east side of Hilliard street and running back 130 feet.

4. One-half interest in a lot of wild land situated, lying and being in land lot No. 177 of the tenth district of Habersham county, being the land conveyed by W. M. Scott to Charles Beerman and L. DeGive the 14th day of September, 1881, recorded in Habersham county October 15, 1881, in book CC, folio 512, comprising 160 acres.

5. One-half interest in a tract of land situated in the 17th district of originally Henry, now Fulton county, part of land lot No. 215, containing 42½ acres, more or less, beginning on the northwest corner of land lot No. 215, and running thence south on original land lot line 2,150 feet, more or less, to Theodore Birney's corner, thence east along said Birney's line 801 feet, more or less, to the corner of 36 acres bought of R. A. Randall by H. S. Cave; thence north parallel to the original north and south line 2,150 feet, more or less, to the original north line of land lot No. 215; thence on said land lot line 801 feet, more or less, to beginning corner. The other half interest in said 42½ acres being the property of said H. S. Cave as per deed recorded in book W3, 676, the 9th day of April, 1891.

STOCKS.

1. 450 shares of Atlanta Brewing and Ice Company, of $100 each.
2. 100 shares of Atlanta Savings bank, of $100 each.
3. 52 shares of Fourth National bank of Atlanta, of $100 each.
4. 13 shares of American Trust and Banking Company of Atlanta, of $100 each.
5. 27 shares of Gate City National bank of Atlanta, in liquidation, originally of $100 each.
6. 5 shares preferred Piedmont exposition stock, of $100 each.
7. 2 shares of common stock Piedmont exposition, of $100 each.
8. ½ share of same.
9. 4 shares Germania Loan and Banking Company of Atlanta, of $100 each.
10. 1 share of Little Tyrol Land Company of Atlanta, of $100.

Also one buggy and harness.

All the above lands and stocks will be sold before the courthouse door at 11 a. m., except the house and lot and vacant lot on Whitehall street, which will be sold on the premises at 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

Terms—On stocks, cash; on real estate, one-third cash, balance in 6 and 12 months, with 7 per cent interest.

Sold for the payment of debts and for the purpose of distribution.

L. DeGIVE, Executor of Will of Charles Beerman, Deceased. 4-7 14 21 28

EXECUTOR'S SALE.

As executor under the will of Er Lawshe, deceased, I shall on the first Tuesday in May, 1900, sell the following described property, known as the "Lawshe Home Place," at the courthouse door, in Fulton county, within the legal hours of sale, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land being a portion of land lot 78, in the 14th district of Fulton county, the same fronting 100 feet on the west side of Peachtree street and running back west same width 180 feet to a 10-foot alley, and bounded on the south by the property of Hunter P. Cooper and on the north by property of estate of N. J. Hammond, deceased. A strip on the north 5 feet in width forms a part of the Hammond-Lawshe alley, which is 10 feet wide; said 5-foot strip to be left open as a part of the Hammond-Lawshe alley, except that the alley may be closed by mutual consent of the parties owning same. Terms, $15,000 cash, balance six and twelve months, 6 per cent interest.

H. C. LEONARD, Executor.

4-7-4t sat

SPECIAL NOTICES

Notice is hereby given that the annual teachers' examination for applicants, both white and colored, for positions in the public schools of Atlanta has been postponed from the 5th to the 12th day of May, second Saturday. Examination will be held in Boys' High school building, commencing at 9 o'clock. By order of the board of education.

W. F. SLATON, Superintendent.

sat sun tues thurs

THE WEATHER.

Washington, April 27.—Forecast for Saturday and Sunday: Georgia, North and South Carolina and Eastern Florida—Fair Saturday; showers Sunday; fresh northeasterly winds.

Virginia—Partly cloudy Saturday; probably showers Sunday; fresh northerly winds.

Western Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Eastern Texas—Showers Saturday and Sunday; brisk to high southeasterly winds.

Western Texas—Showers Saturday; fair and cooler Sunday; northwesterly winds.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair in eastern; showers in western portion Saturday. Sunday showers, with cooler in western portion; easterly winds.

Local Report for Yesterday.

Mean temperature	70
Normal temperature	66
Highest temperature	81
Lowest temperature	60
Rainfall in 24 hours	.02
Excess of rainfall since January 1st	4.25

Reports from Other Stations.

STATIONS	Temperature.	Highest Temperature.	Rainfall in past 12 hours.
Abilene, rain	56	74	1.98
Augusta, partly cloudy	76	84	.00
Buffalo, clear	40	58	.00
Charleston, partly cloudy	70	84	.74
Charlotte, clear	74	80	.00
Chattanooga, cloudy	72	80	T
Chicago, clear	56	62	.00
Cincinnati, clear	68	74	.00
Corpus Christi, cloudy	76	78	.01
Detroit, clear	60	70	.00
Dodge City, cloudy	60	64	T
Galveston, rain	72	72	1.28
Huron, cloudy	72	78	.00
Jacksonville, clear	72	84	.00
Kansas City, clear	76	80	.06
Knoxville, clear	74	80	.00
Memphis, clear	78	82	.00
Mobile, clear	72	80	.00
Montgomery partly cloudy	80	84	.00
New Orleans, cloudy	72	80	.00
New York, cloudy	52	60	.00
Norfolk, clear	66	74	.00
North Platte, cloudy	60	62	T
Omaha, cloudy	70	78	.02
Palestine, rain	66	74	.56
Raleigh, clear	72	78	.00
Rapid City, cloudy	62	72	.06
St. Louis, partly cloudy	74	78	.00
St. Paul, partly cloudy	76	78	.04
Savannah, partly cloudy	72	82	.01
Tampa, clear	72	84	.14
Vicksburg, cloudy	76	82	.00
Wilmington, clear	66	80	T

T indicates trace of rain or snow.

J. B. MARBURY, Local Forecast Official.

For Gravel use STUART'S GIN and BUCHU.

C. H. SWIFT,
AGENT.
UNDERTAKER,
31 S. Pryor. Telephone 240.

DO NOT THROW AWAY

Your burned out Electric Incandescent Lamps. All that is necessary to make them as good as new is to put in a new filament and to clean the glass and base thoroughly. The renewing of burned out lamps is no longer an experiment.

We will exchange our very superior NEW LAMP for burned out lamps if you prefer them.

Write us for full particulars of our several offers.

LYNN INCANDESCENT LAMP CO.,
LYNN, MASS.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For the State Senate.

I am a candidate for the state senate from this, the thirty-fifth district, subject to the democratic primary of May 15th. CLARK HOWELL.

House of Representatives.

I have served the people of this county one term in the legislature and am a candidate for re-election before the primary to be held on May 15th. MORRIS BRANDON.

I am a candidate for the house of representatives from Fulton county, subject to the democratic primary of May 15th. C. C. HOUSTON.

I hereby announce myself a candiate for the house of representatives from Fulton county, subject to the primary called for May 15th. PORTER KING.

I respectfully announce my candidacy for re-election to the house of representatives from Fulton county, subject to the democratic primary called for May 15th. JOHN M. SLATON.

For Sheriff.

For Sheriff: Amos Fox. Deputies, M. N. Blount, Dan Perkerson, A. W. Hill, J. J. Barnes, John B. Jett, Sid Holland, B. F. Burdette. Subject to democratic primary, May 15, 1900. Register now. Time is out May 5th.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for sheriff of Fulton county, subject to democratic primary of May 15, 1900.

Deputies—A. J. Shropshire, L. P. Thomas, Josh Tye, J. J. Fain, N. A. Chastain, J. M. Goldsmith, W. C. Tolbert, W. C. Maddox, J. T. Jones. JOHN W. NELMS.

For County Commissioner.

I respectfully announce myself a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the primary on May 15th. S. B. TURMAN.

I am a candidate for re-election for commissioner roads and revenues Fulton county. Primary May 15, 1900. E. B. ROSSER.

I hereby announce as a candidate for commissioner of roads and revenues for Fulton county, subject to primary on May 15th. H. E. W. PALMER.

For Ordinary.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of ordinary of Fulton county, subject to the primary to be ordered by the democratic executive committee. W. H. HULSEY. tf

I hereby announce my candidacy for ordinary of Fulton county subject to the democratic primary. JOHN R. WILKINSON.

For Judge City Criminal Court.

I am a candidate for judge of the city criminal court of Atlanta. A. E. CALHOUN.

I am a candidate for the judgeship of the criminal court, (known as second division of the city court), subject to democratic primary. WM. J. ALBERT.

For Solicitor Criminal Court.

I am a candidate to succeed myself as solicitor of the criminal court of Atlanta, subject to the democratic primary. My assistant is John Corrigan. EUGENE R. BLACK.

I hereby announce my candidacy for solicitor of the criminal court of Atlanta, subject to the democratic primary. HUBERT L. CULBERSON.

Tax Collector.

I announce myself as a candidate for tax collector of this county, subject to the democratic primary, May 15th. A. P. STEWART.

For Tax Receiver.

I announce myself as candidate for tax receiver of Fulton county, subject to primary. Will have associated with me Major J. S. Dozier. J. H. HARWELL.

For Mayor.

I am a candidate for mayor, subject to primary. I. S. MITCHELL.

I am candidate for mayor, subject to primary October 5th. FRANK P. RICE.

For Mayor—D. N. McCULLOUGH.

Lumber, Laths, Shingles, Mouldings, Fence Posts, Flooring, Ceiling, Weatherboards, Sash, Doors and Blinds. Prompt delivery; lowest market prices.

South Georgia Lumber Company,
O. STEWART, Proprietor.
'Phone 532—Yard and Office 62 West Hunter St., Corner Madison Ave.